... ENDORSEMENT.

Mr. Bryan Wants No Support From Illinois Democrats.

SO LONG AS SULLIVAN IS UPHELD

Explanation of His Recent Utterances on Government Ownership of Railroads—Would Confine Operations of Trusts to the States In Which They Are Incorporated.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—William J. Bryan, as the guest of local Democracy, delivered yesterday within eight hours two addresses. His first speech, which was made at a luncheon of the Iroquois club, dealt with political issues and economic questions.

The second, made at a banquet given in his honor at the Auditorium hotel by the Jefferson club and attended by 600 prominent Democrats of the Middle West, was devoted to National Committeeman Roger C. Sullivan of Illinois, whose resignation Mr. Bryan has demanded but who, despite this was indorsed by the recent state convention, which also declared itself in favor of Mr. Bryan as the next Democratic nominee for president.

Mr. Bryan not only scored Mr. Sullivan and his political methods unmercifully, but informed the Democrats present, many of whom were delegates to the recent state convention, that he would have none of the approval of the Democrats of Illinois and that he repudiated their recent indorsement of him.

He said in the course of his speech: "The question now is what can the Democracy of Illinois do to register its protest against the kind of politics for which Mr. Sullivan stands. That is the question in which I as a Democrat am interested, for the question which arises in Illinois will arise in all other states where the corporations attempt to obtain control of the party organization.

His Objection to Sullivan.

"What is the objection to Mr. Sullivan? He is a high official in a franchise holding corporation which is constantly seeking favors at the hand of the government. He is familiar with all the methods employed by such corporations to gain from local and state governments special favors and privileges.

"I hold that no man who is officially connected with a corporation that is seeking privileges ought to act as a member of a political organization because he cannot represent his corporation and the people at the same time. I insist that the fight should be commenced today to prevent his re-election to the national committee.

"And what I say of him, I say of aspirants for positions in the party organization in other states. If the Democratic party has not virtue enough to spew out those who traffic in politics for the advantage of the corporations to which they belong, it does not deserve victory nor can it hope for it.

"If you say that I have no right to interfere in the politics of this state, I reply that I am simply applying to Illinois a principle which I believe ought to be applied universally. I do not regard it as a compliment to be indorsed for the presidency by a convention which indorsed Mr. Sullivan. I told them in advance that I did not want an indorsement under such circumstances, and I repudiate it. If my name for any office depended upon that indorsement, I would not accept it."

Views on Government Ownership.

In his afternoon address Mr. Bryan said regarding his recent utterances in New York on government ownership of railways: "I stated what I thought with the expectation that everybody else would exercise the same freedom. I was led to my conclusions by the corruption of the people of the United States by the railroads.

"In my judgment we have had no more corrupting influence in American politics than the railroad. I have known conventions to be controlled by passes. I have known judges to be elected by railroads, and I have reached the conclusion that this corruption cannot be eliminated until these natural monopolies become the property of the government. I am opposed to centralization and therefore I prefer that we should have the local lines owned by the state governments and only the trunk lines owned by the federal government."

Mr. Bryan also in his afternoon speech advocated the election of United States senators by popular vote. His remarks under this head were loudly applauded. He said: "I think it is time to speak plainly in regard to the United States senate and in my humble judgment the reason why reform has been delayed for a decade or more is because predatory wealth has put its operating tools in the senate, and until this can be remedied and the senate brought into harmony with the voters of this country there is not much prospect of reform."

On the trust question, Mr. Bryan said: "To the extent that the president has gone I am glad; but he has not gone far enough, and he has not been able to take his party with him as far as he has gone."

The speaker declared at the outset that the only platform on which a successful fight could be made against the trusts was that a private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. A "good trust," he declared to be out of ... for the reason that ... by a private monopoly."

As a remedy for the "trust" problem, Mr. Bryan offered a plan for confining in the state that allowed its incorporation any trust that oppressed the people by allowing it to operate in no other state. It would then be in a position to eat up the state that gave it birth, he said, and that state would hereafter be careful not to be eaten a second time.

PROCTOR ELECTED GOVERNOR.

National Issues Did Not Figure to Any Extent.

Montpelier, Vt., Sept. 5.—Fletcher D. Proctor of Proctor, son of United States Senator Redfield Proctor, was elected governor of Vermont yesterday by a large majority. The Republican organization claimed that his plurality over Percival W. Clement of Rutland, the Independent and Democratic candidate, would exceed 15,000. The normal Republican plurality in Vermont is about 21,000.

Scattered returns received from the two congressional districts of the state indicate that Representative David J. Foster of Burlington, Republican, has been re-elected in the First district by large majority and that Representative Kittredge Haskins of Brattleboro, Rep., has been returned from the Second by the usual large vote.

Returns from 100 towns out of 246, show that the legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican. Last night it was known that 75 Republicans, 12 Democrats and 6 Independents were elected. The same towns gave a total of 15,615 for Proctor and 7,876 for Clement.

