ANDOVER NEWS

Published Weekly by
THE NEWS PRINTING HOUSE
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Entered as second-class mail matter, under Act of Congress, at the Postoffice at ndover, New York.

Our Keynote:
"If There Is Not a Way, Cut a Way"

ANDOVER, N. Y. ---- NOV. 5, 1942

Subscription Rates:
One year $2.00 - Six months $1.00 - Three months 50c

Small Items and Scrap

THE average American is inclined to overlook the contribution that he, or she, can make to the effort to save metal for the war effort. This attitude is understandable, but it is very important that every man, woman and child take positive action to salvage critical metal and to avoid its use whenever possible.

Along this line, Charles L. Sheldon, chief of the Containers Branch of the WPB, says that if every American family will eliminate the purchase of one can of food every week, the practice would make available almost 190,000 tons of steel, over 2,600 tons of tin, and about 77,000 tons of rubber annually.

This steel would construct 5,000 medium tanks, or 38 Liberty ships. The tin would meet the needs of 360 75-MM Howitzers and the rubber would be enough for 2,000 jeeps.

Another example of the effect of small savings, when practiced by millions of Americans, comes from Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, who is Director of the Mint. She points out that a lack of copper caused the mint in September to produce only 59,000,000 one-cent pieces, about half the production level of the summer months.

She then observes that if every American family returned to circulation ten of the pennies now "hoarded" away in children's banks, old purses and stored-away summer suits, America would have 1,000 more tons of copper for munitions.

There are still a great many small articles made of copper, brass, bronze, etc., lying around the houses of Andover people, which if brought down town in a shopping bag and dropped into one of the receptacles on Main street would help in a small way in this effort.

And many tons of steel and iron are still lying about the farms of this section which has not been reported in to the Andover Fire Department or to others that must be picked up and sorted before the winter snows obliterates all trace of them. Get in the scrap, big or small articles all weigh up!

Why Live Longer?

NEW knowledge in the field of nutrition, according to specialists, can increase the average life span seven years, and, in addition, ward off disease and senility.

This will be good news to persons who are yearning for long life and anxious to remain on the globe as long as possible. All that is necessary is to understand the nature of foods and the needs of the normal human body and govern your appetite accordingly.

The question arises, however, why measure life by length of years? Some citizens live longer in three years than their neighbors in ten and others accomplish as much in two years as their competitors in 12. These year's of one's life are valuable, it is true, but we might as well begin to make full use of those that we enjoy. In so doing we will, very probably, assure ourselves of others that we might not otherwise have.

Wisdom comes to individuals in broken doses; few human beings have much of it.

A workman should be worthy of his hire but his hire should be worthy of his work.

Many Still Unaware How to Treat Flag

THE following is taken from the New York State Legionnaire and answers many questions regarding display and treatment of the American flag. President Roosevelt on June 22 signed The American Legion-sponsored House Joint Resolution 303, known as the Flag Bill, which codifies and emphasizes existing rules and customs pertaining to the display and use of the flag of the United States.

The measure is intended to establish a code of the flag etiquette for such civilians or civilian groups or organizations as may not be required to conform with regulations promulgated by one or more executive departments of the United States. The measure has eight sections.

The flag is to be displayed only from sunrise to sunset on buildings and on stationary flagstaffs in the open. However, the flag may be displayed at night upon special occasions when it is desired to produce a patriotic effect.

The flag should not be displayed when the weather is inclement.

The flag should be displayed on all days when the weather permits, especially on New Year's Day, Inauguration Day, January 20; Lincoln's Birthday, Washington's Birthday, Army Day, Easter Sunday, Mother's Day, Memorial Day, Flag Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Constitution Day, Columbus Day, Armistice Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

The flag when carried in a procession with another flag or flags, should be either on the marching right, or, if there is a line of other flags, in front of the center of that line.

The flag should not be displayed on a float in a parade, except from a staff, or flat.

The flag should not be draped over the hood, top, sides or back of a vehicle or of a railroad train or a boat. When the flag is displayed on a motor car, the staff shall be fixed firmly to the chassis or clamped to the radiator cap.

When used on a speaker's platform, the flag, if displayed flat, should be displayed above and behind the speaker.

