Revelations in High Finance.

Public attention has lately been centered upon two events of unusual importance in the financial world. These are the reduction of the dividend of the United States Steel corporation's common stock from 1 to one-half of 1 per cent for the current quarter and the revelations concerning the organization and financing of the United States Shipbuilding company. While separate and distinct propositions, they are more or less associated in the public mind by reason of the identity of some of the men prominently mentioned in connection with both concerns.

The reduction of the dividend of the Steel corporation is announced to be due to the fact that the earnings of the company have fallen off $4,642,608 for the third quarter of this year as compared with the same quarter of 1902, and some thirty odd thousand stockholders are affected by it. The action of the company is generally regarded by the financial press as "wise and conservative," Dun's review declaring that "the wisdom of the directors in following so conservative a course will be generally approved." Bradstreet's also describes the act as conservative and adds that "unless conditions improve there is no assurance that even the dividend rate of one-half of 1 per cent can be maintained with propriety and safety." Whether wise or otherwise, it seems apparent that wisdom came very late to the directors of the greatest corporation in the world. The promoters and underwriters of the most gigantic concern that this era of industrial and financial combination has produced are at least fairly exposed to the charge of having put the common stock on a 4 per cent dividend basis for the essential purpose of helping them market the securities. On this point the New York Evening Post says:

"If dividends, otherwise inadvisable, may rightly be paid to induce investors to give up their money, then the practices of the Flakes and Goulds a generation since have a powerful defense. Indeed the Consolidated Lake Superior concern might quite as readily plead that it had to pay least year 7 per cent dividends, though on the verge of financial disaster, because on no other basis could the stock be "distributed." In the Lake Superior case the policy meant bankruptcy; in the Steel corporation's case it, of course, means nothing of the kind. But the dangerous principle is asserted in the one instance as in the other.

In the realm of high finance there may be nothing in all this that is questionable, nothing at least that is indictable. The shipbuilding case, however, presents much more serious aspects, as in this there are exhibited in plain sight the very worst and most shameful phases of the trust booming craze. It is not to be wondered that there is a slump in the stock market after people who are expected to "invest in securities" see how these "securities" are manufactured and read how irresponsible and ignorant "dummy" directors are employed for $20 to manipulate properties valued at $70,000,000; when they hear how our leading financial lights pay $30,000,000 for $7,000,000 plants, and how the "venders" arrange to unload the shares thus obtained upon the unsuspecting public before the character of the deal is found out. The revelations of the investigation of the shipbuilding trust organization in New York, coming on top of the recent discussions regarding overcapitalization, shrinking of earnings, reduction and passing of dividends, etc., are well calculated not only to weaken the stock market, but to upset confidence in the methods of some of our best known capitalists and financiers, methods which in the commoner and less gigantic affairs of business might not wholly escape the cognizance of grand juries.

Governor William H. Hunt of Porto Rico makes an unofficial report in the columns of the Independent upon the history of the third year of civil government in that island under the American flag. He finds that all the results "which stand for the real welfare of a community—equal political rights, free education, just criminal laws, equal taxation and material growth"—are satisfying and gratifying. The house of delegates has had four sessions and passed wise laws. The courts are respected, and crime is punished. The schools are overcrowded. Modern sanitation is in vogue, and the death rate is decreasing. Merchants are adopting American business methods. The native troops are soldierly and loyal. Law and order exist and "co-operation between a large majority of the natives and the governing authorities has marked the course of events."

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

It Costs Less.

If you wish to keep your friends living away posted as to things doing in Andover, just remember the News, sent every week, will be cheaper than a letter every week, and will give them more information. tf

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If you have anything to buy, sell or exchange, you can reach almost every family in this section with an item in the News. Only 5 cents a line. tf

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An International Language.

With the growth of commerce and the interchange of intelligence throughout the world there is a growing demand for a universal language. The inestimable benefits of such a medium of communication are apparent, and human ingenuity, which has to its credit so many marvelous achievements in recent years, ought to be able to accomplish this. Something has been done in this direction, though the growth of the movement is slow.