As the contest two years ago was a straight one between the two old parties no comparison can be claimed with the vote cast at that time.

Four years ago, when John J. McCullough, the regular Republican candidate for governor, was opposed by Clement, Independent Republican, and Felix W. McGettrick of St. Albans, Dem., the Republican vote in those towns was 11,951. That for Clement was 8,291, and McGettrick 2,545.

This comparison shows a gain for Proctor of 3,664, and a loss for Clement of 415.

Clement carried the city of Burlington by a plurality of 207, a falling off in his vote four years ago, and he carried Rutland, his home city, by 866 plurality. He also carried Montpelier 874 to 661.

National issues did not figure in the contest to any extent.

Mr. Hughes Home From Europe.

New York, Sept. 5.—Charles E. Hughes, who has been mentioned as a possible candidate for governor on the Republican ticket, arrived last night on the steamer Caronia from Liverpool and Queenstown. When seen at quarantine Mr. Hughes declined to discuss politics, saying that he did not know how matters stood and that he did not care to make any statement.

Preachers' Union Heads Parade.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 5. — Forty unions, with 2,000 men in line, took part in the Labor day parade. A feature of the celebration was that the preachers of the city, organized as a union, led the procession of the wage-earners.

The British admiralty has decided to encourage the use of cigarettes by seamen. It has been determined to issue a fine cut tobacco to the navy at the exceedingly low price of 1 shilling the pound, the fleetmen getting their tobacco, of course, free of duty. For years past there have been marked indications that the devotion to the pipe of the men of the new navy is decreasing and that they recognize the convenience of the cigarette, which provides a medium for smoking during short intervals of rest from duty.

Cleveland, O., will be a good place for young men to go for wives if Superintendent Elson's new high school course pans out all right. He proposes to teach his young ladies to sweep, to cook, to economize in household expenditures, to make their own clothes, to take care of babies and to nurse their husbands when they return home ill.

The Worcester (Mass.) Evening Post pertinently says that the common recurrence of the phrase "another good man gone wrong" when used in connection with scandalous abuses of public trust, suggests that the wording really ought to be, "another bad man found out."

War in Cuba puts the price of tobacco up. Whatever happens, the price of something goes up.

It is reported that there may be no more gatherings of the Grand Army in annual national reunion because of the growing decrepitude and infirmities of the boys in blue. Let's hope that they get together once a year as long as they live, even if they aren't able to march.

Now that coffee is declared adulterated, whisky impure and water alive with germs, there are thirty days ahead for all except the lucky owners of a homemade cider plant.

With M. Aladdin [illegible] in Russian affairs the world has a right to "expect wonders" in that quarter.

HOW IT IS DONE

The trade mark illustrated above—the miniature capitol which can now be seen in the windows of more than 2,000 drug stores—is an emblem of tremendous importance to smokers.

It means better cigars, in better condition and for *one-third to one-half less money* than it has ever been possible to purchase before.

It means that 2,000 druggists, the undersigned among them, have brought about a revolution in the cigar trade by combining their buying power.

It means that these 2,000 druggists, who as individuals were obliged to buy their cigars from the jobber a few boxes at a time, have now become a *National organization* which constitutes the greatest cigar outlet on earth.

It has its own brands, controls its own factories, commands absolutely the character and condition of every cigar it handles.

Its members own and control their own cigar business as heretofore—all the revolution has been wrought by the simple expedient of buying *together* instead of *separately*.

Go to any drug store that has the National emblem in its window, and ask for a

Black and White

Cigar (Perfecto or Bouquet size) 5 cents

and a good 3-for-a-quarter value! It will say more for the National Cigar Stands in a single whiff than we can say in this whole advertisement, and that is only one brand out of 30, produced exclusively by and for this organization, which will testify to the same effect.

Half the cost of the average cigar is added *between the factory and the retailer*. In brands owned and produced by this organization that unnecessary cost has been cut out. Here are a few of them:—

Cuba-Roma—Clear Havana; as good as was ever bought at 3 for 25c. - - 5c
College Days—Best domestic cigar ever sold at - - - 6 for 25c
Adad—A first-class domestic cigar, presenting superior workmanship - 7 for 25c
Stirling Castle—Fine, clear Havana cigar, 10c. quality - - - 6c
La Idalia—Choice clear Havana in many sizes at - - 3 for 25c and up

J. D. CHESSMAN, Andover

BASEBALL GAMES.

National League.

At Philadelphia— R.
Philadelphia .. 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 4 0— 6
Brooklyn ..... 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 2
Hits—Philadelphia, 9; Brooklyn, 6. Errors—Philadelphia, 1; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries — Lush and Donovan; Strickiett and Bergen.

At Pittsburg— R.
Pittsburg ..... 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 0— 5
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 1
Hits — Pittsburg, 11; St. Louis, 8. Errors—Pittsburg, 1; St. Louis, 1. Batteries — Hildebrand and Phelps; Thompson and Marshall.