The flag should never be used as drapery of any sort whatsoever, festooned, drawn back, nor up, in folds, but always allowed to fall free. It should never be used as a covering for a ceiling. It should never have placed upon it, nor on part of it, nor attached to it any mark, insignia, letter, word, figure, design, picture or drawing of any nature. It should never be used for advertising purposes in any manner whatsoever.

The measure provided further that when the national anthem is played and the flag is not displayed, all present should stand and face toward the music. Those in uniform should salute at the first note of the anthem, retaining this position until the last note. All others should stand at attention, men removing the headdress. When the flag is displayed, the salute to the flag should be given.

The pledge of allegiance to the flag: "I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all," should be rendered by standing with the right hand over the heart; extending the right hand, palm upward, toward the flag at the words "to the flag" and holding this position until the end, when the hand drops to the side. However, civilians will always show full respect to the flag when the pledge is given by merely standing at attention, men removing the headdress. Persons in uniform shall render the military salute.

The Japanese are beginning to feel the pinch of American power; later on, they will get the full impact where it will hurt the most.

Americans who are hoarding foodstuffs are not assisting the country in its war effort.

Personally, we are quite certain that we are not able to afford the income tax that we will have to pay in 1943.

A Week of the War

War Production Chairman Nelson reported over all munitions production in September was 7 per cent above August, with airplanes up 10 per cent, ordnance up 7 per cent, Navy and Army vessels up 22 per cent, and merchant ships up 10 per cent.

The report stated that the WPB index of munitions production increased 24 points in September to 381 — four times the production rate at the time of Pearl Harbor. The Treasury paid out $5,500 million for war purposes, an increase of $300 million over August. This amounted to 40 per cent of all payments made in the United States for goods and services during the month.

Mr. Nelson's report said four-engined bombers rolled off assembly lines very nearly on schedule. The output of heavy aircraft showed a marked increase over August, with the output of light, trainer-type planes held below August. Some new plants which came into production recently made a much better than anticipated showing. Propeller production continued a major problem, although enough propellers have been made thus far to fly all planes.

While merchant ship production was 10 per cent above August, actual tonnage delivered was 34 per cent above August — 1,009,000 deadweight tons compared with 753,000 in August. This was 12 per cent above first of the month forecasts and approached closely the total production of merchant shipyards last year. During the month, major combat vessels were launched, the report stated. Deliveries of major vessels were greater than forecast, but deliveries of other types were behind expectations.

Army

The Army Specialists Corps, which had inducted approximately 1,300 men, was abolished, the War Department announced, and all future commissions directly from civil life will be given in the Specialists Reserve until the men commissioned have completed a course of military training. Then they will be commissioned in appropriate grades in the Army. Members of the Corps already in the Service will be tendered commissions in the Army of the United States, if qualified.

The change was made, the War Department said, because it was found inadvisable "in the interest of efficiency, uniformity of operations, discipline and the avoidance of duplication of effort" to have two uniformed services. Applications now on file for the Specialist Corps will "continue to be available for consideration for appointments in the Army of the United States," the Department said. Under the new rules no person under 35, without previous commissioned service, will be appointed unless he has been classified 4-F for physical disability. No person without previuos commission service who is between 34 and 45 will be accepted if his classification is 1-A or 2. Exceptions will be made to these rules only where there is "critical need" for the applicant's services.

War Secretaray Stimson reported the Alcan highway is now open to trucks carrying munitions and materials to troops in Alaska for its entire length of 1,671 miles. Formal opening will probably take place November 15, he said. Mr. Stimson said the furlough period of two weeks given newly inducted soldiers will be reduced to one week. Approximately 3,400 tons of mail, including more than 1,000,000 Christmas parcels, were sent to U. S. armed forces overseas during the first 25 days of October.

The War Front

Army Chief of Staff Marshall, in a letter to Commander in Chief King of the U. S. Fleet, said the "skillful seamanship" of the Navy has already escorted 800,000 soldiers safely "across the submarines-infested waters of the Atlantic and Pacific."

