ANDOVER NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. HARVEY BACKUS & SON

OUR KEYNOTE:

"If There Is Not A Way, Cut A Way"

ANDOVER, N. Y. SEPTEMBER 26, 1930

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The Cost of Weather

WHILE the summer drought caused losses to farmers in many states that will amount to billions of dollars, the question is frequently asked under normal years: "What is the cost of the weather?"

It is an amazing, incredible fact that nobody knows or has ever attempted to find out. Everyone is agreed, however, that weather is an expensive item unless it runs true to form.

All humanity gains and loses by weather, every business, every industry, weather assets and weather liabilities are recognized but not gauged, except in an imperfect, fragmentary way. On both sides of the account the figures are large—but we do not know how large. Here are a few suggestive examples of weather costs:

Some years ago the International Institute of Agriculture gathered statistics of hail losses in certain countries. These indicated that hail costs the world on an average of about $200,000,000 a year. Later figures seem to show that this was an underestimate. The United States department of agriculture has recently stated that ten leading agricultural crops in this country alone suffer by hail to the tune of $47,500,000 in the average year. Yet hail is a minor item among weather visitations.

The success of the American crop has been found to be vitally dependent upon getting the right amount of rain in the month of July. It has been computed that a deficiency of half an inch during that month—not a drought, but merely a somewhat subnormal supply of moisture—reduces the value of the crop in four states of the corn belt by $150,000,000. This figure has been a subject of controversy. It may be too high, but it is certainly correct at least as to the "order of magnitude."

Your Morning Exercise

RADIO owners, who tune in the first thing of mornings, are greeted with the salutation asking them to join in the morning exercises. These setting up exercises are carried on in nearly every large studio, and the physical culture classes on the air are proving a big thing, according to studio managers.

The sleepy heads are awakened with the ringing of chimes and the "air gym" class is put thru its paces any time between 6:30 and 8 o'clock every morning.

Statisticians have estimated that over a million radio fans are doing their "dizily dozen" each day in accordance with the instructions of one station alone.

A number of stations have taken up the innovation. The general rule is to "pep up" the early risers with snappy jazz music before the instructions are issued and the orchestra plays popular airs between class periods.

Thousands who first tuned in just to hear the music and valuable advice now join in the exercises, which enables them to start the day full of vim, vigor and health.

With one broadcaster, it is more than merely a stunt in the annals of broadcasting; it is a serious effort to raise the standard of health among life insurance policy holders.

Brain power and physical power go hand in hand. Pep for the business man and the indoors worker can be coined into dollars. Energy and enthusiasm at work are the best insurance against failure.

If the radio gym classes educate people to take better care of their bodies, surely a valuable service will be performed.

On Being Punctual

IT WAS Oscar Wilde who described one of his characters as "always late on principle, his principle being that punctuality is the thief of time."

It is the type of jest which many a literary person has launched against the disciples of Samuel Smiles, who held that if punctuality was the politeness of kings it was also the "necessity of men of business." But if punctuality be a base commercial virtue, what can the literary jesters make of a man who was so fond of being late that he even ordered his funeral to be behind the promised time—and who yet compiled a fortune as a London draper?

The facts are given among the news of recent wills; the fortune is there specified, and at the end of the will was the instruction: "As I have always had the reputation of being late for my appointments, my joy will still be to be late at my funeral—and hope my friends will enjoy the joke. Make me ten minutes late."

This is a case where the business world seems to have carried the war into the enemy's camp with rare determination—no merely literary person has ever contrived a jest against punctuality of greater levity than this. To be punctiliously late for one's own funeral seems to be the last triumps of procrastination; only a ghost which missed the chimes of midnight and then dawdled on after cock crow could improve on this gesture of contempt for time tables.

But the testator failed to achieve this triumph, for his will was not opened until after the funeral, when the instruction was discovered and his interment had taken place on time.

Speeding Education

CHANGING social customs in the United States constantly results from the invention and introduction of more scientific machinery. The increase of 25 per cent. in the number of students in junior colleges has been pointed to as an indication of the desire of young people to equip themselves to meet the highly competitive social and industrial conditions that obtain throut the Nation.

Strangely enough the total enrollments in colleges in the United States have shown a decrease in recent years and this indicates that college students are stopping short of obtaining "higher education," and are content to obtain specialized scientific knowledge that they can turn into quick dollars in business, or in a professional way.

Doctor William John Cooper, Commissioner of Education of the United States, believes that new customs and machinery production are crowding out the traditions of education.