At New York— R.
New York .... 0 0 0 4 0 3 3 1 0—11
Boston .... 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 2— 6
Hits—New York, 13; Boston, 12. Errors—New York, 3; Boston, 1. Batteries—McGinnity and Bresnahan; Young and Needham.

At Cincinnati— R.
Cincinnati .... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 1
Chicago ...... 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0— 3
Hits—Cincinnati, 4; Chicago, 8. Errors—Cincinnati, 1; Chicago, 2. Batteries—Ewing and Schlei; Overall and Kling.

American League.

At Boston— R.
Boston ...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
New York .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 1
Hits—Boston, 4; New York, 6. Errors—Boston, 1; New York, 2. Batteries — Glaze and Armbruster; Orth and McGuire.
First game—Boston, 0, 4, 2, Dinneen. New York, 7, 15, 1, Clarkson.

At Washington— R.
Washington ... 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 3
Philadelphia .. 1 0 0 0 0 4 4 1 0—10
Hits—Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 10. Errors—Washington, 1; Philadelphia, 5. Batteries—Smith and Warner; Bender and Schreck.

At Detroit— R.
Detroit ..... 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0— 3
St. Louis ... 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1— 4
Hits—Detroit, 9; St. Louis, 10. Errors—Detroit, 1; St. Louis, 2. Batteries—Siever and Schmidt; Powell and O'Connor.

Eastern League.

At Buffalo— R.
Buffalo ...... 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 3
Rochester ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2
Hits—Buffalo, 7; Rochester, 4. Errors—Buffalo, 4; Rochester, 1. Batteries — Currie and McManus; Walters and Steelman.

At Toronto— R.
Tor'to . 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 3
Mont. . 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1— 4
Hits—Toronto, 7; Montreal, 11. Errors—Toronto, 7; Montreal, 2. Pitchers—McCafferty and LeRoy.

At Baltimore— R.
Baltimore .... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0— 2
Jersey City ... 0 4 0 1 0 0 3 0 0— 8
Hits—Baltimore, 5; Jersey City, 12. Errors—Baltimore, 7; Jersey City, 2. Batteries—Ramsey and Hearne; Moran and Butler.

First game—Baltimore, 4, 9, 0, Adkins. Jersey City, 1, 11, 3, McCann.

At Providence— R.
Providence .... 1 0 0 2 2 0 1 0 2— 8
Newark ...... 2 0 2 1 4 1 2 2 2—16
Hits — Providence, 9; Newark, 19. Errors — Providence, 8; Newark, 6. Batteries—Fraser and Crist; Roy and Shea.
First game — Providence, 6, 11, 2, Poole. Newark, 4, 11, 2, Fertsch.

State League.

At Albany— R.
Albany .... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 *— 2
Troy .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
Hits—Albany, 7; Troy, 7. Errors—Albany, 2; Troy, 1. Batteries—Pinnance and Millerick; E. Donnelly and Spiesman.

At Binghamton— R.
Binghamton .. 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0— 1
A., J. & G..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1— 2
Hits—Binghamton, 5; A., J. & G., 11. Errors—Binghamton, 5; A., J. & G., 1. Batteries — Viau and Roach; Weller and Hurley.

At Syracuse— R.
Syracuse ..... 1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 *— 4
Utica .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
Hits—Syracuse, 7; Utica, 5. Errors—Syracuse, 1; Utica, 2. Batteries—Carter and Trainor; Slater and Stroh.

At Wilkes-Barre— R.
Wilkes-Barre .. 2 1 4 1 0 4 1 0 *—13
Scranton ..... 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 2— 6
Hits — Wilkes-Barre, 15; Scranton, 11. Errors—Wilkes-Barre, 3; Scranton, 3. Batteries—West and Doran; Kelley and Clarke.

The prospects of a bumper wheat crop this year lead to speculations as to what will follow—increased exportation and high prices or an overstocked market and low prices. It all depends upon the product in the great wheat countries of the world. If it is normal we'll eat the most of ours, but if it is short we will probably export heavily or pay advanced rates for what we eat. In any event, we need not go "begging our bread" at anybody's back door until the bag of 1906 is empty.

Stupid.

"I wish I was half as beautiful as Miss Brown," remarked the fair Edith to Mr. Green.

"Well, you are, you know," replied Green, thoughtlessly.

Then he wondered why she suddenly rose and left him.

Delicate Operation.

"Yaas," suddenly declared Cholly Brainless, "I'm going to work. I've made up my mind."

"You have?" exclaimed Miss Peppery. "My! What a delicate operation!"—Catholic Standard and Times.

TIME TABLE

ERIE RAILROAD

In Effect Dec. 5, 1905

At ANDOVER, NEW YORK

* Daily; † Ex. Sunday; ‡ Sunday.