The Navy reported November 1 that two enemy aircraft carriers, two battleships and three cruisers were damaged and 100 airplanes destroyed in a great sea and air battle 250 miles northeast of Guadalcanal. Navy Secretry Knox said the Japanese fleet units have retired from the scene in the Salomons and the "first round" of that battle is over. In the battle the U. S. lost an unidentified aircraft carrier and the destroyer Porter. Following this battle U. S. naval units shelled enemy positions on Guadalcanal. On the ground U. S. Marines and soldiers repulsed all Japanese attempts to dent their positions around Henderson airfield Gen. MacArthur headquarters in Australia reports November 2 that fresh bombing raids on Jap bases at Buin and Faisi were believed to have sunk or damaged seven more enemy surface ships.

Labor Supply

President Roosevelt told his press conference that a compulsory registration for American women to determine their availability for war work is being considered. While no compulsory drafting of women for war industry is contemplated, he said, there is a need for information which a compulsory registration could produce. Such a registration would require legislation which probably could not be completed until the end of the year.

Labor Secretary Perkins reported 4,500,000 new workers must come into the labor market before the end of 1943 and an additional 3,000,000 by the end of 1944. War Manpower Commission Chairman McNutt said that about 500,000 workers will be released to war industries when nationwide gasoline rationing becomes effective November 22.

Stabilization of Wages.

The War Labor Board began to set up administrative machinery to regulate all wages and salaries under $5,000 a year. The Board will delegate to local Wage-Hour Administration officers the power to decide whether employers are exempt under the provisions permitting individual raises for merit, length of service or increased productivity. The Board will establish 10 regional offices whose directors will meet in Washington with WLB officials to work out details for handling applications. The Treasury Department, which will control salaries not under WLB jurisdiction, established a Salary Stabilization Unit and announced that seven regional offices of the Unit will be open soon.

Stabilization of Farm Prices

The Argicultural Department estimated net farm income for 1942, including Government payments, at nearly $9,800 million, about $1,000 million above the previous record in 1919, and set 1943 income at approximately $10,500 million. Total agricultural production is nearly 12 per cent greater than the record set in 1941, and 40 per cent greater than in 1918. Military and Lend-Lease buying of food next year is expected to take one-fifth of current production.

WMC Chairman McNutt said all "necessary" workers on the nation's dairy livestock and poultry farms will be frozen in their present occupations. Local draft boards will be asked to defer such workers, all other employers will be instructed to refrain from hiring them, and the Agriculture Department will act toward stabilizing their wages, he said.

Rationing

Agriculturre Secretary Wickard ordered 144 types of new farm machinery and equipment, excluding repair parts, frozen as of November 1 in the hands of dealers, distributors and manufacturers pending formal rationing. The Agriculture Department and its State War Boards will establish State and county quotas. WPB delegated to the Office of Price Administration the authority to ration milk cans and farm fencing. The UPO will redelagate this authority to the Agriculture Department. Sugar rations for Army and Navy personnel on furlough will be one-half pound per week, instead of on the basis of the value of the current sugar ration coupon. The first coffee ration will be obtained beginning November 28 by surrendering the last coupon, No. 28, in the sugar ration book, and subsequent rations will be given on coupons taken in sequence toward the center of the book.

Well —

Rufus: "I know a man who can grab Joe Louis right under the chin, stretch him out and make him like it."

Goofus: "Aw, come off. Who is it?"

Rufus: "His barber."

Put Him In His Place

"Thomas, what is the matter with your brother?" asked the mother of the boys.

"He's crying because I'm eating my cake and won't give him any."

"Is his own cake finished?" asked the mother.

"Yes, and he cried while I was eating that too."

Dried Beans Are Delicious

By KATHARINE FISHER and DOROTHY B. MARSH
Authors of The Good Housekeeping Cook Book

THERE'S no end to the appetite appeal you can put into hearty soups and main dishes made with dried beans, peas, lentils and other legumes, if you will remember this: Give special attention to the seasoning of these dishes to step up their bland flavor. Balance their heartiness by the color, texture, and tang of a crisp salad served with them. Combine them in one dish with or serve them with such meats as hamburger, canned pork and ham loaf, frankfurters, sausage, liver, cheese, etc.

These vegetables have the added virtue of being an inexpensive and valuable source of protein needed in a nutritious diet, although they cannot entirely take the place in our daily meals of the higher quality proteins found in meat, eggs, fish, cheese, poultry, and milk. But today each meal that uses legumes for its main dish helps increase the supply of meat and other protein foods needed by our armed forces and for shipment to our allies abroad.