Evidently humanity is in a hurry to obtain its education, just as it is in a hurry to do everything else in life.

All those who walk, it is predicted, will become automobile owners some day—if they don't become angels first.

Armistice Day Thrills Re-enacted For Filmplay

"The World War has ended." How many recall that terse message flashed around the world on November 11, 1918? On the joy and gaiety that marked the celebration of the Armistice?

Memories of the great war and of the celebration that climaxed the end of armed hostilities are realistically revived in "Three Live Ghosts," United Artists' all-talking comedy-drama, coming to the Auditorium Friday and Saturday, Sept. 26-27.

Stark realism marks the war scenes in "no man's land," showing the men "going over the top," the roar of cannon and the whine of machine gun bullets piercing the air the joyous and colorful Armistice celebration in London, when the multitudes flooded the narrow streets and laughted and were happy for the first time in four years.

More than 4,000 men, women and children are seen in the London Armistice celebration, while one thousand ex-service men are shown in armed combat in the war scenes.

Collector's Notice for the Collection of School Taxes

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned collector of School District No. 1, town of Andover, County of Allegany, have received the tax list and warrant for the collection of school taxes in and for said district, town of Andover, N. Y., County of Allegany and that I will receive voluntary payments thereon at 1% at Burdick's Drug Store for 30 days from the date thereof.

Dated September 26, 1930.

ROBERT BRUNDAGE, Collector.

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666

Relieves a Headache or neuralgia in 30 minutes, checks a Cold the first day, and checks Malaria in three days

666 also in Tablets

JAM Pride of Pineapple

Reduced 10c

It's so delicious as a spread on Fresh Bread or in Sandwich form—try a big tasty jar of Sultana today!

43-oz. JAR 39c

Quality Guaranteed

BUY THEM FOR THE KIDDIES

REUNINGS VIENNA BAKERY

Bakers of Good Bread Since 1890

Reunings QUALITY COOKIES

Cocoa, 2 lb. can — 19c
IONA—Reduced 6c

Tea, ½ lb. pkg. — 19c
Our Own Blend, reduced 6c

Pie Filler, 2 pkgs. — 19c
Good Luck—Cream or Lemon

N. B. C., lb. — 19c
Champion Flake Butters

Vinegar btl. — 7c
A & P Cider, reduced 5c

— A & P —

Peanut Butter
2 8-oz. jars — 25c
lb. jar 21c

Kirkman's
SOAP, 10 bars — 58c
CHIPS, 2 boxes — 41c

Rinso
2 large boxes — 45c

A & P Sweet or Golden Bantam
CORN, dozen $1.75
No. 2 can

A & P

WHERE ECONOMY RULES

(PERSONAL)

Men in your own locality, keep the A & P store nearest you in touch with the A & P system. The food on its shelves is there because you have asked for it. A & P is made up of many such stores, just as the United States is made up of many communities like your own.

BUTTER
Tub or Roll
lb. 44c

FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES

Bananas, 4 lbs.	25c
Celery	10c
Lettuce, 2 for	15c
Egg Plant	25c
Carrots, lb.	4c
Apples, lb.	5c
Tomatoes, basket	45c
Cabbage, head	3c
Onions, 50-lb. bag	99c
Grapes, pound	5c
Peppers, 3 for	10c
Hot Peppers, dozen	15c
Sweet Potatoes, 6 pounds	25c
Turnips, pound	3c

—In All Stores Served By Buffalo Warehouse This Week—

The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.

STRAIGHT AND TO THE POINT

I'M FULLY COVERED BY AUTO INSURANCE!

So AM I

ARE YOU?

For Lowest Premiums See

W. L. SADLER

Madison St.

Wellsville, New York

Quality Printing at the News Printing House.

L. & C., COAT, SUIT & DRESS CO., Inc., Hornell, N. Y.

3 DAYS ONLY

Thursday -- Friday -- Saturday

Choose from our entire new stock of Fall and Winter apparel at great savings.