* 9:30 a. m. for Elmira, Binghamton, and New York 7:07 p. m. [illegible]

† 9:12 a. m., stopping principal stations, ar. Cleveland 6:30 p. m., [illegible] a. m., Cincinnati [illegible] and Dunkirk except Sundays.

* 1:24 p. m. [illegible] principal stations.

* 12:19 p. m. [illegible] Dunkirk, ar. [illegible] m., Cincinnati [illegible] days for Bradford, Buffalo and Dunkirk.

* 4.54 p. m. [illegible] for principal [illegible] branch and Rochester.

* 7:17 p. m. [illegible] New York 6.17 [illegible]

* 6:25 p. m. [illegible] for Jamestown and Bradford.

Further information apply to [illegible] Ticket Agent, Erie Depot, or H. T. Jaeger, Gen Pass. Dept., [illegible] Buffalo, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elba Reynolds, Surrogate of the County of Allegany, State of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Mary Ann Donnelly, late of the town of Andover, Allegany County, N. Y., deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers to the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, at the law office of J. S. Phillips, Andover, N. Y., on or before Mar. 1, 1906.

Dated, Andover, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1906.

J. S. PHILLIPS, Attorney for Administrator, Andover, N. Y.

Love Plants of West Indies.

"Did you ever hear of the love plant?" asked a sea captain who was showing several visitors over his craft the other day. "I have several in the cabin."

He showed three small leaves attached to the ceiling by strings. They were without any soil or foundation, but were green, and from each there sprouted a dozen or more little leaves, greener and fresher than the main leaf itself.

"During our last cruise in the West Indies," the captain continued, "I visited a deserted English fortress, which was grown over with shrubbery. A native plucked several leaves from a vine and told me to hang them somewhere and write the name of my best girl on them. 'If they die,' he said, 'she does not love you. If they sprout, she does.' I got very curious to know, and put up the two daughters' names of the others. You see, although they have been without nourishment for three months, all three are sprouting well and my family's affection seem assured."—Philadelphia Record.

The Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad Co., Main Line.

Read Down Effective Dec. 17, 1905. Read Up

Stations: Hornell, Arkport, Burns, Hornell Jc., Canaseraga, Garwoods, Swains, Birdsall, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar, Olean, Eldred, Larabee, Smethport, Mt. Jewett, St. Marys, Shawmut, Brockville [times illegible]

Hornellsville and Wayland Branch.

Stations: Wayland, Perkinsville, Rogersville, Stony Brook Glen, Hornellsville Jc., Burns, Arkport, Hornellsville [times illegible]

All trains daily except Sunday.

Trains stop on signal or notice to Conductor.

JOS. T. ODELL, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

St. Marys, Pa.

N. Y. & P. R. R. CO.

Taking Effect [illegible]

[illegible]

... the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION AT GREENWOOD

The W. C. T. U. of Steuben county held their 23rd annual convention at the M. E. Church in Greenwood, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. A good attendance, good weather and good speaking were marked features of the occasion.

The following named officers were present and the delegates from the different towns of the county are given below:

Officers.

President, Mrs. Hart, Hornell
Vice Pres. Mrs. Edith Lee, Haskinsville.
Cor. Sec., Mrs. Roberts, Rochester.
Rec. Sec., Mrs. Plough, Hammondsport.
Treas., Mrs. Cottrell, N. Cohocton.
L. T. L., Mrs. Wagner, Cohocton.
Speaker, Mrs. Blaine, Washington, D. C.

Delegates.

Hornell Union, Mrs. Hart, Mrs. Dore Mrs. Sherwood, Mrs. Cadwell, Mrs. Goff, Mrs. Messick, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Ordway.

Canisteo Union, Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Laine, Mrs. Bertron, Mrs. Goff.

Haskinsville, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Bowen, Mrs. Pettys.

Cohocton, Mrs. Waite.

Lent Hill, Mrs. Caward.

N. Cohocton, and Atlanta, Mrs. Newfang Mrs. Stanton, Mrs. Cottrell.

Jasper, Mrs. Travis, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Hilborn, Mrs. Snyder, Mrs. Hilborn, Miss Sampson, Miss Prentice.

Painted Post, Mrs. White.

Corning, Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Wiles.

A well arranged program of exercises was carried out for each session and the earnestness of the workers bespeaks good results for the future of their cause.

PINE SALVE ACTS LIKE A POULTICE
RELIEVES ALL FORMS OF SKIN DISEASE

Notice to Creditors.

In pursuance of an order made by Hon. Elba Reynolds, Surrogate of Allegany County, N. Y., notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Augustus M. Burrows, late of the town of Andover, Allegany County, N. Y., deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers thereof to the undersigned, administrators of the estate of said deceased, at the Banking Office of the deceased, at the village of Andover, N. Y., on or before Sept. 10, 1906.

Dated, Andover, N. Y., March 7, 1906.

