Showing of Holiday Gifts.

Our display of Holiday Goods is opened and ready.

The NEWEST NOVELTIES.
The BEST SELECTIONS.

The most appropriate presents for one and all at fairest prices. Do not fail to come in and see our Christmas Attractions in

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING
HATS CAPS AND GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

We claim for our Holiday Display General Excellence in Quality, Good Variety and Very Reasonable Prices, making it beyond question or doubt the Right Place to get the Right Gifts at the Right Prices. Whatever your wants may be we can meet them with appropriate selections.

Your particular attention is asked to the complete showing of Men's Bath and Lounging Robes, Seal and Fur Caps, Fur and Wool Lined Gloves for men and boys, Ladies' Mannish Gloves in Dent, Fownes and Adler makes, Keys & Lockwood Neckwear of the most exquisite sort, Silk and Wool Mufflers. These are only a few of the many gifts which we have to offer. We'll reserve any article until Christmas

SCHAUL & ROOSA,
130 MAIN ST. HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.

GREENWOOD LOCAL BRIEFS.

A Merry Christmas to all.

Hurrah for the plum pudding.

Good sleighing for the holidays.

The jingle bells and pretty bells are out in force.

Miss Ella Lewis was in Hornellsville Saturday.

L. G Burton came home Thursday.

Mrs. Ida Pease and Mrs. Chloe Atkins returned Saturday from a few days visit with Mrs. Emory Chilson at Dalton.

Miss Mary Coston is the guest of Miss Virginia Reed in Hornellsville.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lane are in Hornellsville helping care for Mr. Johnson during his sickness.

Ed. Evans of Woodhull was in town Monday.

Mrs. L. G. Burton and daughter Maude and son Stewart were in Hornellsville Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McGill were in town Monday on legal business.

Mrs. Miner Shaw went to Hornellsville Friday returning Saturday.

Melvin Henderson, who has been working in Hornellsville, is at home on a visit. He has sent in his name to Uncle Darius, recruiting officer, for enlistment in the U. S. Army.

Mrs. Bert Goff was in Hornellsville Wednesday visiting relatives.

Mrs. C. W. Etz of Hornellsville was the guest of Mrs. G. M. Webster Wednesday and Thursday.

A. T. Bennett of the Country Gentleman office, Albany, N. Y., was in Greenwood Wednesday on business.

R. P. Stephens received word that his daughter Sabra, who is attending school at Buffalo, is sick with quinsy.

Nine teams with material for the new oil derrick went down thru town Friday and three loads Monday. The tools and machinery are on the ground. The derrick will go up Tuesday and the drill will start this week.

E. S. Teel of Syracuse called in this place Wednesday.

Frank Walkins has purchased the Thos. Dillon farm of 80 acres on Rock Creek road.

The material for well No. 2 in Rock Creek will be on the ground this week.

G. B. Pettingill of Rochester was a business visitor Friday.

H. York was in town Monday.

Frank Cole was carting apples in bulk last week at 60cts per 100 lbs.

Wm. Banks was in town Thursday.

W. B. Strong of Owego was in this village Wednesday.

Mrs. Michael Keiff and daughter from West Union were in town Monday.

Dorr Scott of South Troupsburg was the guest of his sister, Mrs. F. G. Miller, Friday.

Sol Roseman was in town Friday with Christmas goods.

G. N. Huntington of Jasper called in Greenwood Thursday.

J. F. Robinson of Cornin was in town Thursday on business.

A. Elliott of Galt, Ont., was in Greenwood Wednesday.

G. D. Wixon of Corning was a business visitor in Greenwood Friday.

Atty. L. H. Simpson of Canisteo was in our city Wednesday.

Luzern Drake was on our streets yesterday.

Jas. McBurney of Corning was in town Wednesday.

J. G. Dixon of Hornellsville was a Greenwood caller Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Pease of West Hill were guests of David Travis Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller of Bath, who have been visiting his sister, Miss D. Travis, returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Rollins were in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howe of West Union were in this village Wednesday.

The Standard Oil Co. have put a new pipe line in the Marsh field.

Ernest Trowbridge is home from Chicago to spend the holidays with his father, Oliver Trowbridge. Ernest is working for the Wabash railroad company running from Chicago to Detroit.

Jas. Moran, Reveille's popular merchant, was in our city Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson McCauley attended the Farmer's Institute Wednesday.

Frank Knight and wife returned Tuesday from the Marsh where they have been stopping for several weeks.