THIS SALE FOR THREE DAYS ONLY

Deduct $2 to $35 on Coats, - Dresses, - Suits

Deduct the following from regular prices on tickets:

$2.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS COAT OR SUIT PRICED $10.50 to $13.50 You save $2.00

$3.50 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS OR SUIT PRICED $16.50 to $19.50 You save $3.50

$5.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS, COAT or SUIT Priced $25.00 to $29.50 You save $5.00

$7.50 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS, COAT or SUIT Priced $35.00 to $39.50 You save $7.50

$10.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS, COAT or SUIT Priced $45.00 to $59.50 You save $10.00

$12.50 DEDUCT FROM ANY DRESS, COAT or SUIT Priced $65.00 to $75.00 You save $12.50

$15.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY COAT OR SUIT PRICED $79.50 to $89.50 You save $15.00

$20.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY COAT OR SUIT PRICED REGULARLY $98.00 to $135 You save $20.00

$25.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY COAT OR SUIT PRICED REGULARLY $145 to $175 You save $25.00

$35.00 DEDUCT FROM ANY COAT PRICED FROM $185.00 to $189.50 You save $35.00

L. & C. COAT, SUIT & DRESS CO., Inc.

102 MAIN ST. "THE WOMEN'S SHOP OF HORNELL" HORNELL, N. Y.

PHILLIPS MILK OF MAGNESIA

For Trouble due to Hyperacidity, Indigestion, Acid Stomach, Sour Stomach, Headache, Gases, Nausea

Reduce the Acid

SICK stomachs, sour stomachs and indigestion usually mean excess acid. The stomach nerves are over-stimulated.

Too much acid makes the stomach and intestines sour. Alkali kills acid instantly. The best form is Phillips Milk of Magnesia, because one harmless dose neutralizes many times its volume in acid. For 50 years the standard with physicians everywhere.

Take a spoonful in water and your unhappy condition will probably end in five minutes. Then you will always know what to do. Crude and harsh methods will never appeal to you. Go prove this for your own sake. It may be one's great comfort and blessing.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians in correct dosage.

Hens that Fail to Produce

...more than 175 eggs a year are cutting down your flock profits. Just as many culls result from poor feeding as poor breeding. That's why money invested in the right kind of feed pays big dividends. Most users of Bull Brand vitamized poultry feed show a flock average of 200 eggs and better. Why be satisfied with less yourself? We guarantee B-B to be more productive per dollar of feed cost, or return your money on the spot.

MARITIME MILLING CO., INC., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BULL BRAND GUARANTEED FEEDS

Sold and Recommended by

FRANK F. BROWN

ANDOVER, N. Y.

Explanation—Matter in italics is never meant or is brackets is to be left out. Capitals are to be printed.

STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ALBANY, July 9, 1930.

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section twenty-eight of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed Constitutional amendments are to be voted upon by the electors of the State of New York at the General Election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, nineteen hundred and thirty, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution of the State of New York, and of the Election Law, to be known and designated as Proposed Amendments Numbers one to twelve, inclusive, to the Constitution of the State of New York, which are to be voted on for or against each other at the said general election to be held on the fourth day of November, nineteen hundred and thirty.

FRANK P. ZIMMERMAN,
Secretary of State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Six of Article One of the Constitution in Relation to Grand Jury and Bill of Rights.

Section 1. Resolved, That article one of the Constitution be hereby amended by adding thereto at the end thereof a new section to be section twenty, to read as follows:

§ 6. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime *felony* (except in cases of impeachment, and in cases of militia when in actual service, and in cases of naval forces in time of war, or other military forces in time of war, or which this state may keep with the consent of congress in time of peace, and in cases of petit larceny, under the regulation of the legislature), unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury or upon information preferred by the district attorney without the intervention of a grand jury, in the *event the party accused waives prosecution by indictment and the district attorney shall so certify* and be informed of the charge to be preferred, by law, [and in] no any trial in any court whatever shall any witness be compelled to give evidence against himself; nor be deprived of his liberty or property, but by due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Article One of the Constitution, by Adding a New Section Twenty-one and Fifteen on Article Eight of the Constitution, Relative to Changing the Names of the State Department of Commerce and the State Department of Labor, to Conform to Their New Designations as Provided in the Civil Rights Law, and Eliminating Reference to the State Commission of Lunacy, Now Abolished.

Section 1. Resolved, That section one of article five of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. There shall be the following civil departments in the state government: First, commerce; second, audit and control; third, taxation and finance; fourth, law; fifth, state; sixth, public works; seventh, architecture; eighth, conservation; ninth, agriculture and markets; tenth, labor; eleventh, education; twelfth, health; thirteenth, mental hygiene; fourteenth, [charities] *social welfare*; fifteenth, correction; sixteenth, public service; seventeenth, banks; eighteenth, insurance; nineteenth, civil service; twentieth, military and naval affairs.