A. B. BURROWS, F. W. BURROWS, Administrators.

Notice to Creditors.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elba Reynolds, Surrogate of the County of Allegany, State of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Margaret McPeak, late of the town of Andover, Allegany County, N. Y., deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers thereof to the undersigned administrators of the estate of said deceased, at the law office of J. S. Phillips, Andover, N. Y., on or before October 7, 1906.

Dated, Andover, N. Y., April 4, 1906.

MARY J. BAXTER, MARGARET COOPER, Administrators

J. S. PHILLIPS, Attorney for Administrators, Andover, N. Y.

Notice to Creditors.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elba Reynolds, Surrogate of the County of Allegany, State of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Sarah M. [illegible], late of the town of Andover, Allegany County, N. Y., deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers to the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, at the law office of J. S. Phillips, Andover, N. Y., on or before October 7, 1906.

Dated, Andover, N. Y., April 4, 1906.

E. J. LOUGHLEN, Executor,

J. S. PHILLIPS, Attorney for Executor, Andover, N. Y.

... by the statement, "White cannot work on the isthmus and black can," and, though the quality of the work of the black is poor, it is manifestly unfair to the black to compare him with the white. Of the Jamaica negroes, who are in the majority among laborers employed, Mrs. Stanley has this to say:

"The Jamaica negro is a lazy fellow by nature, a big child who wants the best of everything and will only work for it just as much as he need and not a fraction more. In Jamaica he has but to take his machete, his universal working tool, and go into the jungle, and in twenty-four hours he can cut enough cane to build a house for himself and family. When he is hungry he plucks a few bananas, cocoanuts and yams, and, behold, he has his food and drink! Fuel he does not need, except for cooking, and that is soon collected in the neighborhood. And so he lives, himself, his wife and children—the wife doing most of the necessary work—in the lap of nature, relying upon her to supply his needs at a minimum expense of labor and fatigue, lacking the only real incentive which underlies human energy—namely, the necessity to provide for his daily wants by the toil of his hands and the sweat of his brow. If he emerges from this quasi-animal existence to earn a better living, then no man can do a better day's work, as all the white employers of negro labor in Jamaica avow, but as soon as he has secured as much as he requires he goes off work again."

We are familiar with this type of laborer in many parts of the United States, and his color is not always black. We are also familiar with the European and even Asiatic laborer, who works hard until he has "gained his pile," and then goes back to his native land. But he is generally some years gaining the sum desired, and, though we have quarreled with him for quitting the job at that stage, it seems that he is a decent fellow, after all, compared to the tropical black who can be enticed to Panama.

To quote further:

"It is with this negro that the American foreman chiefly has to deal, and one can but sympathize with him in the painful task of making him work. He does not hit him to that end—no personal violence is ever used—but he is apt to give him the rough edge of his tongue, and the spoiled British negro resents this and claims politeness in personal dealings with himself on the ground that he is a British subject. I spoke to some of the foremen about the negroes under them. One of them said: 'If you want to get work out of them you must just always keep the right side of them.' As long as I can sing with them and give them a certain amount of license to play the fool in the intervals of work they are right enough, but swear a word or two, and they'll at once refuse to do another stroke."

Mrs. Stanley is the wife of a British official and enjoyed peculiar facilities for getting light upon the canal work. Moreover, she has seen the Jamaica negro at home under white Jamaican foremen. The white American foreman, "standing hour after hour in a broiling sun, humoring Jamaica negroes," awakens her sympathy, and she suggests that foremen or overseers from the Jamaica plantations, who "can get the utmost possible work out" of the Jamaica negro, would get results in Panama. The methods of the Jamaica "boss" are not hinted at, but they would need to be the opposite of those employed by the traditional southern overseer as we find him depicted in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," or Uncle Sam wouldn't stand for them, canal or no canal.

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it *cures the cold.* That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street New York

... Jamaica, L. I., the body of an Italian was found. The body lay in a pool of blood, with the hands crossed upon the breast. An examination by the authorities who were summoned developed that the man had gaping stab wounds in the neck and the right breast. There was no sign of a weapon and no traces of a struggle.

The police decided, after a careful study, that the murder resembled in many respects the famous barrel murder mystery, and others that have followed it. In each of these cases, and in that of yesterday, the victim, after the murder, is carried from the scene of the crime and the body disposed of in some lonely spot. Each of the victims has been of Italian birth and death has been caused by stabbing.

"Black Hand murder" has been the verdict of the police and they have generally tried in vain to unravel the mystery surrounding the cases.

The victim of this last crime, like all the others, is unknown. The body is that of a man about 42 years old and apparently a laborer.

Castro In Grave Condition.

Willemstad, Curacao, Sept. 5.—President Castro is unable to see anybody, being still confined to his bed after 40 days of illness. Secrecy on the part of his physician and friends as to the ture nature of his disease alarms the public, and the belief is current that he has paralysis. Meanwhile his cabinet will continue in charge of affairs until General Gomez arrives at Caracas, awaiting the moment to assume the presidency, in case of an expected emergency.

