CLOTHING

That reputation pronounces best is the

SCHAUL & ROOSA.

kind. It isn't for to day, to morrow or next week that you buy a suit of clothes or overcoat. Clothes are bought to serve—the longer the better. The better the clothes the better they look even to the last day.

You can't get service or appearance out of poor workmanship. A thrown-together, pressed-up suit may look all right for a week—then comes the time of kinks and dissatisfaction.

SCHAUL & ROOSA Clothing is made to serve long and well—to keep its shape—to look dressy as long as you want to wear it. That is the kind of clothing it pays to buy.

Men's Suits. $8 to $25.
Men's Overcoats. $8 to $35.

And your money back for the asking if not satisfied.

SCHAUL & ROOSA,
130 MAIN ST., HORNELSVILLE N. Y.

George Bruce has finished the remodeling of the old day coach of the N. Y. & Pa. railroad, and it now appears as a United States mail coach.

Mike Hyland called in Canisteo last week

Mrs. Harry Cheesman was in Hornell City Wednesday.

The prize to the fairest girl in town fell to Clara Johnson by a decided vote at the medicine show.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Reynolds of South Main street entertained their son Wesley and wife Tuesday.

Vinnie Mallory was in Canisteo last week.

George York is visiting at M. Knight's. Mr. York has taken the G. M. Webster farm for the ensuing year to work on shares.

Sunday night was one of the bluster nights of the season. The wind sat on its hind legs and howled.

Miss Ora Dennis visited Ellen Young Wednesday.

Miss Grace King of Bennett's Creek spent last week among friends in Greenwood.

Theodore Cobb and sons were in Hornellsville Saturday, to sit for a photograph in commemoration of Mr. Cobb's birthday.

Mrs. Monroe Cheesman of South Main street we are glad to learn is convalescent.

Mrs. Jane Shelley returned Saturday from a two months visit with her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Eagan, at St. Mary's, Pa.

Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Smith were in Hornellsville Saturday.

Randall Steptens visited Maple City Saturday.

H. A. York was at home from Clara, Pa., over Sunday, returning Monday afternoon.

Dr. Stewart of Cameron made a professional visit to Greenwood Monday.

Elias Hilliker killed one of his horses Monday.

The Farmers' Mutual Telephone Co. are putting a line from Rough & Ready over the hill to Rexville.

School Commissioner Meeks of Canisteo was the guest of David Travis Sunday.

AMONG OUR NEIGHBORS.

GREENWOOD.

Ono Crane was in Canisteo and Hornellsville Wednesday.

Mrs. Carrie Folsome visited in Canisteo last week.

George Alvord of Hornellsville visited relatives in town last Thursday.

Rush Brown of Hayes' Corners called in town Friday.

Mrs. F. O. Davis and son Lee of Stoneham, Mass., are at D. B. Ersley's called here by the serious illness of Mrs. M. R. Crane.

The Sunday-morning-quiet this week was somewhat disturbed by an alleged case of assault and battery.

Revival meetings will be at the M. E. church this week.

Mrs. Delia Knight returned Thursday to her home in Michigan.

Dr. Vaughan of Rexville was called Friday to visit the sick child of Patrick Kernan in Jasper.

F. S. Rogers made a business trip to Hornellsville Saturday.

Mead Freeland, formerly of Greenwood, now of Oswayo, is being entertained by relatives here this week.

Mrs. David Ferris entertained Mrs. Edwin Ferris and children of Hornellsville last week.

Mrs. Gertrude Phillips of Whitesville school spent Sunday at her home in Hornellsville.

Frank Knight was in Hornell City a couple of days last week.

Mrs. Bertha Webster was entertained by Mrs. A. Knight in Hornellsville Saturday.

A party from this place went to Andover Wednesday night to a dance.

Miss Marie Woodward, who was called home by the death of her grandfather, returned to her school at Lima Saturday.

Norman Knight visited his sister on West Hill Sunday.

Menzo Knight, George Williamson and Fred Miner were in Canisteo Friday, called as witnesses in the action against Bailey for running horses in the highway. Jury disagreed.

M. F. Smith of Hornellsville attended the funeral of G. D. Woodward Tuesday of last week.

George Burger and Bluna Cheesman visited Mrs. Benoni Young at Canisteo Thursday.