Jarvis Wallace was in Greenwood on legal business Friday.

Tip Dennison was in town Thursday.

Pat Kernan was loading hay Thursday.

Doc. and Mrs. Parshall of Andover were in town Thursday on legal business.

W. O. Slocum has purchased the pine and bas timber on the Hugh Mullen lot of D. Travis and is hauling it to his mill in rush order style. The heading mill has been running at its full capacity for the entire year.

The coasting brings out large parties to enjoy the fun.

There is plenty of gas this winter so far and it looks as tho the last winter's shortage would not be repeated this season.

The holiday trade is good at the different stores in Greenwood.

Supreme Court at Bath January 2nd. Several cases from this locality are noticed for trial.

Three Die in Flames.

New York.—Three persons were killed, one fatally injured, and five less seriously hurt, owing to the burning of the dwelling at 184 South Ninth Street, Williamsburg. One of the victims, a woman, was burned to death in sight of the firemen who were fighting their way toward her. Some of the injured were seen enveloped in flames at windows and had to jump to the street before the firemen could spread the life nets.

To Fight Low Tobacco Tariff.

Washington.—To fight any attempt to further reduce the tariff on Philippine products, as advocated by Secretary of War Taft, a strong alliance has been formed among various associations of the tobacco trade. Beet sugar interests, especially of the far West and the Pacific coast, are also in arms against the proposed reduction.

Stop! Don't take imitation celery teas when you ask for Celery King, a medicine of great value. The "teas" are urged upon you because they are bought cheap. Never jeopardize your health in a bad cause. Celery King only costs 25 cents and it never disappoints.

THURSDAY----FRIDAY----SATURDAY

3 -Bargain Days—3

Special price reductions to clear all Furs, Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists and all other goods suitable for Holiday Gifts.

ERLICH BROS.,
READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR WOMEN
148 Main Street Hornellsville

SMOKING JACKETS AND LOUNGING ROBES.

The greatest part of the joy of living is being comfortable, and nothing adds so much to the pleasure of an evening at home as a Lounging Robe or Smoking Jacket.

We show an elegant assortment of these garments at popular prices.

MEN'S SUITS.

A few of these high grade suits left which we are offering at ridiculous low prices.

Better come in and see if your size is among them.

Your choice of any suit that formerly sold at $25 for.....$16.50

Your choice of any suit that formerly sold at $22.50, at.....$15.00

Your choice of any suit that formerly sold at $18, at.....$12.50

CHRISTMAS FURNISHINGS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

In our Furnishing Department there is displayed an assortment of useful and appropriate gifts for men and boys that would furnish Santa's sack to overflowing and at prices that must make that provident old dispenser of Christmas Cheer chuckle to himself as he thinks how many more stockings he can fill than he expected. Christmas money is pleasant to spend and it goes a little farther here than at most stores. We would be pleased to see you inside our store at this season.

A Few Suggestions.

Night Robes,	Overcoats,
Hosiery,	Suits,
Suspenders,	Dress Vests,
Shirts,	Rain Coats,
Collars, Cuffs,	Hats, Caps,
Underwear,	Umbrellas,
Sweaters.	Suit Cases,
Shirt Protectors,	Gloves,
Pajams,	Neckwear,
Cardigan Jackets,	Mufflers,

Clothes bought from us pressed and kept in repair one year free of charge

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
LEADING CLOTHIERS and FURNISHERS
109-111 Main St. 4-6 Church St.
HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.

New United States Magazine Rifle.

The Springfield armory will soon deliver to the ordnance department for distribution to the army 75,000 magazine rifles, model of 1903. One will be placed in the hands of every soldier in the infantry and cavalry service. The weapon is no longer than the old carbine and is adapted to the use of mounted troops. It is to be hoped that this weapon will never prove to be the best man killer ever invented merely because there will be no war to put it to the test. The soldier who expects to fight likes to feel that he has at least an equal chance with the other fellow to the quarrel, and if he is quite sure of it the knowledge gives him confidence at the outset. Experts on the subject assert that overpreparation in war is cheaper in the end than underpreparation. The Russians are now finding out at bitter cost what it means to engage in war unprepared. Uncle Sam's new rifle is a composite invention, the result of five years of experimenting, and supersedes the Krag-Jorgensen, which won in the Spanish war The Krag has been in use since 1892 and after two remodelings is still inferior to some rifles carried by European armies. Improvements failed to make the Krag the ideal weapon because its mechanism is not strong enough to admit of increased velocity. The new rifle is superior to the Krag in velocity, accuracy and penetrating power. It may be fired with greater rapidity, and the eye need not be taken from the target during the firing of each five cartridges, the number fed in each clip. One feature of the new weapon, the bayonet, suggests that the results of the experimenting ground rather than practical experience in war were considered in determining its nature. The new bayonet is a pointed rod. It lies under the barrel like the old fashioned ramrod and is thrown into position by the touch of a spring. An enthusiastic officer, commenting upon the new bayonet, said in its praise:

"So you don't know how much easier it is to pull this kind of a bayonet out of a human body. The old knife bayonet used to stick so fast that a soldier in the thick of a fight was often compelled to drop his gun. But with this rod bayonet you can jab it in as deep as it will go, pull it out and ram it into the next fellow that comes along.

"But any bayonet is so seldom used to jab an enemy that the superiority of the rod over the knife pattern for all purposes is questionable. In the civil war the bayonet wounds were too few to be taken into serious consideration. But the bayonet of that day proved serviceable in ways for which the rod is not so well adapted. Often when the troops secured a lodgment on the open, close to the enemy, it was used as a pick or crowbar to loosen earth which the bare hands or tin plates from the soldiers' haversacks scooped up to make cover for the head and body. This was no small advantage when troops fought in line, and the modern style of individual fighting would seem to increase the necessity for an intrenching tool carried on the person. Chiefly, however, the moral effect of the old bayonet in battle kept it in favor. It was a savage spectacle to see a line moving steadily forward preceded by a hedge of sharp steel which the peculiar shape and glistening surface of the bayonet made conspicuous. Rarely indeed did an enemy stand to meet the shock. Bayonet charges in those days decided actions when not a single man was prodded. The rod bayonet is lighter and more readily adjusted than the old style, but would it prove so useful and so terrible on the battlefield?

The Doom of the Iron Horse.

Electricians coolly predict the coming finish of the locomotive and are working ceaselessly to place him in the museum of antiquities. While he is yet in service, loyal and unsuspicious of his fate, it is due him to recall his virtues and his glorious record. But for the iron horse the wizard of motion would not have blessed the present age. The steam motor is almost perfect and has taught the world the superiority of the iron road and the blessings of rapidity. With sixty miles an hour possible and safe, the next thing was a motor that could keep up the pace without rest or replenishing. The iron horse was a pioneer in locomotion and in civilization as well. He moved half the continent to new homes and feeds the other half on products his energy has created. And he has been a good, patient steed, with an almost rational personality. His whistle has been a friendly voice, signaling danger and announcing joy. If he balked at a wet rail he would plow his own road through a snowbank, and if he kicked at short rations he would put up with anything in the way of wood and water from a convenient creek or rail fence. Noisy at times, but his noise has been music in many a wilderness, where he couldn't shriek too often for human happiness. For more than threescore years the advent of the iron horse in a new community has been cause for public demonstrations and rejoicing. His monuments will be towns, cities and states, built up in his pathway by his tireless sinews.

Korea possesses rich deposits of gold, silver, iron, copper and coal. The output of gold in 1902 amounted to $2,500,000. Special authorization is needed for the development of mines in southern Korea, as the land belongs to the crown. There is a future in the Hermit Kingdom for enterprising miners, but the natives dislike foreigners, and it is difficult for outsiders to obtain concessions. Japan's influence may change the situation somewhat.

The Franco-Spanish agreement recently signed is regarded as a check to Germany's ambition in west Africa. The agreement binds the Spanish government not to cede any of its holdings in Morocco to any power except France and marks an important step toward the realization of a vast French empire reaching from French Sudan to the shores of the Mediterranean and the Atlantic.

Ayer's

You can hardly find a home without its Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Parents know what it does for children: breaks

Cherry Pectoral

up a cold in a single night, wards off bronchitis, prevents pneumonia. Physicians advise parents to keep it on hand.

"The best cough medicine money can buy is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For the coughs of children nothing could possibly be better."
—Jacob Shuck, Saratoga, Ind.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for Throat, Lungs

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

Everything Musical.

Local Representatives of the Leading Manufacturers of Pianos, Talking Machines, Violins, Organs, Music Boxes, Washburn Mandolins, Banjos and Guitars.

We Guarantee Musical Quality and the Lowest Prices.

For the Next 30 Days Special Prices on Pianos and Organs. Best Variety in Western New York.