Arrest of Real Estate Trust Officers.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—District Attorney Bell is authority for the statement that warrants were prepared last night for the arrest of William F. North, treasurer of the Real Estate Trust company; M. S. Collingwood, assistant treasurer, and Adolph Segal on charges of conspiring with Frank K. Hipple, the suicide president of the institution, to loot its treasury. Horace Hill, the aged auditor, will not be arrested. He is 75 years old and broken in health. The district attorney says he was a tool used by the looters.

Launch of a British Battleship.

London, Sept. 5.—The British battleship Lord Nelson, sister ship of the Agamemnon and second in size and armament to the Dreadnaught, was successfully launched at Yarrow-on-Tyne yesterday.

Weather Indications.

Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; light variable winds, mostly east.

A cold taken at this time of the year is generally hard to get rid of but it will not be able to withstand Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. That will cure all colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, etc., by driving them out through the bowels. If you have a cold, try it and if not cured get your money back. No opiates.

Sold by Central Drug Store.

Notice of Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

SURROGATE'S COURT COUNTY OF ALLEGANY.

In the matter of disposition of real estate to pay debts of EDGAR S. CATLIN, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE, that I, Mary C. Catlin, the undersigned Administrator, pursuant to a decree and order of sale, duly made by Hon. Elba Reynolds, Surrogate of Allegany County, July 20th, 1906, and entered and filed in the Surrogate's office of said County will sell to the highest bidder for cash at public auction on the 10th day of October, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the office of Jesse L. Grantier in the Baldwin Block, Main street, Town and Village of Wellsville, Allegany County, New York, the following described real estate, directed in said order to be sold to Wit:—

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in the Town of Wellsville, County of Allegany and State of New York, Great Lot No. 31, of Township Second and Range First of Morris Reserve, and on the Willing & Francis Tract, and described as follows: Beginning in the center of the road on the north side of Dykes Creek, and at a point south 57° west from the northeast corner of a lot sold by S. J. Farnum to Thomas Pullar by deed dated August 3rd, 1870 and distant therefrom 1 chain 83 links; and run thence south 57° west along the center of the road 1 chain 75 links to stake; thence south 83° east 5 chains and 85 links to the center of Dykes Creek; thence north 47½° east along the center of Dykes Creek 1 chain and 75 links; thence north 83° east 5 chains 5 links to the place of beginning, containing one acre of land more or less, being the same lands and premises mentioned and described in a deed from Thomas Brown and wife and others to Catharine Wright, dated April 11th, 1 63.

ALSO, an undivided ½ interest of, in and to, all that other Tract or Parcel of land, described as follows: Situate in the Town of Andover, County of Allegany and State of New York, known and distinguished as a part of lot No. 30, in Township No. 3, in the Seventh Range of Townships, in said County of Allegany and bounded as follows: Beginning in the center of the highway which runs from Main street past the Grist Mill in Andover Village northeasterly to Alfred past the Old Woolen Factory lot at the southeasterly corner of a Village lot conveyed by Albro Bundy to William J. Lever, thence north 61° 30 minutes east along the center of said highway 1 chain; thence north 39° 45 minutes west 2 chains and 78 links; thence south 71° 45 minutes west 1 chain and 7½ links; thence south 40° 45 minutes east 4 chains and 12½ links to the place of beginning, containing 35 square rods of land be the same more or less, being premises conveyed to Amos Preston by William H. Tompson and wife, by deed dated December 4th, 1867, and recorded in Allegany County's Clerk's Office, December 18th, 1867, in Book 79 of Deeds, at page 627, to which Deed and the record thereof, reference is made for a more full description of the premises hereby conveyed; said last described premises being subject to the dower right of Elizabeth P. Catlin therein.

Dated July 23rd, 1906.

MARY C. CATLIN, Administrator.

... JUDICIAL ELECTIONS.

Subject of an Address to the Bar of the State.

31 JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT

To Be Chosen at Next General Election—Members of the Bar Urged to Prevent Nomination or Election of Unfit Candidates—Should Properly Exercise Great Influence.

Albany, Sept. 5.—The fact that the probably unprecedented number of 31 justices of the supreme court and several other important judicial officers are to be chosen by the people at the next general election, is the subject of an address to the bar of the state, issued last night by special committee of the state bar association on judicial nominations. The address was adopted unanimously, signed by Louis Marshall of New York as chairman and Frederick E. Wadhams of Albany as secretary, and is as follows:

The voters of this state are confronted with the tremendous duty of choosing on one day 31 justices of the supreme court, together with a number of other important judicial officers. Numerically this will constitute practically one-third of the judicial force of the state.

Although these justices are to be chosen by the voters of the nine judicial districts into which for convenience the state has been territorially divided, when elected they will together constitute a part of the great supreme court, our historical court of original jurisdiction. Their powers extend throughout the state. They can be called upon to sit in any of its counties. From their number are selected the justices of the appellate division, and under our present constitution three of the judges of the court of appeals may be recruited from their ranks. It is therefore, a matter of momentous interest to every citizen of the state that in each of these judicial districts there shall be chosen to the supreme court men of the highest character, ability and efficiency.