Mrs. Freeman S. Rogers suffered an attack of heart failure last week. It was feared that she was suffering from a paralytic stroke. She is much better at this writing.

Fred White talks of opening a blacksmith shop in Jasper.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. James Dongan of West Greenwood died Saturday.

Theodore Cobb was the guest of George Webster Friday.

Bertha Burger called on Canisteo friends last week.

NOW THEN, CLEAR THE WAY,

and prepare for immediate action. We are still at the front and will demonstrate the fact with an offer that will throw all previous efforts in the shade. This special offer consists of MEN'S WINTER SUITS and OVERCOATS—genuine $15 garments that we will now sell at $8.50. Do not delay, as the garments will not last long at these prices.

Men's $15 Suits and Overcoats for $8.50

This [illegible] styles [illegible] and trimmed the [illegible] This is the opportunity of the season, where nothing buyers can get the most for their money. Remember that they are actual $15 garments that go to [illegible] for.....$8.50

DON'T FORGET THE BOY who must necessarily be looked after, we place on hire a special line of KNEE PANT SUITS the quality and price of which must attract your attention and bring you here. These suits are made from selected all wool fabrics—perfect in style and fit—and the best value ever offered for the money they are absolutely $4 and $450 values, there they go for.....$2.75

Boys' Reefers
Boys' Overcoats
Men's Reefers
Men's Ulsters
Men's Leather Coats
Men's Jersey Shirts
Men's Underwear

To miss this money-saving opportunity will be a great mistake on your part.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Star Clothing House,

Leading Clothiers and Furnishers,
Nos. 109-111 Main Street. 6-8 Church Street,
Hornellsville, New York.
Sole Agency Dunlap Hats.

GREENWOOD HILL.

Our thaw caught cold.

Miss Ethel Van Order visited Miss Mary Hurst Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Baker went to Hornellsville last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Mullen made a business trip to Hornellsville Friday.

A. R. Mead and wife visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Estes one day last week.

Mrs. P. A. Mead is visiting at the home of her daughter Mrs. Ben Conley.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Stearns are the proud grandparents of a bouncing boy born to Mr. and Mrs Shuba Tuller last Tuesday morning, February 3.

Better Than Gold.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicine I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, rundown women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by O. E. Vars & Son.

TOWN TRANSFORMED

EXCELLENT WORK OF A VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT SOCIETY.

How the Association Secured New Street Pavements and Beautified Public Buildings and Front and Back Yards.

A town in Illinois that is the envy of the county in which it is situated owing to its clean streets, beautiful lawns and well kept public buildings owes its appearance solely to the efforts of a village improvement society. In speaking of the work of this society its president recently said:

"Although our town today is one of the prettiest in the state and many desirable residents are coming here from other communities, a few years ago it was about the meanest looking place in the country. Its streets hadn't been repaired in years, most of the sidewalks were rotting with age, few people gave any attention to their property, and the back yards were dumping places for all kinds of refuse. Add to this dark streets at night and public buildings falling to pieces for want of attention and you have a picture of how this town used to look.

"One day some of us women who were ashamed of the appearance of the town got together and organized a village improvement society. We then turned our attention to the streets. It makes me shudder now to think of them. Most of them were full of holes, had no drainage and many were littered with waste paper, garbage, etc. We agitated the matter morning, noon and night, and finally had the satisfaction of seeing new pavements laid on several of the principal streets and others nicely repaired, and right there and then we made it known that it would be almost a hanging offense to throw waste paper or garbage on the streets or sidewalks.

"In the meantime we had taken up the matter of beautifying yards and public buildings. With the dues from our society and money secured by holding fairs, etc., we purchased flower and grass seed, hired a couple of young men and one day started off to do the work. The result was that in less than three months handsome lawns and flower beds surrounded the town hall, parsonage and several other buildings, and citizens had a sample of what could be done in the way of beautifying a town at little expense.

"The following spring we made a house to house canvass with our schemes to beautify. When met with a refusal to take up the matter or with an excuse of being too poor to do anything in that direction, we stood the expense ourselves and transformed grassless plots into beautiful lawns, made back yards that were a disgrace to civilization look clean and neat and had trees trimmed that were spoiling the beauty of our streets. Two summers ago the town went crazy over beautifying lawns and yards, painting houses and repairing sidewalks. There was more of that kind of work done here than in any town in the state. The schools took up the work, too, and the pupils were taught a great deal about planting flowers and trees and beautifying their homes.