Artificial languages have been devised for intercourse with native peoples in various sections of the world. For instance, in Chinese ports all foreigners employ "pigeon English;" in India Hindoostanee serves the same purpose; in the northwest of this country and Canada intercourse with the Indians is carried on in Chinook, a jargon introduced to this end by the Hudson Bay company. These in a crude way have answered their purpose fairly well and enabled people of different languages to have intelligent intercourse with each other.

In recent years various attempts have been made at devising and introducing an artificial language for universal use. "Volapuk" was much talked of for a time, but it was so arbitrary and so barren that it appears to have been almost wholly abandoned. Better fortune seems to be attending a later attempt called "Esperanto," which is said to have achieved remarkable popularity in Europe, numbering its adherents already by the hundred thousand. The prospects for its success are enhanced by the fact that one of the foremost publishing houses of Paris has lately taken it up, publishing manuals and vocabularies in "Esperanto" for all the leading languages of the world. The works of classic and standard authors have also been translated into it, and a newspaper is issued as its organ.

"Esperanto" is the result of twelve years of study on the part of a Russian linguist of German descent, Dr. L. Zemenhof. It is a remarkable scientific achievement and has been indorsed by some of the foremost philologists both of Europe and this country. Professor Henry Phillips, Jr., secretary of the American Philosophical society, says of "Esperanto:" "Being based upon modern European tongues, its vocabulary is mainly already in the possession of every person of any pretensions to education. Its extreme simplicity of grammar and the ease with which new words can be created must especially recommend it to every class of readers."

Unique Campaign Against Profanity.

The Young Men's Christian association of Waukesha, Wis., a place famous for two rival beverages, water and beer, has begun a rather novel campaign against profanity. The members arm themselves with small cards on which is printed the third commandment and hand these cards to any one whom they find swearing in public. Swearing in private, so far as the account shows, is not to be interfered with.

The person who prepared the cards did well to assume a tone of banter rather than exhortation. After quoting the commandment the card cites "ten good reasons why every respectable thinking man should swear just as often and hard as he can." "Because it is such an elegant way of expressing one's thoughts," is the first reason, "because it is such a sure way of making oneself agreeable to his friends," "because it is conclusive proof of good breeding and taste," etc.

This suggests the plan of the dramatist in Sheridan's "Critic," who proposed in his next play to present house-breaking in so ridiculous a light that all the burglars in downright shame would reform at once.

However, the Waukesha plan, or indeed any plan which will check the disgusting and senseless habit of profanity, all too common throughout the country, is to be commended.

If your pearls have lost their luster you have only to procure a fresh water mussel, place the lusterless article within the mantle of the mollusk and allow both to remain undisturbed in the water of a spring for several months. That is what a certain jeweler said he did with a pearl weighing five grains when inserted into the mussel and which not only gained nearly a grain in weight, but had wholly regained its lost brilliancy.

The water supply of New York city will be drawn from three sources up the state. If these should not furnish the necessary quantity the Jersey corporations might be tapped. There is said to be water enough in them to flood a good-sized community.

Doubtless some bloomin' Britishers will insist that Sir Thomas Lipton's indigestion was due to "the beastly Hamerican cooking, dontcherknow."

It does not appear that the taking of Kastoria has given the sultan any considerable relief. He is still the same, "sick man of Europe."

The summer is gone officially, but there may be a few slightly shopworn days left over.

PUNGENT REASONS.

Democratic County Convention Tells Why It is Against the Barge Canal.

Some of our barge canal friends still say they want reasons why their pet scheme should not be adopted. The following are those given in resolutions adopted unanimously by the Schuyler county Democratic convention:

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of Schuyler county, in convention assembled, hereby declare our emphatic and unalterable opposition to the $101,000,000 canal enlargement proposition to be submitted to vote at the coming election for the following reasons:

First—Because the present capacity of the canal is far in excess of the demands made upon it.

Second.—Because if increased capacity were needed it could be made at much less expense.

Third.—Because any benefits that might be derived from the enlarged canal would not be in proportion to the proposed enormous cost.

Fourth.—Because the $9,000,000 appropriated a few years ago for canal improvement was not wisely expended, and we believe that in the light of past experience another and larger appropriation now would be injudicious.

Fifth.—Because the proposed canal enlargement, like nearly all other public jobs, would very likely cost far more than the original estimated sum, probably not less than $200,000,000.