§ 2. Resolved, That sections eleven, fourteen and fifteen of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 11. The legislature shall provide for a state board of [charities] *social welfare*, which shall have the care and supervision of institutions, whether state, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, except institutions for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, the feeble minded defectives. There shall be a state commissioner of correction, and a state board of correction, which shall have the head of the department of correction shall be the chairman, [of institutions and the detention of sane adults charged with or convicted of crime, or detained as witnesses or debtors.

§ 14. Nothing in this constitution contained shall prevent the legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, the feeble minded defectives, as to it may seem proper; or prevent any county, city, town or village from providing for the care, support, maintenance and secular education, of inmates of orphan asylums, [and dependent children or correctional institutions, whether such institutions be incorporated or not. Payments by counties, cities, towns and villages to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory institutions, wholly or partly within the state, for the care, support and maintenance, may be authorized, but shall not be required by the legislature. But no such payments shall be made for any inmate of such institutions who is not received and committed thereto pursuant to rules established by the state board of charities; *welfare*. Such rules shall be subject to the control of the legislature by general law.

§ 15. Commissioners of the state board of charities [and commissioners of the state commission in lunacy], now holding office, shall be continued in office *as members of the state board of social welfare* for the term for which they were appointed, respectively, unless the legislature shall otherwise provide. The legislature may confer upon the [commissions] *board* mentioned in the foregoing sections, additional powers that are not inconsistent with the provisions of the constitution.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing Amendments to Section Two of Article Five and Section Twenty-one and Fifteen on Article Eight of the Constitution, Relative to Changing the Names of the State Department of Commerce and the State Department of Labor, to Conform to Their New Designations as Provided in the Civil Rights Law, and Eliminating Reference to the State Commission of Lunacy, Now Abolished.

Section 1. Resolved, That section two of article five of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. There shall be the following civil departments in the state government: First, commerce; second, audit and control; third, taxation and finance; fourth, law; fifth, state; sixth, public works; seventh, architecture; eighth, conservation; ninth, agriculture and markets; tenth, labor; eleventh, education; twelfth, health; thirteenth, mental hygiene; fourteenth, [charities] *social welfare*; fifteenth, correction; sixteenth, public service; seventeenth, banks; eighteenth, insurance; nineteenth, civil service; twentieth, military and naval affairs.

§ 2. Resolved, That sections eleven, fourteen and fifteen of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 11. The legislature shall provide for a state board of [charities] *social welfare*, which shall have the care and supervision of institutions, whether state, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, except institutions for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, the feeble minded defectives. There shall be a state commissioner of correction, and a state board of correction, which shall have the head of the department of correction shall be the chairman, [of institutions and the detention of sane adults charged with or convicted of crime, or detained as witnesses or debtors.

§ 14. Nothing in this constitution contained shall prevent the legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, the feeble minded defectives, as to it may seem proper; or prevent any county, city, town or village from providing for the care, support, maintenance and secular education, of inmates of orphan asylums, [and dependent children or correctional institutions, whether such institutions be incorporated or not. Payments by counties, cities, towns and villages to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory institutions, wholly or partly within the state, for the care, support and maintenance, may be authorized, but shall not be required by the legislature. But no such payments shall be made for any inmate of such institutions who is not received and committed thereto pursuant to rules established by the state board of charities; *welfare*.

Such rules shall be subject to the control of the legislature by general law.

§ 15. Commissioners of the state board of charities [and commissioners of the state commission in lunacy], now holding office, shall be continued in office *as members of the state board of social welfare* for the term for which they were appointed, respectively, unless the legislature shall otherwise provide. The legislature may confer upon the [commissions] *board* mentioned in the foregoing sections, additional powers that are not inconsistent with the provisions of the constitution.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing Amendments to Section Two of Article Three of the Constitution, in Relation to Making the Legislature Ineligible to Receive Appointments to Certain Offices, Which Have Been Created, or Shall Have Been Taken and Returned Into, or Shall Be Taken and Returned Into, the Treasury, Or Shall Have Been Taken and Returned Into, or Shall Be Taken and Returned Into, the Treasury of any Fund to Which Any Appropriation Shall Have Been Made During the Term for Which Such Member Was Elected, and Providing for Such Ineligibility of Members of the Legislature Who Shall Have Been Elected Prior to the Expiration of Such Term, and Providing for Such Ineligibility of Such Members Who Shall Have Been Appointed to Such Offices Prior to Such Time.