"It was hard work for us, and at times very unpleasant, as you can see what the result has grown considerably for years, but this town began to improve. Incidents have come to [illegible] about [illegible] Dewey's [illegible] Bitters.

Many School Children Mother Gray's Sweet Powders used by Mother Gray, Nurse in the Children's Home, New York, to expel worms, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroys Worms. At all druggists. 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

we [illegible] start the crusade to in[illegible] population. We wanted a [illegible] for our own sakes. As a [illegible] of our work the value of real [illegible] has increased, and what is now [illegible] the death rate is much lower [illegible] is owing to cleanliness, and while we are proud of the fact that we have a beautiful town we take more pride in knowing we live in one of the cleanest places in the country.

"As I stated before, the streets used to be dimly lighted, but that was soon changed after we got to work. Our street lamps now are more numerous than they were, and instead of spoiling the beauty of the town they add to it. For collecting waste paper we have placed baskets on the principal streets and in the public buildings, and most of our citizens will go a block out of their way to use them rather than litter the walks."

Apple Trees For Beauty.

Apple trees are so beautiful, even when bare of bloom and fruit, that they should be grown in pleasure gardens like lilacs and laburnums. Tennyson speaks of orchard lawns, and there is no reason except bad taste why they should not have a real existence. The gloom of the fir tree magnificent no doubt in its own northern forest, is not in keeping with dreariness when it is dotted about a suburban lawn. Such like will thrive under it, and often it will not thrive itself; but the apple with all the associated beauty of the orchard, gives us fruit and blossom and grateful shade. In the grass under it will grow daffodils columbines, irises and many other plants, or it may be trained as a hedge to divide one part of the garden from another, and with all these uses may still produce great crops of fruit. It would be a pleasant task for the suburban gardener with his half acre of ground to grow three or four choice apple trees with the care that others give to roses.

A Vacuum Pressure Experiment.

Chemical science has taught us how to overcome the dreaded diseases that have swept away whole cities in the past. It has taught us the manufacture of explosives and munitions of war and has made possible the greatly improved modes of travel, and it may be truly said that to chemistry we owe the most material progress the world has made.

While this little experiment will not dazzle with the hidden secrets that live in the famous laboratories or treat upon the mystic powers of viscosity and relegation, it will show what power the absence of air has in attracting movable substances into the place that has been vacated by the air. Few think when they breathe the atmosphere that surrounds them that it has a pressure of fifteen pounds to the square inch or that it can attract even a piece of iron into the space which it leaves.

For an example of the strength of air take any tumbler, fill it about half full of tissue paper, set fire to the paper, turn over the glass in a basin containing water about one-half inch deep and then watch the water ascend the interior of the glass.

Vermont added 1,000 new members the past year, Oregon 1,500, New York 3,000, Michigan 6,000, Massachusetts 1,000 and Maine 5,000. These are the largest in increase.

The national grange will probably meet in St. Louis at the world's fair in 1904. In 1903 it will convene in New York state.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body, Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Some People Can't Eat Bread.

Bread is reputed to be the "staff of life." Yet there are some people who never eat bread.

We allude to this because of a curious parallel fact in medicine. We recommend Vinol and sell it on a guarantee of money back if it does not benefit the user. We don't expect Vinol to help everybody. Yet, strange to say, out of every one hundred bottles sold, less than two per cent. proved unsatisfactory. In other words, ninety-eight out of every hundred found Vinol of value—many of them great value.

We want to say that if you are run-down, weak, too thin, ailing, with bad stomach, poor appetite, cough, nervousness, that we think Vinol will help you.

LOWELL A. BURROWS
DEWGHT.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time cleans the phlegm, draws out the inflammation, allays pain and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia and is a harmless and never failing cure in all curable cases of coughs, colds, and croup. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good for young and old. L. A. Burrows, Andover.

Bad Coughs

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me."
L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption. Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

If he says take it, then it can be safely taken. If he tells you not to take it, you don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. Whatever he advises, do AYER'S. Ask Dr. Ayer. Lowell, Mass.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

ERIE RAILROAD

Tickets to all points East or West.
Solid trains between
NEW YORK and CHICAGO.
Pullman Cars to New York, Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, Cincinnati
WEST.