F. D. RICE, WELLSVILLE, N. Y.

J. B. DAGON,

Headquarters for Holiday Goods.

Here you will find everything in the Furniture line suitable for a Christmas gift

Sideboards from $11.50 to $65.00.
Bookcases from $2.90 to $50.00.
Rockers from $1.35 to $40.00.
Parlor Tables from $1.75 to $25.00.
Ladies' Desks from $2.75 to $20.00.

In fact, everything and anything at rock bottom prices. We also have a fine line of Dishes, Jardineers, Pictures, Statuettes, Prayer Books, Rosaries, Candelabras and other things too numerous to mention. Come in, one and all, and be convinced that this the best, the cheapest and the most for your money place in the city.

J. B. DAGON, Furniture and Undertaking, 72 Canisteo St., 67 Broad St.
HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.

T. G. WOOSTER & BRO. T. G. WOOSTER & BRO

WATCH US GROW—GROWING ALL THE TIME

Wonderful Bargains in the Big Store.

Carpets and Rugs.

It has grown proverbial for the big Wooster store to do unusual things; to offer the public grander opportunities than are possible elsewhere. Right in keeping with such efforts comes the GRAND SALE of

CARPETS AND RUGS.

We were recently offered some splendid values in the floor covering line, from a large but over-stocked merchant who appreciated the magnitude of our selling capacity. We secured our pick at prices that enable us to hand these fine Carpets over to you at less cost to other dealers. A few prices:

A Velvet Carpet at 60c made by hand.

An Extra Velvet Carpet 82c made by hand. And it is the exclamation of every woman that purchases one of these Hand Made Carpets, "Oh they are so smooth and the quality which gives such lasting service!" This fully accounts for the continued increase in our trade.

THE BEST CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

The Furniture wonderland is enhanced in beauty and interest as never before. Not only is the regular stock better, brighter and fuller, but the entire store is resplendent with newly arrived stock, secured a month ago for you to select your Christmas Gift from. Hundreds are taking advantage of these suitable and substantial gifts made and priced in Wooster's way. You cannot think of a soul, old or young, man or woman, boy or girl, but what this treasure house holds for them suitable gifts and in a wonderful variety. We deliver purchases wherever you say up to Christmas.

Look at this Ladie's Desk at $10.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Let us help you to select gifts worthy of the name. This list shows the vast price range in the different pieces on sale. In some cases there are twenty-five or fifty of the same styled article, each with a separate price.

Extention tables.....	$4.50 to	$35.00	Wardrobes.....	8.98 to	20.00
Dining-room chair.....	.50 to	6.00	Bed-room suits.....	28.00 to	125.00
Bed-room chairs.....	.85 to	8.50	Office chairs.....	.85 to	12.00
Hall stands.....	2.50 to	20.00	Chiffoniers.....	4.98 to	30.00
Hassocks.....	.25 to	.75	Towel racks.....	.35 to	2.50
Framed pictures.....	.25 to	6.00	Blankets.....	.45 to	5.00
Morris chairs.....	4.98 to	20.00	Turkish chairs.....	13.00 to	45.00
Brass beds.....	15.50 to	50.00	Counterpanes.....	.65 to	3.00
			Sideboards.....	9.98 to	50.00
			Library tables.....	6.50 to	35.00
			Parlor tables.....	.98 to	15.00
			Serving tables.....	8.50 to	25.00
			Enameled beds.....	2.75 to	30.00
			Standing hall clocks.....	12.50 to	50.00
			Parlor suits.....	15.00 to	60.00
			Office desks.....	4.50 to	35.00
			Ladies' desks.....	3.98 to	25.00
			China closets.....	9.50 to	50.00
			Combination book case..	9.98 to	35.00
			Child's beds.....	2.75 to	12.00
			Sofa Pillows.....	.50 to	10.00
			Buffets.....	15.00 to	40.00
			Dressing tables.....	7.75 to	35.00
			Parlor cabinets.....	8.00 to	35.00
			Library desks.....	1.75 to	25.00
			Screens.....	.98 to	10.00
			Easles.....	.35 to	1.75
			Hall seats.....	8.00 to	15.00
			Portiers.....	1.98 to	15.00
			Quilts.....	.98 to	5.00
			Divans.....	7.00 to	35.00
			Couches.....	6.25 to	40.00

This is not ¼ of our list but space will not permit of further. Special sale of Furs and Ladies' ready-to-wear Garments.