Sixth.—Because bonding the state for this vast sum would be imposing a gigantic and needless burden upon the present and several succeeding generations without any adequate return.

Seventh.—Because the enlarged or reconstructed canal would benefit the western states rather than the state of New York, and if it is to be built at all the expense should be borne by the federal government.

Resolved, That for the reasons set forth above we pledge ourselves to do whatever we can to defeat the proposition and invite voters of all political parties to assist us at the ballot box.

Same Old Story.

According to government crop reports, our farmers have raised collectively crops of a greater aggregate value than everybody else in the country combined. Five billion dollars seems to be the grand total, or more than a billion in corn, half a billion in wheat, a quarter billion in oats, another half billion in cotton, as also in hay; potatoes and rye together, $750,000,000; buckwheat and barley, $70,000,000; honey, $15,000,000; fruits of orchard and berries, $200,000,000; dairy products, $450,000,000, etc.; total aggregate, $5,000,000,000—a good, fat row of figures, and all piled up by the "horny handed sons of toil," who have paid out wages to the amount of $250,000,000.

It is true that factories of all kinds have an output for the same period of $13,000,000,000, and, while the 5,400,000 workmen in them earned about $2,840,000,000, the 10,200,000 farm hands received only $350,400,000. But, then, the farm hand got his "keep."

As usual, all the forces of nature and all the bugs in creation have united to war against the farmer, entailing a loss of some $250,000,000. But what's that? A mere drop in the bucket, a bucket that holds a cool $5,000,000,000. No wonder the farmer feels pretty well, thank you. He ought to.

The California grape growers offer a prize of $25,000 to any inventor who can devise a process for producing cream of tartar from grapes. But the inventors are all busy now trying to get the $50,000 offered by the state of Texas for a remedy for the boll weevil.

It does not necessarily follow that because Alfred Lyttleton was a crack cricket player he will be a star secretary for the colonies of Great Britain.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Hayland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to day she is perfectly well. Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for coughs and colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by O. E. Vars & Son.

SHYLOCK

Shylock was the man who wanted a pound of human flesh. There are many Shylocks now, the convalescent, the consumptive, the sickly child, the pale young woman, all want human flesh and they can get it—take Scott's Emulsion.

Scott's Emulsion is flesh and blood, bone and muscle. It feeds the nerves, strengthens the digestive organs and they feed the whole body.

For nearly thirty years Scott's Emulsion has been the great giver of human flesh.

We will send you a couple of ounces free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT.

Our trade in this Department so far this season has been larger than we ever expected, showing to us that our method of doing business in these lines is the correct way, and is being appreciated by the people of Wellsville and vicinity. Our prices for the quality and style shown are the lowest, making our sales in the season that gives to the purchaser an entire season's use of her garment at a price that would usually be asked at so-called closing-out prices elsewhere, at end of season.

We are receiving additions every day on our tailor and large line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Suits, Skirts and Coats. OUR SPECIAL THIS WEEK IS A LADIES' TAILORED SUIT, regular price $21.00, for $14.75.

Agents for W. B. Corsets, $1.00, $1.50, $2.75.

La Reine Kid Gloves, $1.00. Sterling Kid Gloves $1.50.

HIGGINS BROS. & McPHERSON,

25 27 N. Main St., op. Howell House, WELLSVILLE, N. Y.

The New Pure Food Law.

In view of the uncertainty as to the scope of his powers under the new pure food law, which went into effect July 1, particularly in regard to the source of adulterated and unbranded food, the secretary of agriculture has obtained an opinion from the attorney general which assures him that he may confiscate impure or misbranded food imported from other countries, but holds that it will be impossible for him to reach the unscrupulous American manufacturer who imports separately the several ingredients, makes them into a commodity in one state and sends them into another state labeled as having been produced in the state into which they are shipped for sale.

So far as misbranding dairy foods is concerned, however, this form of deception may be reached by the Sherman act of 1902, which punishes those who introduce into any state or territory any dairy products which are falsely labeled as to the state in which they are produced.