No. 3, daily, Solid Vestibule train Olean Salamanca, Jamestown, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago. Meals in dining car. Stops at Wellsville at 12:46 a. m.

No. 5, daily, solid Vestibuled train. leaves Wellsville at 5:19 a. m., for Olean, Jamestown, Chautauqua Lake, Youngstown, Pittsburg and Cleveland.

8:51 a. m. No. 7, daily, stopping at all principal stations to salamanca. Pullman cars to Cincinnati and Chicago, connecting for Bradford. Meals in dining car.

12:21 p. m. No. 25, daily accommodation for Dunkirk, connecting at Carrollton for Bradford

4:36 p. m. No. 101, daily accomodation for Salamanca.

EAST.

9:31 a. m. No 102, daily, accommodation for Hornellsville.

No. 4, daily solid Vestibule train, for Hornellsville, Corning, Elmira, Binghamton, New York and Boston, connections for Philadelphia and Washington, also connecting for points on Buffalo and Rochester Divisions. Stops at Wellsville at 5:37 a. m.

1:47 p. m., No. 14, daily for Hornellsville, Addison, Corning, Elmira, Waverly, Owego, Binghamton and New York.

4:40 p. m. No 16, daily accommodation for Hornellsville, connecting for points on Buffalo and Rochester Divisions.

8:30 a. m. No. 27, daily for Hornellsville, Corning, Elmira Binghamton, Boston and New York, through Pullman sleepers

No. 6, daily. New York special stopping at Hornellsville, Corning, Elmira, Binghamton, arrive at New York 8:05 a. m. Pullman Vestibule sleepers. Stops at Wellsville at 9:05 p. m.

Further information may be obtained from the agent or from

H. F. A. SCHER, Gen. Agt. P. D., 526 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
D. W. COOKE, Gen. Pass'r Agt., New York City.

The Pittsburg Shawmut & Northern R. R

Central N. Y. & Western Division,

TIME TABLE.

Takes effect Sept 15, 1903.

NORTH

Angelica Express, leaves Hornellsville at 5.40 p. m., arriving at Canaseraga at 6.35, Angelica at 7.10.

New York Express via Wayland, leaves Hornellsville at 1.00 p. m., arriving at Wayland at 1.45 p. m.

Buffalo and Wayland Accommodation, leaves Hornellsville at 1.00 p. m., arriving at Wayland at 2.30 p. m.

New York and Buffalo Express via Wayland, leaves Hornellsville at 9.35 a. m., arriving at Wayland at 10.30.

SOUTH

New York express, leaves Wayland at 7.00 a. m., arriving at Hornellsville at 7.50.

New York and Buffalo Express, leaves Wayland at 11.00 a. m., arriving at Hornellsville at 11.55 a. m.

Bath and Wayland Accommodation, leaves Wayland at 13.30 p. m., arriving at Hornellsville at 4.50.

Express leaves Angelica at 7.00 a. m., arriving at 8.00, Hornellsville at 9.05.

D. F. MAROney, Vice Pres.,
Chas. S. Hammond, Gen. Pass. Agent.

N. Y. & P. R. R. CO.

Taking Effect Nov. 19, 1900.

WEST.

No 10, Way freight and accommodation leaves Shingle House 6.00 a. m., arriving at Genesee 10.00 a. m.

No. 8, Way Freight and Accommodation leave Oswayo at 11.15 a. m., arriving at Shingle House at 12.25.

No. 6, Way Freight and Accommodation. Leave Canisteo at 6.30 a. m., arriving at Greenwood at 7.25, Rexville 8.35, Whitesville 9.35, Oswayo 10.50.

No. 4, Mail. Leave Erie Junction at 5.30 p. m., arriving at Canisteo at 5.45, Greenwood 6.10, Rexville 6.22, Whitesville 6.45, Genesee 7.03 Hebron 7.20, Oswayo 7.41, Millport 7.59, and at Shingle House 8.15.

No. 2, Mail. Leave Erie Junction at 9.01 a. m., arriving at Canisteo 9.16, Greenwood 9.44, Rexville 10.00, Whitesville 10.16, Genesee 10.32, Hillsboro 10.47, Oswayo 11.12 Millport 11.27, Shingle House 11.40, P. S. & N. Junction 11.52, Ceres 12.05

EAST.