T. G. Wooster & Bro.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Mfg's of Home Furnishings,
133-7 MAIN ST., HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.
Leading Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PINGREY HILL

Frank Burdick, who has been visiting his brother, Kenney Burdick, has returned to his home in Scio.

L. L. Pingrey has been calling on his friends and relatives on the Hill this week.

Miss Jennie Smith is visiting friends in Elm Valley a few days.

Sim Hann and family of Elm Valley visited at Mr. and Mrs. Orange Smith's Wednesday.

Mrs. Elmer Kaple called on Mrs. W. W. Pingrey Saturday.

Kenney Burdick, who has been sick, is reported better at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Pingrey and son Harold have gone to Hornellsville to spend Christmas.

The children are happy as school is closed for a week's vacation.

The agent for the Chicago Portrait company was delivering portraits on the Hill Friday.

Elmer Kaples has returned from visiting friends in Almond.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burdisk and son William visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kenney Burdick Sunday.

Loran Pingrey and wife called on Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Pingrey and Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Kaple Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Lewellyn Fairbanks of Wirt Center is visiting her brother, Kenney Burdick, a few days.

Loran Pingrey is feeling as happy as a little boy with a new sled these days as he is the owner of a new Cortland cutter.

Mrs. C. M. Wood of Andover is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Orange Smith.

Paul Kaple and wife were callers at Orange Smith's Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Austin is spending her vacation at her home in Alfred.

Little Donald Pingrey is reported ill at this writing.

Doc. Garvin is ill this week.

PURDY CREEK.

Phill. Riley of Canisteo was a business caller in town Friday

Miss Ora Brolzman closed her term of school in District No. 7 Friday and is attending the teachers Institute at Canisteo this week.

Jacob Vickers of Canisteo was in town on business Tuesday.

Dr. G. L. Preston of Canisteo was a professional caller in town Friday.

Elmer Acker and wife attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Mary King at Hornellsville, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Reed were in Hornellsville Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Crandall were guests of C. K. Comstock Tuesday.

Richard Crusen of Bennetts Creek was a guest at Wm. Donaldson's Monday.

Mamie O'Brien of Fall Creek closed her school on Call Hill Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Appler attended the funeral of Mrs. Proper, a former resident and neighbor of this place, Friday at Hornellsville.

J. W. Call, Mr. and Mrs. Myron Acker and Mrs. Melvin Acker attended the funeral of Mrs. Mary King Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Comstock went recently to Valhalla, N. Y., where they have positions in the Brace Farm school.

Mrs. S. B. Van Buskirk has been spending a week with Mrs. Herbert Edwards on Hartsville Hill.

REXVILLE.

Mrs. E. Gilroy of Austin Pa., is caring for her mother, Mrs. Wm. McNamara, who is very ill.

Dr. Thos. McNamara of Corning was in town Wednesday.

Schools are closed this week on account of Teachers' institute which is being held at Canisteo.

Miss Nora Casey spent the past week at her old home in Hinsdale.

Miss Grace McGrath spent Sunday with Miss Margaret Harkenridg.

Miss Genevieve Richey has gone to Chicago where she intends to enter a Business school.

John McMullen was in Hornellsville last Wednesday.

The January, New Years, magazines are dandies. On sale now.

If you have indigestion do not let another day go past without taking Celery King for it. Druggists sell it, 25 cents.

Marriage "For Better, For Worse."

It no doubt surprised the American admirers of George Meredith's novels when that author predicted that experimental marriages will be an institution of the near future and gave a quasi indorsement to the scheme. Mr. Meredith is a writer of serious books, and his work takes a deep hold upon the minds of the thoughtful young people who are studying conditions and phenomena about them with a view in the main to wholesome progress.

Mr. Meredith's idea is that marriages will be made for a period of ten years and that the state will insist that the parties make financial provision for the future of any offspring resulting from the union. It is not enough to say to the young of today that temporary marriage has had its trial in primitive customs and been discarded for the higher and nobler form which now prevails in all civilized countries. This is an age of social progress and enlightenment, and reformers argue rightly that mankind can do in the twentieth century what it could not do in the first or in pre-Christian centuries. But has marriage for life been proved a failure?

A student of sociology, especially a novelist looking for striking phases of life, may be led to believe that the permanent matrimonial union is a failure because of the unfortunate cases brought to the surface through divorce and other evidences of domestic infelicity. It is here, most decidedly, that the exception proves the rule. Ill starred unions are so abnormal, taking the whole of society into account, that they produce a shock to the community. They are not so much storm signals as petty danger flags marking shoals and pitfalls to be steered around. For every single case of "Betsy and I are out" there are a hundred happy couples ready to point out how the trouble might have been avoided and a hundred more making notes for future guidance.