The greater and more prevalent evil in the way of food frauds in this country is the labeling of a foreign article as the product of some particular state or territory in which it does not originate. "New York full cream cheese," made in some other state than New York, for instance, is placed upon the market in large quantities. "Pure olive oil from Italy," made entirely from cotton seed oil from the southern states, and "pure Vermont maple sugar," made from Ohio sugar, are sold in many grocery stores throughout the country.

While this form of misbranding is perhaps not a serious menace to the public health, it ought in justice to the manufacturer of the genuine articles, as well as to the public, to be stopped. It is clearly a violation of the Sherman pure food law, and, according to the attorney general, the manufacturer of the spurious articles may be proceeded against by the secretary of agriculture.

Owing to the congestion on the railroads it is proposed to revive freight traffic on the Missouri river. There is no good reason why it should ever have been abandoned.

Ran a Ten Penny Nail Through His Hand.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten penny nail thru the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says. "And immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and recommended it afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale by O. E. Vars & Son, Andover, and N. E. Coston, Greenwood.

The County Fair.

The county fair, which during the past month in many sections of the country has been the prime attraction of rural dwellers, is an educational as well as recreative institution which deserves to be perpetuated. Nowhere is our national life more distinctive and picturesque than at the county fair, the legitimate successor of the harvest home, where after the gathering of the crops the rural folk meet for social intercourse and the exhibition of their choicest products. As an institution it has existed in one form or another ever since man discovered that he had a neighbor. Although primarily a market, its social aspect has always been important, and increasingly so since modern methods made trade less difficult. More and more it has served to bring the country people into closer touch with one another and the outside world. It has helped, through the exhibits of improved agricultural machinery, to lessen the farmer's toil and increase his harvests and, not less important, has widened his intellectual horizon and stimulated his interest in men and things not related to his immediate occupation.

There is a tendency in some quarters to lament the alleged decadence of the county fair, the criticism being that various attractions of the "midway" order are in danger of dimming the glory of the farm and domestic products which once enjoyed undisputed pre-eminence. Possibly there is a basis of truth in the complaint, but it must be remembered that times change, and fairs change with them, and if the county fair of today is not cast in the same mold as forty years ago neither is the modern farmer. Innovations and changes, mainly for the better, have been made, but in its essential features the good old county fair remains, and so it will remain as one of the potent forces for progress in American country life, which is after all the basis of our national well being.

A National Tropical Park.

The wisdom of the federal government under varying and various administrations in the establishment and maintenance of national parks and forest reserves is not generally questioned, and the people of the United States will learn with interest if not with approval of the suggestion to establish a national park in Porto Rico which will rival the Yellowstone in varied and strange natural phenomena.

Dr. John C. Gifford of the bureau of forestry at Washington, who has been exploring the Luguillo reservation in eastern Porto Rico, has found an area which would make an ideal tropical park. In this region, now almost wholly unoccupied, abound strange and unknown plants, fruits, animals and insects. In reaching it Dr. Gifford and his party crossed El Yungue range at its highest point, where it is claimed no white man has gone since the days of the Spanish explorers four centuries ago. To get through this region it was necessary for the peons who accompanied Dr. Gifford to cut pathways with their machetes.

Beautiful streams were found tumbling over precipices hundreds of feet high, affording valuable water power. In some of these streams natives were "panning" gold that netted them from 50 cents to $1 a day each. Huge aromatic gum trees, from the gum of which natives make candles, a great abundance of tropical fruits and strange botanical specimens and insects were found.

As the result of Dr. Gifford's researches there is talk in Washington of establishing in this fascinating region a great tropical park, which at comparatively small expense could, it is said, be made one of the wonders of the world.

Mrs. Russell Sage apparently finds no serious difficulties and vexations in the house servant problem, as she says: "How to keep servants should be no problem to any woman of today. There is no secret about it—it rests in the domesticity of the woman of the house. If a woman is domestic in her taste, if she loves her home, if she takes an interest in the little things of the day, if she treats her servants with plain, everyday kindness, she will have little difficulty in keeping them with her as long as she pleases." Perhaps some of the poor housewives who complain so bitterly about their servants and find them so hard to keep have not thought to try Mrs. Sage's simple plan.

Some of the gentlemen whose names are connected with the postal scandals who declare that they court a thorough investigation appear to be prejudiced against hasty courtships.