No. 1, Mail. Leave Shingle House at 6.30 a. m., arriving at Millport at 6.41, Oswayo 7.00, Hillsboro 7.15, Genesee 7.41, Whitesville 7.56, Rexville 8.08, Greenwood 8.29, Canisteo 8.35, Erie Junction 9.00.

No. 3, Mail. Leave Ceres 12.55 p. m. arriving at P. S. & N. Junction 1.07, Shingle House 1.20 Millport 1.34, Oswayo 1.50, Hillsboro 2.04, Genesee 2.18, Whitesville 2.38, Rexville 2.50, Greenwood 3.12, Canisteo 3.40, Erie Junction at 3.45.

No. 5, Way Freight and Accommodation. Leave Oswayo at 11.30 a. m., arriving 12.17 p. m., Millport 12.27, Shingle House 1.00, Genesee 2.31, Canisteo 3.15, arriving at Erie Junction at 5.30.

No. 7, Way Freight and Accommodation. Leave Ceres at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Oswayo at 8.00 a. m.

O. E. BROWN, General Manager.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

By Far the Liveliest Week of the Session.

CANAL MEASURE MAY PASS.

Number of Bills Introduced Which Will Affect the School Laws.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 11.—(Special.)—This week is by far the liveliest yet in the state legislature and it is barely possible that something of consequence may be done. It is said that an unusually large number of bills have been introduced this session which are really of no use to anyone. The sessions, too, have been of the very briefest and the legislators somehow have seemed reluctant to do anything of importance. The calendars this week, however, are large and the legislators have been obliged to spend more time in the two houses.

For the last two or three weeks the mortgage tax bill has been expected. Senator Green, the chairman of the senate committee on taxation and retrenchment, who has the mortgage tax bill in his care, seems to be reluctant to let it out. The sentiment in the legislature is not, strictly speaking, very favorable to this measure and there is a possibility that Senator Green is so well aware of this fact that he is reluctant to put the measure before the lawmakers.

Today there is a hearing before the assembly codes committee on the measure introduced by Assemblyman Hughes which prevents discrimination against any person because he is a member of the state national guard. There is opposition to this bill not only among labor unions but a large number of employers who do not relish its provisions and penalties.

The statement is made with authority that no proposition will be presented to the legislature to combine canal improvement with good roads. While the general sentiment of the legislature is in favor of good roads, yet no effort will be made to queer the canal bill by combining the good roads bill with it. The canal bill has the right of way and it certainly looks now as if it might be passed. When the bill reaches the floor, however, matters will be pretty warm, for a hot debate is expected.

Insurgents Fell Into Line.

The Moreland measure on the Elmira charter passed the senate late last week and Senators Brackett and Elsberg, notwithstanding their action a few days previous in holding up the measure, voted for it. Senator Elon R. Brown, the third insurgent senator, who was absent when the question came up, was present, having been excused. Senator White of Syracuse was ill, so the Elmira bill was passed by a vote of 26 to 21. Senator Grady denounced the bill in the strongest terms. He declared it to be the rankest piece of legislation, in the partisan line, in the senate for years and said that the only reason for its passage was to give the Republicans control of the common council of Elmira.

Senator Brackett stated that upon mature deliberation he had come to the conclusion that the bill was a good one and that he could find no sufficient justification to warrant any Republican voting against the bill. Speaker Raines and Brackett had a wordy war of words afterward and Senator Raines said things which turned the laugh on Senator Brackett. The bill was passed and of course the Democrats are now saying that the machine has accomplished its purpose.

The Notarial Tax Bill.

The hearing on the notarial tax bill resulted in some changes in the bill. The changes are, exempting certificates in criminal actions or other criminal proceedings from the stamp tax; that in real estate transactions stamps are required on papers which deal with property within the state. All conveyances of personal property, including certificates of stock transactions, are exempted. The bill will become a law, it is thought, and it is expected that this tax will raise several millions of revenue, as its provisions are very sweeping.

The measure has developed much opposition to its provisions. Among those against it is Lawson Purdy, secretary of the New York Tax Reform association, who is one of its most strenuous objectors. Mr. Purdy asserts that in the event of the bill becoming a law the tax will be five times as heavy as the United States internal revenue tax. Governor Odell, however, has studied the question and he believes the provisions of the measure are for the interests of the people.