The true remedy is not to discard permanent unions, but to bring to the formation of all unions the highest sense and the highest virtue. Neither in marriage nor in any other of the duties and obligations imposed by society should immediate pleasure be the guide to action. Life is long. It has its sunshine and its shadow, its May and December. Marriage is not for sunshine and for May only. It should gather in these periods the sweetness and strength which will tide over the dark days which are to come. Failing in that, marriage is a failure, and it must fall short of success and completeness if it lasts no longer than the heyday of life.

A thoughtful monarch once went in disguise among his people in search of the truest form of happiness. When asked for his conclusion he said, "That man is happiest who lives to see his sons and daughters grown to maturity and well settled in life and then lays down his life in defense of the laws and institutions which have insured so much happiness."

It is the great object and end of marriage which must decide its form stability. The desire to found a family is as strong today as it was in the days of the patriarchs. The family is for the future, and all that goes to build it up and strengthen it and make it return happiness for self denial and sweetness for bitter toil is banking for the future. If transient unions must be, let them take the name which belongs to ties of that sort to the end that true marriage shall continue in name and in nature sacred. Whoever thinks it is not sacred should witness a family reunion where three or perhaps more generations gather under one roof.

Feeding the Hungry Poor.

When Louis Fleischmann, the New York baker philanthropist, died the other day much comment was made upon the unique form of philanthropy established years ago at his Broadway bakery. Every evening he gave half a loaf of stale bread and a cup of hot coffee to any man whose hunger constrained him to line up before the public and stand for an hour or two waiting for the dole. First and last, Fleischmann had many imitators in all the great cities, especially during a run of "hard times." It was a sad yet an instructive sight to view this "bread line." Few of the faces were drink sodden. The majority gave the impression that the bite which they earned with such pains was sorely needed. Often a sober, fatherly looking man would wrap his prize carefully in a paper and make off with it hurriedly, as though it were a toothsome bit for a sick wife or child at home, which he could not afford to buy. No doubt many a tramp was encouraged in his idleness by this form of charity, but he would have been a tramp anyway. Any well to do person would be glad at any time to feed a really hungry brother if he knew where to find him. Fleischmann and his kind did not hunt for them beyond risking something on faith in human nature.

With a German physician suing an American for $2,000 for one consultation and a French doctor trying to collect from another American a bill of $100,000 for failing to cure his invalid wife, our citizens would do well to come home to be sick.

Preventives of Pneumonia.

The sensational announcements with regard to the infectious character of pneumonia should not cause alarm since the dread disease has always been with us. Some seasons it is more virulent than others, for which a cause is pointed out by Dr. Anders, a well known authority on climatology in a recent paper on pneumonia he says:

The coincidence of existing low temperatures, high barometric pressure, the direction and velocity of the winds and maximum mortality from pneumonia is so uniformly constant as to merit serious consideration and suggest a close and direct relation between their combined influence and the progress of mortality from pneumonia.

He adds that the major influence exerted by the weather is not direct, but indirect, in consequence of closed doors and windows and the lack of free ventilation. This causes concentration and an increased virulence of the specific poisons already in the system. Immunity from pneumonia, then, is a matter of sanitation. In this respect the doctor thinks the Japanese are ahead of the western peoples. He says:

The fundamental condition of the health of the Japanese lies far back of all the contributions of occidental civilization and is wholly indigenous to this remarkable people. It consists in the national habit of living in the fresh air and sunshine. Every hygienist knows and preaches that almost the sole cause of tuberculosis and pneumonia is the ill ventilation and impure air of our houses. They are house diseases. Many others are in part or indirectly due to the same cause. Personal uncleanliness of body is also a contributing source of morbid mischief against which the best of our western nations must also fight a long war. The Japanese have plenty of fresh air and light in their houses.

While pneumonia may be fed by impure air indoors, it is without doubt often brought on by unsuitable dress worn out of doors, more particularly during high winter winds. A wrap which is suitable in extremely cold weather when there is little wind may be unsuitable during a heavy wind when the cold is not so intense. A heavy wrap which is not closed in front is often less of a protection for the chest from the penetrating wind than a lighter garment worn closed up to the neck. People inclined to lung troubles are usually very sensitive to cold about the chest, and carelessness in the matter of warm clothing or at least wind proof wraps often invites a cold in the chest which keeps the patient in the house, where the air may be conducive to the progress of the trouble, and the end is pneumonia. The open coat or jacket when the weather conditions favor pneumonia, as Dr. Anders suggests, may be a worse foe to health than the microbes likely to be absorbed in crowded assemblies or even in the sickroom.