Try these recipes on your family:

Baked Bean Special
(Page 412)

6 tbsp. minced green pepper
2 c. sliced, peeled onions
4 tbsp. salad oil
3 peeled, medium tomatoes, sliced
2 No. 2 cans drained, canned baked kidney beans (reserve liquor)
½ tsp. salt
2 tsp. brown sugar

Sauté green pepper and onions in salad oil in a skillet until tender. Arrange with beans and sliced tomatoes in alternate layers in a 1½ qt. casserole, sprinkling each layer with some of the salt and brown sugar. Sprinkle 3 tbsp. of drained bean liquor over beans. Bake, covered, in a moderately hot oven of 400° F. for 30 min. Uncover; bake 5 min. longer. Serves 6.

Serve with salad bowl of cabbage, raisins and canned pineapple, cornsticks and tea for luncheon.

Split Pea Soup
(Page 150)

1½ c. dried split peas
8 c. cold water
1 sliced, medium onion
2 tbsp. fat
1 ham bone or small shank end of ham
½ tsp. celery salt
1 tsp. salt
¼ tsp. pepper
2 tbsp. flour
2 c. bottled milk or 1 c. evaporated milk and 1 c. water

Soak dried peas overnight in 2 c. of the cold water. Drain. Sauté the onion until tender in 1 tbsp. of the fat or fat cut from the bone. Add ham bone, drained peas, celery salt, salt, pepper, and the remaining 6 c. cold water. Cover, bring to a boil, and then simmer gently for 3 hrs. Remove ham bone and all surface fat. Make a thin white sauce by adding the flour to the remaining 1 tbsp. of fat in the top of a double boiler. Add the milk and cook, stirring constantly until smooth, and occasionally for 10 min. longer. Combine with the soup, heat well, and serve. Serves 6-8.

Serve with tomato and lettuce sandwiches, gingerbread, pears and milk for luncheon.

Acid Indigestion
Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back
When excess stomach acid causes painful, suffocating gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe alkaline medications. But Bell-ans Stomach Tablets, No laxative, Bell-ans brings comfort in a jiffy or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 25c at all druggists.

PLENTY MORE IN THE BARREL

LOCAL BOYS IN U. S. SERVICE

This list of Andover's soldier boys will appear in the News from time to time in an effort to keep it complete and up to date. Any changes or omissions that are noted please report to the News office:

Fireman 1st Class Henry Antan
P. F. C. H. Bruce Baker
Corp. Howard Baker
Corp. Howard Brewster
Lt. Edward P. Brewster
Lt. Wilfred S. Brown
P.F.C. Clifford Bixby
Corp. Raymond Briggs
Pvt. Clyde Briggs
Corp. Clifford Burdick
Sergt. Francis E. Cable
A. C. John L. Cannon
Corp. Richard Coates
Capt. Edward Cannon
Sergt. Ernest Clark
Pvt. William A. Crosby
P. F. C. Elwin E. Clark
Pvt. Gerald Dolan
P. F. C. George Dean
A. C. Leo Fulkerson
Lt. James W. Fuller
Sgt. William Dougherty
Corp. Jason Hawks
Pvt. Alvin M. Hoover
Pvt. Jeane E. Greenan
Pvt. Lester LaVern Greene
Pvt. Fordyce E. Hall
P. F. C. Gerald Hyland
Sgt. Lawrence R. Howland
Llwyn L. Howland, T. M. 2nd Cl.
Lt. John S. Herrick
Sergt. Donald J. Joyce
Sergt. Raymond Lynch
Pvt. Earl Matison
Pvt. Frank McKibben
Pvt. Lynn Matison
Pvt. Joseph McAndrew
Pvt. Floyd Neupert, Jr.
Pvt. Franklin Nye
Pvt. Joseph Monroe
*George E. Prue
Corp. Daniel Reisman
P. F. C. Edward S. Staebell
Sgt. Robert E. Scott
2nd Lt. Alan H. Tuttle
P. F. C. Kenneth Vars
Sergt. Victor Yannie
Corp. Emilio Yannie
Staff Sgt. Vincent Yannie
Pvt. Raymond Winchell
Pvt. William Weed
Pvt. Irving E. Whitsell
P. F. C. Walter Gath
Pvt. Robert O'Boyle
Pvt. Frederick Halsey
Pvt. Everett Briggs
Pvt. Burrel H. Cole
Pvt. Howard L. Gath
Pvt. Herman R. Ingraham
Pvt. Harold C. Church
A. C. Donald E. Hardy
Pvt. Arnold LeBar
A. C. W. Paul Alderson
Pvt. Leo Baker
Pvt. George R. Joyce
Pvt. Leslie W. Brundage
Lieut. E. Claire Greene
Sergt. William Martin
A. C. John W. Saunders
Pvt. Charles R Burgett
Pvt. Albert T. House
Pvt. Paul L. Jackson
Pvt. Elwin L. Gayhart
Pvt. Fred W. VanCuren
Pvt. Robert Perry
Pvt. Donald DeRemer
Pvt. Allen Harvey
Pvt. Donald J. Lynch
Capt. Howard J. Leahy
St. Sgt. Leslie Sherwood
Pvt. William L. Dugan
Roland Shaff, Sea. 2C
William S. Wahl, Sea. 2C
Pvt. Kenneth Gath
Pvt. Michael V. Gavin
Pvt. John J. Regan
Pvt. Clifford E. Perry
Pvt. Daniel J. Mullen, Jr.
Pvt. Stanley W. Sherwood
Pvt. John A. Connor
Pvt. Donald M. Lewis
Pvt. Wilbur C. Lehman
Pvt. John Howland
Quintin West, Sea. 2C
Pvt. Kenneth Gath
Lt. J. Robert Common
(*—Navy rank not known.)