Section 1. Resolved, That section two of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. [No] *A member of the legislature* [shall] may receive any civil appointment within this state, [or the senate of the United States,] from the governor, the governor and senate, or from the legislature, or from any city government, during the time for which he shall have been elected and one year thereafter. *Nor shall any member be appointed to any civil office of profit created or the emoluments of which shall have been increased while he was a member of the legislature.* [and] *Such appointments and all votes given for any such office or emolument shall be void.*

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Twenty-seven of Article Three of the Constitution, in Relation to Local Laws.

§ 27. The legislature shall, by general laws, confer upon the boards of supervisors, or other governing elective bodies, of the several counties of the state such further powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may deem expedient from time to time, deem expedient. In counties which now have or shall hereafter have county auditors or other fiscal officers, authorized to audit all accounts, charges, claims or other demands against the county, the legislature may confer such powers upon such auditors, or fiscal officers, as the legislature may, from time to time, deem expedient. *The boards of Westchester, the legislature may by separate enactment, or by adopting a supervisory form of government pursuant to section twenty-six of this article, may confer upon such boards the power to be elected by the electors of the county or appointed by the board of supervisors, a county auditor, who shall have such powers and perform such duties as the legislature shall direct, such powers and duties to include the assessment for taxation of property, whether ad valorem or specific, and the preparation of the assessment roll, and the levying of taxes, from time to time, deem expedient, subject to the provisions of this constitution to the contrary notwithstanding. Reservoirs in counties may, on the cases and to the extent directed by the legislature, be authorized to be taxed as improvements hereafter made by local officers or other agencies, to an amount not in excess of the value of taxable property for the purpose of taxation and assessment for any one year, and any tax district or other area or and for taxation or assessment for any one year.*

This section shall not be deemed to confer on the county of Nassau power to authorize county officers of Westchester county to determine the property to be assessed and the property which is taxable, which property is exempt from taxation, and other matters of a purely local character.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section One of Article Six of the Constitution, in Relation to the Erection from the Second Judicial District, Another Judicial District and the Number of Justices of the Supreme Court in Such Districts.

Section 1. Resolved, That section one of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 1. The supreme court is continued with general jurisdiction in law and equity, subject to such appellate jurisdiction of the court of appeals as now is or hereafter may be prescribed by law not inconsistent with this article. The existing judicial districts of the state are continued until changed as hereinafter provided. The supreme court shall consist of the justices now in office, and their successors, together with such additional justices as may be authorized by law. The successors of said justices shall be chosen by the electors of the respective judicial districts. The legislature may alter the judicial districts of the state as conditions of population or state enumeration, each district being bounded by county lines, and may apportion the justices to be thereafter elected in the districts so altered.

The legislature may from time to time increase the number of justices in any judicial district, except the number of justices in any district shall not be increased to exceed one justice for each sixty thousand, or fraction over thirty thousand, of the population thereof as shown by the last federal census or state enumeration. *The legislature may create a new judicial district of the second judicial district and apportion the justices in office between the districts, and provide for the election or appointment of justices in the new district not exceeding the limit herein provided.* Any justice provided in this article, may perform the duties of his office or hold court in any county.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Seven of Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to the Use of the Forest Preserve for Highway Purposes.

Section 1. Resolved, That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now or hereafter fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, nor be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway from Saranac Lake in Franklin county to Long Lake in Hamilton county and thence to Old Forge Lake and Raquette Lake, and nothing shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway in Essex county from Wilmington to the top of Whiteface mountain. *After January first, nineteen hundred and thirty-two, any other section or amendment of this article notwithstanding, no other state highway shall be constructed or located within the Forest preserve or the construction or widening of state highways shall be confined to the existing forest preserve or the construction within the forest preserve of existing roads and highways or new highways shall be confined to the boundaries of the state.*

The legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for storing water for supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned as the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide, for a charge, upon the property and municipalities benefited, sufficient water to return to the state upon the value of the rights granted, a reasonable rate of interest on the cost of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of years not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions may be created or continued by any such public works. A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Seven of Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to the Use of the Forest Preserve for Reservoir Purposes.