In the selection of candidates for judicial position the members of the bar should properly exercise a commanding influence. By training and experience they are familiar with the qualifications of those who should be placed on the bench; and the community has a right to demand of them that they shall fearlessly and unselfishly make use of their knowledge for the better attainment of the public good.

It may be said with entire safety that never in the history of this commonwealth has there been an election fraught with such potent consequences as that which is about to occur. The selection of a single justice of the supreme court should be an act of great solemnity. What is to be said of an election at which so extraordinary a number of justices is to be chosen, each of whom is to become an instrument for the public weal or woe for the term of 14 years.

It is therefore believed to be fitting that this call be extended to every member of the bar without regard to political affiliation or personal predilections, to exert to the utmost his powers and his influence to induce the several political parties to place in nomination such men only as will best conform to that ideal standard by which the aspirant for judicial honors should be measured.

Let it be understood that whilst it is most desirable that this result should be accomplished through the medium of the political parties, which constitute so important a part of our governmental system, in the event that any party should so forget its obligation to the public as to make unfit judicial nominations, the bar of the state will not be slow to follow the precedents which form a proud page in its history of leading the army of voters in an aggressive battle against those who threaten the security of our government by laying unhallowed hands on its judiciary.

Mysterious Murder of a Woman.

Springfield, O., Sept. 5.—The body of a woman clad only in stockings and chemise was found by the banks of Snyder Park lake. Nearby was a man's cap. There were evidences of a struggle and it is believed that the woman was choked to death. The body was identified by her husband as that of Mrs. Elmer Filmore. He has been arrested and the police are searching for a Pearl Jones. Monday night Filmore, it is alleged, trailed his wife and Jones to the park. Later Fillmore came to police headquarters dripping with water, claiming Jones and Mrs. Fillmore had pushed him into the lake. He said that they had held his head under water and tried to drown him. The husband protests his innocence of any connection with the death of his wife.

... ing ...

New York, Sept. 5.—The court of review which will hear the appeal of Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey of Rochester, N. Y., who was found guilty of charges of heresy, met in the See house in this city and on a plea of Edward M. Shepard of counsel for Dr. Crapsey, adjourned until Oct. 19.

The court was composed of Bishop John Scarborough of New Jersey, president; Rev. Dr. A. B. Baker of New Jersey, Judge Charles Andrews of Central New York, Judge Frederick Adams of Newark, N. J.; Rev. John G. Moses of Long Island, Rev. Dr. W. R. Huntington of New York and Captain James Parker of New Jersey.

Edward M. Shepard and Congressman J. P. Perkins of Rochester appeared for Dr. Crapsey. John Lord O'Brien of Buffalo appeared as church advocate, representing the standing committee, which brought the charges.

After the necessary preliminaries Mr. Shepard made an earnest plea for an adjournment of six weeks. He said that only three days ago he had received a copy of the record of the case and that he had not had time to prepare himself properly.

Mr. O'Brien replied that his side did not oppose a short adjournment, if it should seem desirable. The question, however, had agitated the diocese of Western New York for a year and a half and he thought that the interest of the diocese, and the church at large, demanded that the case be brought to a final conclusion as speedily as possible.

The court then retired and after half an hour's deliberation returned with a decision to grant an adjournment. The court also specified that if either side shall desire to amend any of the pleadings, notice of such motion should be filed not later than Oct. 1.

Dr. Crapsey and his son and daughters were present during the proceedings.

Decision In Drill Chuck Suit.

Utica, Sept. 5.—An important decision which affects the hardware jobbing trade throughout the United States and in many foreign countries was made in the supreme court of Madison county in the hotly contested litigation in a suit brought nearly two years ago in which the Westcott Chuck company of Oneida, N. Y., was plaintiff and the Oneida National Chuck company was defendant. The suit grew out of the wrongful manufacture of the famous Westcott drill chuck. The court handed down a final decision assessing the damages against the defendant at $11,925 with the costs to be added. It is understood that the Westcott company will take further proceedings for the recovery of damages committed by the defendant since the commencement of the suits just decided.

75 Per Cent of Irrigation Water Lost.

Boise, Idaho, Sept. 5.—At the session of the National Irrigation congress some startling statistics were presented by Professor Samuel Fortier of the University of California, in an address dealing with the loss of water through waste. He made the assertion that in the Western states $50,000,000 were expended annually in securing and distributing water for irrigation, and that of this water fully 75 per cent was wasted, causing a net loss to the people of the Western states of more than $35,000,000. He expressed the opinion, however, that while all of this loss could not be stopped he believed that fully 10 per cent of it could be.

Nelson Was Badly Battered.