The whisky trust is increasing its plants, and the Master Brewers' association reports an augmented demand for beer. Is this an evidence of prosperity?

President Castro, who has succeeded in accumulating a floating debt to foreign powers of $45,000,000, missed his calling when he did not go into Wall street.

Despite the engineering difficulties it will apparently not be as difficult to complete the Panama canal as it is to get it started.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

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THE ALLEGANY SANITARIUM,
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Rest Cure, Scientific Treatment of all Diseases
Baths, Electricity, Massage, Home Comforts,
Baths for Ladies and Gentlemen.
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DELEVAN HOUSE,
HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.
Rates $1.00 and $1.25 per Day. Meals 25c. Good Barn Attached.
27 and 29 Broad St., 3 doors from Opera House
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AUCTIONEER.
P. O. Address, ANDOVER, N. Y.
Residence, VORHEES HILL, 3 Miles South of Andover.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

When you go to Hornellsville stop at
THE OSBORNE,
WITH BRAINARD & MARVIN.

LUNCHES
AT ALL HOURS.
JAMES CANNON,
North Main Street, Andover

EDWARD KINNEY,
Has a full line of Confectionery Tobacco and Cigars.
All the latest Newspapers and Magazines. Prices right.
Old post office block, Andover, N. Y.

From the Greenwood Times

Interesting Steuben News

Gathered from all Sources in and Around the County. Arranged for the Busy Readers.

Severely Scalded.

The water glass burst in an Erie engine in the yards and Albert Lake, of Hornellsville, a fireman on his first run was quite badly scalded. He was attended at the Corning hospital by Dr. Sproul in the absence of Erie Surgeon Argue.

Hornellsville Young Man to Marry Young Lady of Sayre.

John J. Holleran, of Hornellsville, who is at present employed in the Sayre, Pa. shops, is about to wed Miss Mary Labert, a very popular young lady of that place. The wedding will take place on Wednesday, October 21, at 2 o'clock, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's mother.

Found Dead on Kitchen Floor.

Mrs. Jennie Sturdevant who has lived in Hornellsville a number of years was found dead in her home Sunday morning. She was 65 years old and lived alone. As she had not been feeling well lately she arranged to have a neighbor call at the house every morning. Upon doing so Sunday morning no response was heard from the call, and on going to the kitchen she was astonished to find her lying on the floor dead. A son living in Corning and one brother of Michigan survives.

A Love Letter.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed salve for sores, burns or piles. Otto Dodd of Ponder, Mo., writes: "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it." It's the best salve on earth. 25c at O. E. Vars & Son's Drug Store.

Mrs. Elizabeth Akers Allen of New York, speaking to Borosis, said: "The other day a woman perhaps forty-eight years old was run down by a carriage. The fact that she was expensively dressed, evidently refined and had in her pocketbook several hundred dollars did not save her from an item in one of the New York dailies headed 'An Old Woman Upset.'" Granting that the headline is somewhat ill mannered and inaccurate, it is difficult to see just what the money and the clothes had to do with the case.

It is hardly becoming in us to make sarcastic remarks over the fact that Germany is still selling rifles and cartridges to the Turks. If he tried, the sultan would no doubt be able to buy American canned meat and Missouri mules.

The salubrious climate of Bermuda apparently just suits the forty Boer prisoners who thus far have refused to take the oath of allegiance to the present government of the Transvaal.

While the weather sharps are predicting a mild winter Brother Baer is reported as saying that it will not be warm unless the consumers have the price.

The surgeon general of the navy has requested that specimens of all kinds of mosquitoes be sent to him. Perhaps he intends to turn them loose on the enemy in the event of war.

The New York trolley car conductor who dropped dead of heart failure the other day had doubtless just heard a lady thank a poor man for getting up and giving her his seat.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if every one knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

For Sale.

House and Lot on East avenue, head of Center street. Inquire of L. C. Van Fleet.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles.—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

T. G. WOOSTER & BRO

WATCH US GROW GROWING ALL THE TIME.

The Gates of Wonderland will be opened Friday and Saturday of this week. The Fall Opening Decorations admired so much by thousands who have seen our Fall Display, our Dry Goods, Ladies' and Childrens' Ready-to-wear Garments, Furs, Crockery and Wall Paper. In fact, we are able to supply everything for the home and wearing apparel.