Flotsam: "How can I make anti-freeze?"

Jetsam: "Hide her woolen pajamas."

Mix Lemon Juice AT HOME TO RELIEVE RHEUMATIC PAINS
Money Back—If This Recipe Fails
Good news travels fast—many of the thousands of folks who now take lemon juice for rheumatic pain—have found that by adding two tablespoonfuls of Allenru to one tablespoonful of Lemon Juice in a glass of water, they get faster relief for the aches and pains caused by rheumatism, lumbago.
It's no surprise either, for Allenru is a 15 year old formula to relieve rheumatic aches and pains. In fact—it if does not help you money back. What could be fairer? Get Allenru today at any live druggist. Only 85 cents—Do it Now.

To relieve Misery of COLDS
666 Liquid - Tablets Salve - Nose Drops Cough Drops
Try "Rub-My-Tism," a Wonderful Liniment

Louisa's Letter

Dear Louisa:

My husband and I have been living together 20 years and always got on well together. We had a business where we and the children helped. About a year ago a woman came to this town and he started running around with her and her friends. They drank a lot and went on wild parties. The children and I tried to carry on the business the best we could. Then he wanted a divorce, so there we were out in the cold. One of the children is just beginning school and I will have to try and find a job to support her as her father has stopped sending her any money altho he promised to do so. I don't know what to do as I am needed at home and am not prepared for any good paying job. Can my husband be made to support the children?

Worried Mother—Ala.

Answer:

I am not familiar with the laws of Alabama, but I do know that in most states, when the man has acted as your husband has, he is required to not only support the children but his wife as well. If he fails to do this, he can be called into court where he has the choice of supporting his family or going to jail.

I know you hate to do this to him but there is no reason for your children to suffer while he throws his money away on wild women. If he has to pay so dearly for his fun, perhaps he will quiet down a bit.

Good luck. LOUISA

Dear Louisa:

I am a young married woman with two small children and I do all of my own work. I haven't had any time to help with Red Cross work and I feel like a real slacker. Is there anything I can do with two children on my hands all of the time? My husband and I are buying our quota of bonds.

Anxious—Tenn.

Answer:

Your first job is to take care of your home and small children properly. If you can find the time after doing this, to knit or take out garments to sew at home, you will be doing a good patriotic job.

All of us wish to do our part but the young mothers who have no capable help should leave the outside jobs, such as Motor Corps and Control Centers to women who are not so badly needed at home.

Of course, if two of you mothers would take time about caring for all the children, once a week, that would give each of you a free day to work on surgical dressings.