Goldfield, Nev., Sept. 5. — Neither Gans nor Nelson was stirred yesterday. Nelson is so badly battered that he will stay in doors until he can leave town. Gans goes to San Francisco in a few days to consider a theatrical engagement. With the exception of Nelson's party not a dissenting voice has been heard about the decision awarding Monday's fight to Gans on a foul. The losers in betting make no complaint and numbers of them called on Gans after the fight and congratulated him. Gans says that he was offered $25,000 to let Nelson win. He would not say who made the offer.

Shackled Convict Escaped.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 5.—Jacob Jebreiski, 55 years old, a convict en route to the penitentiary from Chatham, where he was recently sentenced to seven years imprisonment for bringing stolen furs from New York into Canada, escaped from the train at Napanee. The convict was shackled to his son, who was sentenced on a similar charge. Jebreiski managed to slip a handcuff from his son's wrist and jumped through a window, taking the shackles with him. The son made no attempt to get away.

Mohammedan Congress In Russia.

Nizhni-Novgorod, Russia, Sept. 5.—The Mohammedan congress at its session adopted a resolution asking for the creation of new portfolio in the ministry to look after the interests of Mohammedans and to be entrusted to a high mullah, who shall have the right of access to the emperor.

... To Con... ...of the Democ... State.

IN INTEREST ...

Ex-Mayor Osborne ... Answered Inquiries About ... Scope of the Conference ... of Very Serious Danger ... in the Party.

Albany, Sept. 5.—Many well-known Democrats from upstate counties began to gather last night for the conference which is to be held this afternoon at Odd Fellows' hall in this city to consider the situation of the Democratic party in the state of New York. Ex-Mayor Thomas M. Osborne of Auburn, one of the moving spirits in calling the conference, arrived at the Ten Eyck, welcomed the others as they came during the evening and answered questions about the purpose and scope of the conference. In substance he said:

Edward M. Shepard to Preside.

"We expect about 75 men at the conference. Some whom we expected will not be here, owing to conventions being held in their counties and other good reasons. D-Cady Herrick of Albany and John B. Stanchfield of Elmira cannot attend, owing to legal engagements. Mayor Adam of Buffalo is out of the country, but we have good reason to regard him as in sympathy with us. Edward M. Shepard will be here from Lake George tomorrow and we expect him to preside.

"We have not undertaken to invite Democrats generally. We sent a confidential man into every county above the Bronx, with the intent to invite the co-operation of three or four Democrats of long standing and high standing—staunch Democrats who have always been Democrats—not mugwumps. We did not discriminate against bolters—I was a bolter in 1896, but I have been twice elected mayor of Auburn since on the Democratic ticket."

"Is the conference especially in the interest of the candidacy of District Attorney Jerome?" was asked.

"It is in the interest of no particular candidate," replied Mr. Osborne. "We invited several men whose names have been mentioned in connection with the nomination for governor—Mr. Jerome, Mayor Adam, Mr. Carlisle—we ought to have included Judge Gaynor, but the arrangements were necessarily made very hurriedly and it is a wonder we have reached as many as we have."

Of William Randolph Hearst and the Independence League Mr. Osborne would say nothing directly, but pressed for an utterance as to whether the conference was intended as against any particular candidacy he said those responsible for the conference were opposed to a Democratic convention indorsing any candidate nominated prior to the convention by another party. "It is one thing," said he, "to bolt a convention after it has failed to accept one's propositions; it is quite another to bolt beforehand and expect the convention to indorse."

Mr. Osborne's attention was called to the phrase in the call for the meeting which declared its purpose to "prevent the convention from corrupt deal which is contemplated, involving the sale of the Democratic name and organization." Asked if it applied to any specific person or candidacy, he declined to answer beyond saying: "You can draw your own inferences."

Danger of Split In the Party.

"Does your correspondence show a feeling which might lead to a bolt in case of certain action by the convention at Buffalo?" Mr. Osborne was asked.

"We have found a feeling all over the state," he replied, "which indicates very serious danger of a split in the party."

"District Attorney Jerome arrived in the evening from his home in Lakeville, Conn., and joined the group of conferees already on the scene. He said he would have nothing to say for publication, but expected to say something at the conference.

Among others who came last night, or are expected today are the following:

William Church Osborne of Dutchess, E. H. Tichener of Binghamton, Judge R. C. S. Drummond of Auburn, State Committeemen Carlisle of Jefferson, Rattigan of Auburn, Haven of Syracuse, Balkam of Rochester and Sheehan of Elmira, ex-Assemblyman George S. Weed of Plattsburg, Van Ness Philip of Columbia, Henry Richmond and Frank L. Bapst of Buffalo, Henry Purcell of Jefferson, T. W. Meacham and George W. Driscoll of Syracuse, D. J. Van Auken of Geneva, John J. Ryan of Medina, Robert A. Weldeman of Haverstraw and Spencer Trask of Syracuse, Dr. Henry A. Argue and Judge G. Bradley of Corning, Judge Charles McLouth of Palmyra, John Gager of New Rochelle and Oswald G. Villard of Dobbs Ferry.

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