The growth of business during the past year has been phenomenal. Every branch has reached out for more space, and it has been liberally given. The store is undergoing a kaleidoscopic change and you will find many charming surprises at every turn. We want you to visit it from top to bottom and enjoy the preparations made for the enjoyment and comfort of our patrons. We have in store for you many surprises in high grade superior designs and low prices.

"Woman Makes the Home."

"It is a woman, and only a woman, a woman all by herself, if she likes and without any man to help her, who can turn a house into a home." True there's no store in the land that can be of such help to her as Woosters' when it comes to furnishing it complete, together with her wearing apparel.

Our Royal Gloves for Women.

We call special attention to our 89c Kid Gloves, black, white and colors. Skin selected with great care. Put together by past masters of art, in the art of glove-making.

A splendid line of those manish Gloves for street wear.

A new line of a stock collar, from 25c to $2.00.

Also a choice line of Embroidery to p Collars just received.

In Veils.

We have some special new things to offer, including the latest patterns in black, two-tone and Complexion Veils.

American Wrappers.

For 37½c, we have a specially fine line of these from 50c to $3.00. Various trimmings, with embroidery and lace tucks. America's choicest patterns.

New Hosiery and Underwear.

From America and abroad, for men and women. It is well understood that we have some of the best talent in these lines in the city. Our aim is to have something different from anyone else. We have fully succeeded in our effort for those who have seen our line say that we have not only the cheapest but the most complete selection here.

Waist Lengths.

50c a yard, usually 65 and 75c.

5 Casks of Dinnerware Just Received.

Two beautiful Floral Decoratices some with gold handle and clouded gold edge.

American Porcelain Set.

$6.89 to $12.00.

English Porcelain Set.

From $14.48 to $24.00.

Limoges G. D. A. China.

From $16.87 to the Haveland set for $50.00.

30c Cotton Warp China Matting for 19c.

Most Astonishing Values in Tailor-Made Dresses and Walking Skirts.

7 gore, full flare bottom, trimmed with stitching, lined and unlined. $2.98.

Walking Skirt.

Of mixed Tweed, Lymansville Cheviot, 7 gore, flared bottom, stylish new collared, stitched lap, seam trimmed with bands of self material. $5.98.

One of the Prettiest Silk Skirts.

Entirely new shape with flare at bottom, elaborately trimmed with bands of Taffeta, made over Taffeta silk. $12.00.

Saturday Will Be Children's Day as Well as the Grand Opening For Ladies' Coats and Suits.

But the Children's Coats will be given special attention. We have Coats ranging from $2.00 to $16.00 and in these we have some special values.

Our Notion Counter is Specially Attractive These Days.

T. G. Wooster & Bro.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Mfg's. of Home Furnishings,
133-7 MAIN ST., HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.
Leading Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

MRS. NATION THERE.

But Dowie Would Not Let Her Ask Questions.

ZION GUARDS HUSTLED HER OUT.

Madison Square Garden Scene of Great Disorder—Speaker's Invectives Were Interrupted by Hisses and Shouts of Disapproval—Wife and Son Leave for Australia Soon.

John G. Dowie, Oct. 21.—Dr. John Alexander Dowie talked for two hours last night before a great throng in Madison Square garden, denouncing the clergy and the press. When he began the huge garden was crowded. In half an hour the crowd began to surge out, but the police refused to admit late comers, saying they feared a riot.

It was with some difficulty that any remblance of order was kept. The speaker's denouncing of invective was repeatedly interrupted with hisses and shouts of disapproval.

Carrie Nation, who occupied a seat near the front, asked Dowie to answer some questions. He refused and someone ordered her to sit down. Dowie then praised the spirit in which Mrs. Nation had warred on the saloon, but said she used wrong methods. Mrs. Nation again demanded the privilege of asking questions. At once Zion guards hustled her out.

Immediately a rush for exits was made. The meeting was one of continuous disorder. Dr. Dowie attacked Rev. Dr. R. S. Henson, Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, J. P. Morgan and others and announced that hereafter he intended to keep the newspaper reporters out of his meetings.

Dowie's chief aids, his wife and his son, will leave from Boston Saturday for a trip to England and Australia, where Mrs. Dowie's family still lives. They will be absent until next July.