Section 1. Resolved, That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway from Saranac Lake in Franklin county to Long Lake in Hamilton county and thence to Old Forge Lake and Raquette lake, and nothing shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway in Essex county from Wilmington to the top of Whiteface mountain. *After January first, nineteen hundred and thirty-two, any other section or amendment of this article notwithstanding, no other state highway shall be constructed or located within the Forest preserve or the construction or widening of state highways shall be confined to the existing forest preserve or the construction within the forest preserve of existing roads and highways or new highways shall be confined to the boundaries of the state.*

The legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for storing water for supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned as the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide, for a charge, upon the property and municipalities benefited, sufficient water to return to the state upon the value of the rights granted, a reasonable rate of interest on the cost of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of years not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions may be created or continued by any such public works. A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TEN
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Seven of Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to Forest Preserve Purposes.

Section 1. Resolved, That section seven of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, or be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway from Saranac Lake in Franklin county to Long Lake in Hamilton county and thence to Old Forge Lake and Raquette lake, and nothing shall prevent the state from constructing a state highway in Essex county from Wilmington to the top of Whiteface mountain. *After January first, nineteen hundred and thirty-two, any other section or amendment of this article notwithstanding, no other state highway shall be constructed or located within the Forest preserve or the construction or widening of state highways shall be confined to the existing forest preserve or the construction within the forest preserve of existing roads and highways or new highways shall be confined to the boundaries of the state.*

The legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of such lands for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for storing water for supply, for the canals of the state and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the state, but such work shall not be undertaken until after the boundaries and high flow lines thereof shall have been accurately surveyed and fixed, and after public notice, hearing and determination that such lands are required for such public use. The expense of any such improvements shall be apportioned as the public and private property and municipalities benefited to the extent of the benefits received. Any such reservoir shall always be operated by the state and the legislature shall provide, for a charge, upon the property and municipalities benefited, sufficient water to return to the state upon the value of the rights granted, a reasonable rate of interest on the cost of the state rendered, which shall be fixed for terms of years not exceeding ten years and be readjustable at the end of any term. Unsanitary conditions may be created or continued by any such public works. A violation of any of the provisions of this section may be restrained at the suit of the people or, with the consent of the supreme court in appellate division, on notice to the attorney-general at the suit of any citizen.

AMENDMENT NUMBER ELEVEN
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Article Seven of the Constitution, in Relation to the Forest Preserve to Permit the Construction and Representation of Land, the Management of Forests Thereon, and the Establishment of Forest Tree Nurseries.

Section 1. Resolved, That article seven of the constitution be amended by adding at the end thereof a new section, to be section sixteen, to read as follows:

§ 16. The legislature in each of the eleven calendar years immediately following the adoption of this amendment shall appropriate out of the moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated moneys in addition to the sum of $1,000,000 outside the Adirondack and Catskill parks, so now fixed by the constitution, for reforestation, for the reforesting of the same and for the acquisition of land for forest tree nurseries, and for the establishment of such nurseries, such appropriations to be made in the first year with the sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000) and increasing annually by the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) to and including the sixth year, and each of the five years immediately following, a sum equal to the appropriation of the sixth year. All such appropriations to be available until expended. A law enacted pursuant to this section shall take effect without submission to the people.

The lands of the state, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest preserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands. They shall not be leased, sold or exchanged, nor be taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed or destroyed. Nothing contained in this section nor in the prohibitions of section seven of this article shall prevent the state from cutting, selling or removing the trees, timber, forest products and other materials on any lands now owned or hereafter acquired with the moneys herein authorized within the forest preserve counties but outside of the Adirondack and Catskill parks as now fixed or hereafter extended by law.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWELVE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

Proposing an Amendment to Section Ten of Article Eight of the Constitution, in Relation to Municipal Indebtedness by the City of New York.