Courage and Highwaymen.

A "holdup man" or highwayman in giving the public his opinion about the methods of his kind and the ways of victims when assailed may be taken at his word when he says that want of courage on the part of the average citizen is the cause of so many successful robberies. It is true that robbers and other crooks are physical cowards as a rule. Their mode of life is not of a kind to make heroes of them. They are ever on their guard and ever more or less nervous. What gives them courage in the first place is the fact that they expect an easy triumph, since the victim is to be surprised and taken unawares. The robber's mask and his gun are depended upon to frighten, and the work is done so quickly that the victim has no time to summon courage. The confessing robber is surely boasting when he says that with a mask and a gun he could make a roomful of men, as they average, stand on their heads if he told them to do so. There will always be ways be some cool head in a crowd, for company gives courage. If a robber be met at the outset with the firmness which should characterize a man who is being outraged upon the public highway the chances are that he will lose the little nerve he possesses. He will be the one taken unawares and, being in the wrong and an outlaw, cannot fall back upon a reserve of manhood and make a good fight. An easy public breeds the crook. He does not want to work hard for his plunder or he wouldn't be a crook.

Social philosophers who sit in the dreary attics of crowded cities and spin theories may be excused for contending that the American people are going to the dogs, but facts, those "stubborn things," are against them. For instance, two of the popular volumes drawn from traveling libraries are "The American Boy's Handy Book" and "Helen's Babies." The boys want to know how to do things, and every well regulated household has a pair of youngsters just as cute and mischievous as Helen's. In fact, John Habberton's picture is a universal family photograph.

A Frightened Horse.

Running like mad down the street jumping the occupants, or a hundred other accidents, are every day occurrences. It behoves everybody to have a reliable Salve handy and there's none so good as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Burns, Cuts, Sores, Eczema and Piles disappear quickly under its soothing effect. 25c. at O. E. Vars & Son's of Andover and N. L. Coston of Greenwood, Drug store.

DIGESTION DECIDES IT.

Good Digestion More Than Half the Battle.

Life is a ceaseless struggle for success. Competition is everywhere. Everybody wants to reach the top. Success is sought for because it is supposed to insure happiness.

Ambition and ability make for success, but without health too, failure is more than probable.

If the digestion is poor, the nerves unsteady, the blood thin, the weight less than it should be, and ambition and energy at low tide because of stomach trouble, failure is almost a certainty.

Whether you make much or little of life, whether you fail or succeed, your digestion largely decides it. So confident are Burrow's Pharmacy and N. E. Coston that Pepsikola tablets will renew your energy, steady your nerves, drive away that tired feeling, give tone to the digestion, improve your appetite, bring up your weight to where it should be, put new color into your cheeks and new life into your blood, that they continue to sell this grand dyspepsia remedy on the money back plan.

Have confidence. The guarantee absolutely protects you. The above druggists will gladly pay back your money if at the end of the ten days' treatment you have not been cured or decidedly benefitted.

A Manchester dyer claims that all inflammable textiles may be rendered fireproof by treating them with titanic acid, which become an integral part of the fabric and cannot be removed by washing, boiling or dyeing.

Figures Do Not Lie.

neither do the thousands of people who are sending testimonial letters, gratefully explaining the surprising benefits which they have derived from that household remedy which is now attracting much attention everywhere, Vernal Palmettona (Palmetto Berry Wine). Every reader of the Andover News can receive a trial bottle absolutely free of charge by writing at once to the Vernal Remedy Company, Le Roy, N. Y. If you are suffering from the many complaints caused by impure blood, and if you wish to restore yourself to a perfect condition of health, and be freed from catarrh, rheumatism, backache, constipation, and the other many diseases that are caused by an unhealthy condition of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder. Only one dose a day of this wonderful remedy is necessary to effect a quick and permanent cure. Sold by leading druggists everywhere.

The Korean Flag.