PARKHURST TO DOWIE.

Says He Attended Meetings In a Kindly Spirit but Was Disgusted.

New York, Oct. 21. — The Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst has sent the following open letter to Mr. Dowie:

"Rev. John Alexander Dowie:

"Dear Sir.—I do not want to be presuming, but doubt if it is any more presumptive in me to come and try to clarify you than it is for you to come and try to clarify New York, and I do not know which of us has taken the heavier contract.

"I attended your service at Madison Square garden last evening, and I went determined to enjoy it if I could and to be benefited by it, and to go away and refute some of the charges that I had heard alleged against you. But it was of no use; your behavior on the platform crushed every throb of sympathy I had with you. I never heard from a public speaker such a discharge of effervescent wrath and coarse invective. I went to hear you preach the Gospel and you preached Dowie, Zion City, stink pot.'

"I was ashamed for you, and almost ashamed to be in your audience. It was a long way below the standard even of the circuses that I have attended in the same garden. The only consolation I could derive was that it was so abominable and so far beyond the bounds of the respectable that even those in your congregation who did not know what Christianity is would have no idea that it had anything to do with what you were saying.

"Of course the ridiculousness of the performance was only enhanced by the immensity of your pretensions. If you claimed to be only an ordinary man there might be some hope for you, even with what you call the "rabble," but the rabble is discriminating and can discriminate as keenly as the keenest between a prophet and a juggler, between an Elijah and a mountebank.

"I say this in no spirit of anger but either your head is twisted or your heart infected, or you have blundered badly in your method. You cannot bully people into Zionism nor blackguard them into the kingdom of heaven. I hope you will take this in the kindly spirit in which it is offered and that it will be blessed to you. Yours sincerely,

"C. H. Parkhurst."

Examination of Motormen.

New York, Oct. 21.—The motormen employed by the Interborough Rapid Transit company are awaiting the arrival of the grand chiefs of the two brotherhoods of engineers and firemen and in the meantime making no move in the strained situation resulting from a failure of the officers and employers to agree on a method of conducting examination of motormen.

Smoke Into His House.

[illegible] Cavendish, Vt., was [illegible] primary health by inhaling smoke consisting [illegible] When [illegible] Life Pills broke up [illegible] attack and he was soon completely cured. They're guaranteed to cure. 25c at O. E. Vars & Son's drug store.

Preserving Southern Forests.

The forestry experts are beginning to discuss the question of preserving the southern forests both from neglect and from fire. They are beginning none too soon, as the chief part of the timber supply of the country, both pine and hard wood, is now in the southern states. The pine of the northwest has been largely removed by fires and cutting, and what remains in Maine and other eastern states will be used up in paper making.

Few people have any idea of the extent of the southern forests. The hard wood is found in the mountain districts of the Virginias, Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee and northern Mississippi and some in the forests of Arkansas and northern Louisiana. The fine southern pine, which is such a favorite wood for building and for interior finish, grows over a belt following the coast line from Virginia to Texas. According to the New Orleans Picayune, this belt is 2,000 miles long, averages about 200 miles wide and embraces an area of more than 250,000,000 acres. It seems an enormous area, but the yellow pine is cut at the rate of 10,000,000,000 feet of lumber a year. At this rate it will take but a few years to use up that last considerable area of pine stumpage, and unless some steps are taken to preserve them the end of the forests north and south is in sight.

Writing in the current number of Forestry and Irrigation, Mr. H. C. Putnam, a civil engineer who has had long experience in northern and southern forests, suggests two measures for forest preservation. The first is to protect the small trees and the seedlings after the large trees have been cut. He says the southern pine lands have a marvelous capacity for reseeding themselves, even when they have been cultivated. His second measure is protection against fire, to which the resinous southern pine is peculiarly liable. Notwithstanding this the people in the pine belt are as heedless and careless as are those in the northern forests, and this, too, when "these states are worth more today, acre for acre, for the forests they can grow with the cheapest kind of care than for the corn and cotton which they produce."

The Automobile Scorcher.