Section 1. Resolved, That section of article eight of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 10. Counties, cities and towns not to give or lend money or credit; limitation of indebtedness. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property or loan its money or credit to or to aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the care and support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county, city, town or village shall be allowed to incur indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount, including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as shall now exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount in the aggregate exceeding the amount which shall remain after deducting from such indebtedness all sinking fund moneys applicable to the payment of such indebtedness. The indebtedness of any city which shall hereafter be created by the city of New York shall be contracted in the manner provided in the charter of said city for the purpose of acquiring the land therefor and for the construction of such rapid transit railroads, or for the extension of any railroad owned by the city of New York, or for the acquisition or construction of any railroad or railroads, or for the extension of any railroad or railroads owned by the city of New York, which shall be owned by the city of New York and be operated by the board of rapid transit railroad commissioners of said city, or by such other municipal corporation as may be hereafter created for the purpose of operating such railroads, or any of them, and for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness shall be assessed upon the property in the district of said city to be benefited by such railroads, or any of them, and such debt shall be contracted in such proportion as the legislature shall prescribe. The legislature may prescribe a different jurisdiction or the appellate division of the supreme court in the first judicial department shall have power to determine the amount of such debt to be so included. By the creation of a city valid at the time of its inception shall thereafter become invalid by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this section. Whenever the boundaries of any city are the same as those of a county, or when any city shall include more than one county, or when one county, the power of any county wholly included within such city to incur indebtedness shall cease, but the debt of the county, hereinbefore existing, shall not, for the purpose of this section, be reckoned as a part of the city debt. The amount hereafter to be raised by tax for county or city purposes, in any county contained in a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, or any such city of this state, in addition to providing for the principal and interest of existing debt, shall not in the aggregate exceeding in any one year two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real and personal estate of such county or city, to be ascertained as prescribed in this section in respect to county indebtedness.

Bayer Aspirin is like an old friend, tried and true. There is no satisfactory substitute for either one. Genuine Bayer Aspirin is the accepted antidote for pain. Its relief may always be relied on for an occasional headache, to head-off a cold, or for more serious pain from neuralgia, neuritis and rheumatism. Bayer Aspirin bears the word "genuine" in red, and the name Bayer, on the box.

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RELIEF FROM CURSE OF CONSTIPATION

A Battle Creek physician says: "Constipation is responsible for more misery than any other cause." But immediate relief has been found. A tablet called Rexall Orderlies has been discovered. This tablet attracts water from the system into the lazy, dry, evacuating bowel called the colon. The water loosens the dry food waste and causes a gentle, thorough natural movement without forming a habit or ever increasing the dose.

Stop suffering from constipation. Claw a Rexall Orderlies at this Next day bright. Get 24 at this today at the rexall drug store. J. D. Cheesman & Co.

GREENWOOD

Aged Lady in Poor Health

Mrs. Alice Streeter who has been confined to her bed for many months because of a broken hip, is in a serious condition. Dr. G. L. Preston of Canisteo is the attending physician.

Another Health Dinner

Mrs. F. D. Young was hostess at the health dinner served last Tuesday evening by Mr. Close of Andover. There were 16 guests present. Mrs. L. F. Thompson received the prize.

No Church Service

There will be no preaching service in the M. E. church Sunday morning, September 28th, because of the absence of the pastor, Sunday school will be held at the usual hour.

Attend Official Meeting

The local O. E. S. chapter was well represented at the Past Matron's meeting in Bath last Thursday. Those in attendance were: Mrs. Minnie Shaw, Mrs. W. L. Lippert, Mrs. Miner Streeter and Mrs. Ory Freeland.

Mrs. Elmer King and daughter, Bernice, of Purdy Creek were week-end guests of her sister, Mrs. F. E. Carney.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McAuliff, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holly and Miss Christine Holly of Ceres were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Holly.

Mrs. Duemmell and Harold Sims of Rochester spent the week-end with Mrs. Ida Sims.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Warriner and Mrs. Bertha Zeh called at the home of Meldon Whitcomb in Alfred Sunday.

Frank Lewis of Gold, Pa., and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Christman and two children of Wellsville called on Mrs. Minnie Knight Sunday.

Mrs. L. P. Thompson attended the funeral of Dale Bassett Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Karlen of Nunda were guests of Mrs. F. D. Young, Monday evening.

Mrs. Estella Plaisted is assisting in the store of C. L. Crittenden in Whitesville.

Rev. and Mrs. E. J. Cory left Tuesday for Kenmore to attend the annual conference of the M. E. church. It is expected that Rev. Cory will be returned to the Greenwood church.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Kellogg returned Thursday night from Hightstown and Montclair, N. J., Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Allison of Canisteo accompanied them on the trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Redmond of Alfred spent Wednesday night and Thursday in town.

Mrs. Fred D. Lerch and son, Donald, returned Friday from Elmira where they had been spending the week with relatives.

Mrs. L. F. Thompson spent Friday evening with Hornell friends.

Master Leo Williamson has been visiting his aunt, Miss Belle Bennett of Young Hickory.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Goodno and son, Redmond, Mrs. F. D. Young and Miss Grace Young spent from Friday until Sunday at Greenwood Lodge on Canandaigua Lake.

Mrs. W. P. Trowbridge and daughter of Elmira