Have you gathered up all your scrap and turned in your left-over fats? This is a distinct help to your government, so don't neglect to do these things. LOUISA

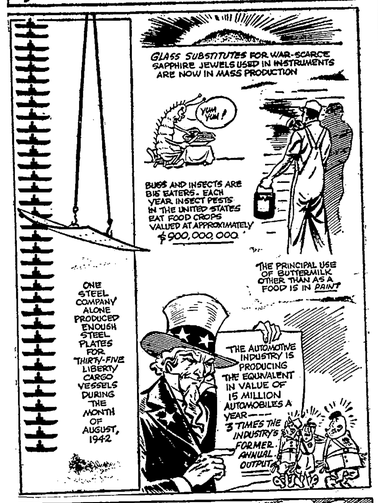
Mistaken

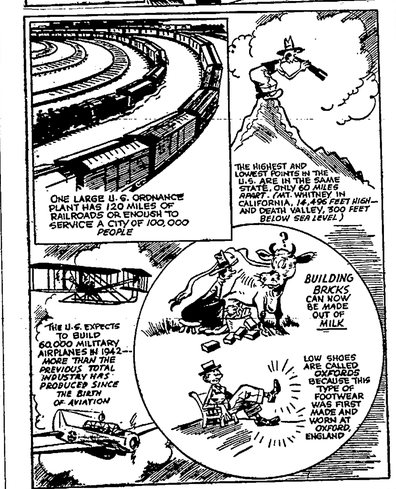
Leatherneck: "Who's that dizzy looking girl in the blue dress?"

Sailor: "You mean my sister?"

Leatherneck: "No! the other one, the one in the red dress."

THE POCKETBOOK of KNOWLEDGE





Farmers Are Urged to Save Baled Hay Ties

Belmont, N. Y., October 21. — In view of an inevitable war-time decrease in the supply of bale ties in 1943, farmers are urged to begin individual wire conservation programs in order to meet as many of next year's needs as possible according to Herbert L. Hodnett, Chairman of Alleg. County War Board.

Although 125,000 tons of baling wire — an unusually high tonnage, was the manufacturing goal set for this year, U. S. Department of Agriculture officials pointed to an almost certain drop-off next year. Baling wire manufacturers, running at full capacity up to August 1, this year were directed to decrease their production 25% beginning on that date.

In view of the reduced supply of bale ties, Mr. Hodnett urged farmers to buy only their immediate needs at the present time. Buying future supplies now is a form of hoarding which means other farmers will have to go without, he said. He suggested that dealers also make a practice of not selling more ties than were needed immediately.

Mr. Hodnett urged farmers to plan on re-using bale ties. If out near the tie, straightened, and placed where they will not rust, such ties can be used next year on a slightly smaller bale. He said otherwise much hay will go un-baled. Military needs require iron and steel usually available for bale-tie manufacture.

Mr. Hodnett pointed out that several states are well along in their baling wire conservation campaigns. Farmers in various sections of the Nation and some of the State colleges have developed practical home-made devices for straightening ties.

"Even if you will not re-use the ties yourself, save them for somebody else. The nation needs them," Mr. Hodnett said.

Less Honey Than Earlier Promise

The Fall honey crop is reported lower than the late August predictions of 20 per cent below last year, due to the cold wet weather hampering the activities of the bees.

The Canadian honey crop is placed at 28 per cent below the 1941 crop.

Getting Up Nights Makes Many Feel Old
Do you feel older than you are or suffer from Getting Up Nights, Backache, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Rheumatic Pains, Burning, scanty or frequent passages? If so, remember that your Kidneys are vital to your health and that these symptoms may be due to non-organic and non-systemic Kidney and Bladder troubles—in such cases CYSTEX (a physician's prescription) usually gives prompt and joyous relief by helping the Kidneys flush out poisonous excess acids and wastes. You have everything to gain and nothing to lose in trying Cystex. An iron-clad guarantee wrapped around each package assures refund of your money on return of empty package unless fully satisfied. Don't risk chance on any Kidney medicine that is not guaranteed. Don't delay, Get Cystex (Sliss-tecks) from your druggist today. Only 35c. The guarantee protects you.
Cystex Helps Flush Kidneys

Christmas Seals Arrive

Christmas Seals, which citizens of Allegany county will get on Nov. 28, have been received at the offices of the Allegany Health and Tuberculosis Association, Belmont. Volunteer workers have been folding the seals in preparation for the mailing date.