The Korean ensign and merchant flag is a white flag bearing the great monad in blue and red. This is a symbol of great antiquity. It is to the Mongolians what the cross is to the Christian. To them it is the sign of deity and eternity, while the two parts into which the circle is divided are called the Yin and the Yan—the male and female forces of nature. Some three thousand years ago one of the writers, speaking in reference to it, said: "The illimitable produces the extreme. The great extreme produces the two principles. The two principles produce the four quarters, and from the four quarters we develop the quadrature of the eight diagrams of Fenhhi." This means little to us, though the writer may have explained the matter to his entire satisfaction. But so much we know—that the symbol had a mathematical as well as an occult meaning. There is a little puzzle connected with the Korean flag which may or may not be perplexing to the novice. Divide the great monad by a straight cut into two pieces so that each half of the circle shall contain an exactly equal share of the Yin and the Yan.

Ready for Business.

Julius Updyke has commenced sawing on the Brown lot, and I am prepared to furnish Building Timber.
Remember that I have a supply of Red Cedar Shingles.
Prices right.

H. P. BENTON,
ANDOVER, N. Y.

THE WORLD'S WORK

The magazine which tells of the progress of the world through wonderful pictures and terse articles.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY
New York

N. B.—ANDREW CARNEGIE says: "I think THE WORLD'S WORK remarkable."

PROFIT

The matter of feed is of tremendous importance to the farmer. Wrong feeding is loss. Right feeding is profit. The up-to-date farmer knows what to feed his cows to get the most milk, his pigs to get the most pork, his hens to get the most eggs. Science.

But how about the children? Are they fed according to science, a bone food if bones are soft and undeveloped, a flesh and muscle food if they are thin and weak and a blood food if there is anemia?

Scott's Emulsion is a mixed food; the Cod Liver Oil in it makes flesh, blood and muscle; the Lime and Soda make bone and brain. It is the most scientific food for sickly children.

Scott & Bowne, New York.

NEWPAPER INTERESTS IN COMBINATION

A RECENT invention has revolutionized the art of making printing inks, and a substantial reduction in the cost of manufacture has given The Standard Ink Works such a strategical advantage over their competitors in the ink trade that the editors and publishers who control and largely own the business have decided to invite the financial cooperation of the general public in an immediate enlargement of the working plant.

The purpose of the corporation is to secure to American newspapers the absolute control of their ink supply independently of any industrial combination or other outside influence, and, at the same time, to make money for its stockholders through the sale of printing inks to publishers and printers in all parts of the civilized world.

The corporation owns and operates, in New York City, a printing ink factory having a capacity of 10,000 pounds of printing ink a day. The factory is equipped with the latest and most highly improved machinery for the manufacture of all grades and colors of printing inks.

The corporation owns and operates outside of New York, a modern and fully equipped laboratory for the preparation of the materials from which printing inks are made. This factory represents an outlay of between $50,000 and $60,000 in cash. It has a capacity at present of 5,000 pounds a day.

It is the intention of the corporation to bring the capacity of its New York City factory up to the full capacity of the works.

By reason of the improvement in the quality of the materials and the reduction in the cost of manufacture, the corporation is able to offer to invest this plant business proposition. It can manufacture printing inks at about one-half the cost of the best of inks in existence. *From all indications the demand for inks promises to make the plant a very profitable one, and the earnings will amply justify.* The price of inks is fixed at a low figure, under the new and more favorable conditions, and range from 1 cent per pound to 25 cents per pound.

The capital stock is divided into preferred stock and bonds. All stock is common stock, bonds and preferred stock.

Only stock actually issued counts as capital. Dividends are paid only on issued stock.

The active management of the business is in the hands of practical and experienced men, all except two of whom have had many years' experience as editors and publishers. The Executive Board of Directors is made up as follows:

Major General Oliver Otis Howard, U. S. Army (formerly Burlington, Vermont); Robert Hunt Lyman, 1101 Park Row, New York City, Henry W. B. Howard, Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.; H. Peele Willett, 142 Fifth Avenue, New York City; Hiram C. Haden, 173 Bellflower Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio; Edward B. Smith, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City; William Willard Howard, 17 Broadway, New York City.

For the purpose of extending its business by the construction in New York City of a larger factory for the manufacture on an extensive scale of all grades and colors of printing inks, the parent corporation now offers for sale a limited allotment of its capital stock at the low price of fifty cents a share (par value, $1.00, full-paid and non assessable.)

When this sale is closed (which may be at any time without notice), the price of stock will be advanced to $1.00 a share.

Subscriptions to this allotment of stock should be sent to Mr William Willard Howard, Treasurer, 17 Broadway, New York City

Circulars describing the enterprise in detail will be sent free to any address on application.