While Mr. Purdy is against the notarial tax measure he is in favor of Senator Green's bill to amend section 12 of the tax law which provides the method for the local taxation of personal property of domestic corporations. Mr. Purdy believes if this amendment is adopted that at least three times as much capital will be invested in domestic corporations as would be invested if the law is unchanged. Mr. Purdy contends that the state would gain in organization and franchise taxes, the large cities in local taxes, real estate owners by a greater number of tenants seeking offices, and banks in increased deposits which cannot now be deposited in this state because of taxation. The Green bill changes the method of taxation of domestic corporations and prevents discrimination in favor of foreign corporations as against domestic corporations. The tax talk of the session has not thus far produced any particular sensation. Governor Odell is known to be opposed to any new taxes, and his recommendations in taxation will be in the line of economy. Governor Odell is known to be opposed to any new taxes, and his recommendations will be in the line of economy. Governor Odell is known to be opposed to any new taxes, and his recommendations will be in the line of economy.

DENOUNCED THE UNION.

Argument of Companies' Attorneys Before Commission.

UNION AN INTRUDER IN ISSUE

Mr. Torrey Said That Since Advent of the Union Earning Capacity of the Contract Miner Had Been Limited Wages Above the Standard Fixed by Mr. Mitchell.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.—The United Mine Workers of America as an organization was severely scored by counsel before the anthracite strike commission. The non-union men through their attorney, John T. Lenahan, presented their side of the controversy and demanded consideration at the hands of the commission, claiming the legal right to earn a livelihood as they might elect without the consent or dictation of the union.

During his presentation of the case Mr. Lenahan denounced the union as fomenter of crime and anarchy. The main feature of his argument was the claim that the union had no legal or right to coerce miners into membership or to arrogate to itself the authority to fix the wages of mine workers.

James H. Torrey, counsel for the Delaware and Hudson company, claimed that the question of recognition of the union was not an issue before the commission but he devoted considerable time to the consideration of that demand. He asserted that violence and intimidation were resorted to by the union officials in the prosecution of the strike. Regarding the demand for an eight hour working day, Mr. Torrey said that evidence showed that for various reasons the breakers did not average more than eight hours a day, so that the physical effects of the long hours were not felt.

Mr. Torrey concluded his argument at the afternoon session. He was followed by Major Everett Warren of Scranton, counsel for the Pennsylvania Coal company and the Hillside Coal and Iron company. Mr. Warren said in part:

"The rights of persons, the rights of property, the rights of employes, popular liberty and constitutional limitations, the phenomena of human associations, the interests and happiness of the people—all these are, to some extent, involved in this submission.

Union an Intruder.

"The real parties to this submission are the employes of the several companies on the one side, or certain of them, and their employers on the other. They who are seeking to become parties and intruding themselves upon the commission absolutely without warrant by the terms thereof, are the United Mine Workers of America.

"If any evidence of this were needed, aside from the documents relating to the strike now in your possession, attention is called to the demands, as filed with the commission on behalf of the mine workers, and to the fact that they are signed by John Mitchell as the representative of the mine workers.

"No one has told where these demands originated. It is said that they were formulated by the Shamokin convention. As presented to the commission, however, they are in entirely different form and supported by different reasons."

Major Warren contended that the claim of the union that the rate of wages paid in the hard coal mines was much lower than the rate paid for similar work in the soft coal fields was not supported by evidence. He asserted that the companies have proved accidents for the most part to be the result of the miners' carelessness and that the occupation of a miner is comparatively healthy.

"Mr. Mitchell's opinion is that $600 a year would permit the mine workers to live in a manner conformable to American standards. The average earnings of the contract miner for the year 1901 in the employ of the companies I represent are approximately $650. Throughout the discussion as to the rates of wages, no matter how it may be presented, it is absolutely necessary to bear in mind that the annual earnings of the mine workers are limited by the men themselves."

Miners' Earnings Restricted.

He further declared that it was clearly established before the commission that since the advent of the union the earning capacity of the contract miners has been limited and instead of the union being an advantage to him it has worked to his disadvantage in restricting his earning capacity.

In conclusion Major Warren concluded by saying: "Whatever may be the decision on the part of the union, the evidence is overwhelming that the result is a restriction on the part of the industrious miner, limiting the amount of work, and the consequent wages, shrivelling his powers and reducing him to the dead level of his lazy and indifferent associate.