One of the minor English poets has written the epic of the automobile scorcher, which reads:

Honk! Honk!
Eager, lascious
Snorteth the horn,
As who should ejaculate,
"Out of my way,
Contemptible crawlers."
A marvelous melody,
Simpler and sweeter
Than Wagner's or Strauss'—
Pup-pup! Kling-kang! Honk! Honk!
Pip-pip!

This fairly describes the recklessness of the auto scorcher and his machine. They run amuck through thoroughfares with apparent disregard of danger either to others or themselves. When a pedestrian or a passenger in a carriage or wagon is run over and killed the event is deplorable from every point of view, but when a mad amateur chauffeur kills himself or hurries to destruction those who intrust their safety to his wholly irresponsible care—well, the matter presents itself in a somewhat different light. If there was any hope that a narrow escape would cause him to reform and thereafter respect not only his own safety, but the rights of others, one could wish him thus warned and spared any worse calamity than might be necessary for the due impressment of the lesson upon his mind and memory.

In the economy of nature there are provided checks upon the too rapid increase of dangerous creatures, and where no other enemy is available the dangerous creature becomes his own deadly enemy. The operation of the same law of nature may serve to check the automobile scorcher if nothing else will stop him in his mad career of destruction.

More Distinguished Visitors.

Of the many delegations from the old world that have come here to learn how we do things in the new world, none has been more distinguished or more eminent in our consideration than the party of eminent educators coming from England under the leadership of Alfred Mosely to study our educational system. They are some thirty in number and include headmasters of prominence and gentlemen engaged in the administration of education or school boards, etc., a number of others of political and social influence. The plan is that of Mr. Mosely, and it is carried out at his expense. In that regard and in the scope of the inquiry, the character of those engaged in it and the effect that it may be supposed to have on the educational interests of our sister country it is extremely important, and it is unique.

The itinerary of the party will embrace most of the educational centers of the country. In New York the study of the visitors will extend to the public schools, the normal college and the ethical culture schools, as well as to Columbia university. Yale, Harvard, Pennsylvania and Johns Hopkins universities will follow in the order named. In other states, Chicago and Ann Arbor will be included, and some of the party may go as far as California, and on returning to New York state Ithaca, Schenectady and Albany will be points for the inquiry.

The results of their inquiries will be embodied in a series of reports which will be carefully prepared and collated and will be published and distributed to educational institutions throughout the United Kingdom. These reports will be awaited with keenest interest by the educators of this country, and it is certain if we have something to teach which makes it worth while for the English educators to conduct such an inquiry we cannot fail to gain advantage through comment and criticism from such competent and distinguished observers. It speaks well for the reputation of our educational system and institutions that they should come here on such a mission.

It seems to be a pretty hard job to arrange a European concert that will not involve the danger of a quarrel over the box office receipts.

Can't Stand It.

Constant backache—
Tired all the time.
Nerves on edge.
Distressing Urinary troubles.
Hard to keep up
With any Kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Relieve the aches of a bad back promptly—cure all Kidney and Bladder troubles.

Mr. Howard D. Jutton, of 1818 Grape street, tinsmith at Collins' shop, Oswego street, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "I became lame and sore across the loins so that I could scarcely get around. Mr. N. H. Cowles, my employer, advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, but I paid no attention. I kept growing worse, and, as tinning roof after roof is very hard on a man's back, I got so bad that I resorted to remedies. Those I tried did me no good, so I went to Mr. Cowles and asked him what he advised me to get, as I had forgotten the name. He said: 'Doan's Kidney Pills will fix you up all right, for they cured me; you can see for yourself what they did, and take two or three boxes if it is necessary.' Well, I got them, and I felt better by the time I had used half of the first box. Three boxes cured me, and I have not been troubled since."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold at all drug stores; 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

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Confessions of a Priest.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox, of Wake, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from yellow jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for twenty years." If you want a reliable medicine for liver and kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by O. E. Vars & Son.

The Strenuous Life.

Every day the system needs a certain quantity of nutritious matter to supply the deficiencies of the day before. The building up process must take place at the breakfast table. "If" the new cereal food is used and furnishes that material. It consists of "If" for the entire body for the strenuous trials of the day. "If" is made of selected wheat. "If" has a taste to it. One dish makes you want another. You can eat "If" at any meal. At grocers everywhere.

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