The annual Christmas seal sale is the main support of the association. According to Rev. M. H. Sangree, president of the Allegany Health and Tuberculosis Association, $5,100 must be realized from the seal sale if the expanded program of the association for the coming year is to be carried out.

This year's Christmas seal was designed by Dale Nichols, one of America's outstanding artists, whose paintings of red barns have long been famous. The Seal pictures a snowy country scene with the typical Nichols' red barn and white farmhouse in the background. The foreground shows a horse-drawn sleigh on a curved, drift-lined road.

WHO KNOWS?

1—Who is the Director of Economic Stabilization?

2—Has war affected the production of chewing gum?

3—What is the "most popular" restaurant order?

4—When did American labor split into CIO and A. F. of L. factions?

5—Who wrote "She stoops to Conquer?"

6—What is the world's largest island?

7—What is the meaning of "reductio ad absurdum?"

8—Why do warring nations seek Portugal's wolframite?

9—What airfield, built by the Japs is used by the American planes?

10—Who is called (a) the Desert Fox; (b) the Blitz-grinder?

(See "The Answers" on another page.)

HOW, WHAT AND WHY?

Specist to the Andover News

The Andover News has arranged with the Office of Information of the New York State Colleges of Agriculture and Home Economics to answer questions about problems of farm and home. If you enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope and mention the name of this paper you will receive a direct reply to your query from the colleges. Do not ask more than one question in one letter or on one postcard. Ask as many questions as you like, but make each one a separate communication.

No Silage to Swine

Mr. F. G. D. asks: "Can I use corn silage to advantage in working out a feeding system for my hogs?"

Professor John P. Willman answers: "Corn silage is not a good hog feed, as growing and fattening pigs do best if fed more highly concentrated feeds. The hogs could sort the grain out of the silage, but for hog feed it would be better to let the corn ripen or even to feed it as soft corn on the ear.

"If silage were fed to any hogs, brood sows in the breeding herd would make the best use of it. Even the brood sows would waste much of the silage. A better feeding plan would be feeding the soft corn ears and with them sun-cured alfalfa or clover hay."

Destroy Sowbugs

Mrs. J. C. J. questions: "Can you please tell me what these insects are (specimens enclosed) and how I can get rid of them. They crawl out on all floors, walls and ceilings of my two-story cottage near the ocean, and lay great masses of eggs. They do not seem to be destructive, but are unsightly. I have tried to kill them with sodium fluoride, without success."

Professor R. W. Leiby replies: "The animals you describe are sowbugs. You can poison them with a bait made of Paris green mixed with 20 times its weight of sugar, or with 20 parts of corn-meal. Place the bait where you are sure the insects can reach it. You can get the Paris green from a store, or perhaps from a potato grower nearby. As it is poisonous to humans and to animals, do not leave it where children or animals can reach it."

A young subaltern joined a guards depot, his upper lip as yet unadorned with even the suspicion of down. The adjutant sent for him.

"You must grow a mustache."

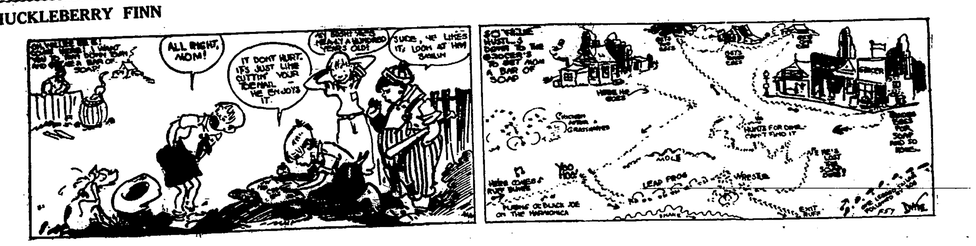
"Yes, sir."

"And not one of those Chaplin affairs—a proper mustache."

"Yes, sir."

The interview was finished, but the subaltern did not move, so the adjutant asked: "Well, what more do you want?"

"Any particular color, sir?"

IT NEVER FAILS

HUCKLEBERRY FINN