"Socialism proposes to establish an equality among unequal men, by reducing them to the dead level of this possible majority. Instead of allowing every one to determine for himself what he wants to do, it is to be done for him. That is nothing but slavery. What is the theory of the union if it is not this? I do not dispute the right of men to organize and I hold no brief against organized labor. The methods of the United Mine Workers, however, appear to be exquisitely adapted to degrade intelligent labor, to paralyze honest industry, to crush spirit, hope and ambition."

COULD GET NO RELIEF.

B. A. Lakey of 204 Elizabeth street, Auburn, N. Y., says: "I had Rheumatism in my knees for six years and could get no relief until I used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. That cured me completely."

Rheumatism makes us grow old and decrepit before our time. Many a one in the full vigor of manhood has been suddenly rendered almost as helpless and dependent as an infant by this ruthless disease. Liniment or external application cannot reach it or do any permanent good as it is in the blood. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy dissolves the excess of uric acid and going to the root of the disease cures it for good and all.

All druggists sell it in the NEW 50 CENT SIZE and the regular $1.00 size bottles.

Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail. Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Golden Plasters strengthen Muscles, remove pain anywhere. 10c each.

Home Wanted

For a nice bright boy, 4 years old. Good references will be required of parties wishing to take him. Apply to D. C. Grunder, Superintendent of the Poor, Angelica, N. Y.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For Sale by L. A. Burrows

6% ANNUALLY 6%

Government Bonds are not Safer.

WE invest your money in a first class real estate mortgage. Assign it to you and guarantee it. For seventeen years our guaranty has fully protected every client. Write

The W.C. Belcher, Land M'tge Co.
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.
L. D. Cobb, Pres., W.H. Cobb, Treas., H.H. Cobb, Sec'y.

Red Cedar Shingles.

I have received another car load of Washington Red Cedar Shingles, which I am selling at the lowest possible price.

I have also a good supply of select Lump Coal for steam purposes.

H. P. BENTON,
ANDOVER, N. Y.

START NOW!

If you haven't been dealing with us, now is a good time to start—any time—all the time. We have special inducements to offer. Others like to come here—so would you. They find it profitable—so would you.
When in Wellsville call in and look around whether you buy or not. We are always pleased to show our goods.

FRED W. WARD,
The Leading Jewelry Store, Wellsville, N. Y.
All goods sold hand engraved free of charge.

GOOD WORK AND GOOD MATERIAL DID IT.

I have a fine trade on Tailor Made Clothes, Overcoats and Raglins. My goods and the make-up of them can't be beat. Everything guaranteed first class.

AL. BROWN,
The Up-to-date Clothing Man, Andover, N. Y.

Whose Ad.?

Printers' ink uses a great many advertising blotters—in fact, uses no other. They come in as fast as wanted, and very nice and handy they are.

Whose advertisements are on those blotters?

Ah, that is a thing the Little Schoolmaster never observed, or, if he did, he never remembered and does not now remember. But he likes the blotters.—Printers' Ink.

This criticism is never applicable to advertising in your local paper.

Notice to Creditors.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Riba Reynolds Surrogate, Allegany County, New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Julia Dobbins, late of the town of Andover, Allegany County, New York, deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned executor of the estate of the said deceased, at his banking office in the village of Andover, New York, on or before the 26th day of March, 1903.
Dated at Andover, N. Y., September 29, 1902.
J. S. Phillips, Attorney for Executor, Andover, N. Y.

PERMANENT SITUATIONS.

Cash paid weekly for services either on salary and expenses paid, or commission, to introducers for our Garden Seeds; also Fruits and Flowers. We carry a full line for the Farm and Market Gardeners, so that a live man cannot help but succeed, as he has the facilities to compete for all kinds of trade and with different classes of customers. Write at once for terms to
Herrick Seed Co., - Rochester, N. Y.

Health, Rest, Recreation

are assured under the most favorable conditions at

Cambridge Springs, Pa.

midway between Chicago and New York on the

ERIE RAILROAD.

You ought to know all about it. Erie booklet, "The Bethesda of the Middle West" on application to the Ticket Agent or

D. W. Cook, General Passenger Agent.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free Book "How to obtain Patents" write "Patent's aid"

TRADE-MARKS

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.