

## DEATH ON THE LAKES

### Many Vessels Lost in the Gale of Saturday Night.

Probably the Worst Storm in the History of Lake Erie—List of Wrecks So Far as Known—Where

Life-Savers Were Baffled.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—The severity of the northwest gale that swept the great lakes for over 60 hours has not been exceeded during the season of navigation for the past ten years. The list of wrecks, in proportion to the number of vessels which were out in the gale, is larger perhaps than in the history of the latter day marine.

That there has been a large loss of life now seems certain, but it may be several days before it is known just how many sailors perished.

Following is the list of wrecks thus far reported:

Yacht Enterprise, ashore, Lions Head, Lions Bay.

Steamer C. F. Curtis, ashore, Cheboygan.

Schooner Isabel Reid, ashore, Cheboygan.

Schooner Nelson Holland, ashore, Cheboygan.

Barge Sweepstakes, ashore, Cheboygan.

Barge Knight Templar, ashore, Cheboygan.

Lake tug Acme, foundered, Lake Huron.

Schooner Volunteer, stranded, Port Austin, Ont.

Schooner Falconer, ashore, Lake Ontario.

Unknown schooner, ashore, near Manitowish.

Schooner John T. Mott, sunk, Fairport, Ohio.

Schooner Amboy, ashore, Buffalo.

Schooner Mont Blanc, waterlogged, Buffalo.

Steamer Schuykill, stranded, Bar Point.

Steamer Maritana, stranded, Elliott Point.

Schooner Ironsten, ashore, Bay Mills, Lake Superior.

Dispatches from all points along the west shore of Lake Huron and the eastern end of Lake Superior indicate that the storm increased greatly in violence as night came on, and at midnight the storm was at its height, but most of the lake fleet had succeeded in reaching shelter.

### Eighteen Lives Lost.

BUFFALO, Oct. 16.—Eighteen persons, the entire crew of the propeller Dean Richmond, are given up for lost in Saturday night's storm on Lake Erie.

The corpses of five men have been washed ashore off Van Buren Point, 40 miles from this city, near Dunkirk.

The shore of the lake is strewn with wreckage and merchandise, and the waves are hourly yielding up further evidences of the fate to which the Richmond has gone.

Another boat, the schooner Typo, is thought to have gone down with her crew just off Gravelly bay, on the Canadian side, a few miles from this city. She is owned by the Hargrove company of Detroit.

### ONLY THE CAPTAIN SAVED.

Life-Savers Could Not Rescue the Minnehaha's Crew.

MANISTEE, Mich., Oct. 16.—The identity of the four-masted schooner, reported ashore near here in Saturday night's dispatches, has been established. The vessel is the Minnehaha of Cleveland, Captain William Packer, with a cargo of corn. Of the seven souls on board the schooner, but one, Captain Packer, escaped.

The schooner went ashore Saturday afternoon and it was seen that she must soon be pounded to pieces by the heavy seas.

The Manistee life saving crew was called upon for assistance, the claim being made that the Frankfort crew could not be reached.

A train was immediately made up and the crew and boat taken to Onondaga where the boat was hauled ten miles through the woods to Starke. Upon arriving there at midnight the Frankfort crew was found upon the ground, having arrived just before dark, but too late to be of any service. The schooner Minnehaha had been thrown upon the beach at about noon. The sea was running very high and swept the decks clean and the crew was all drowned except the captain, who jumped overboard with a plank and swam ashore.

### Killed Himself at the Age of 85.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 16.—R. P. Beeler, aged 85 years, the father of 19 children and four times married, committed suicide yesterday at his home in North Topeka with the aid of a double-barreled shotgun.

### Breeders' Trotting Meeting.

RACINE, Wis., Oct. 16.—Mayor Jackson I. Case will hold a breeders' trotting meeting at Hickory Grove park to-morrow. About 40 horses are entered in the different classes.

### Stricken Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Oct. 16.—New cases of yellow fever reported yesterday numbered 11, with 23 others.

### Col. Taylor Dying.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 16.—Col. W. H. Taylor, state librarian since 1877, is dying at his home in this city. He was born in Richmond, Va., Nov. 28, 1813. He removed to Ohio and was postmaster at Cincinnati under President Tyler. He married the youngest daughter of Gen. William Henry Harrison in 1838, and was Gen. Harrison's private secretary when he was president.

### Satoli Not Over Canada.

MONTREAL, Oct. 16.—Mr. Satoli, apostolic delegate to the United States, in answer to the query whether his jurisdiction extends over Canada, has instructed the Canadian bishop to say that he has no jurisdiction there.

## Russian Admiral Not Effusive at Toulon.

### Speech of the Mayor Fails to Bring Out a Corresponding Response—Honors Showered on the Foreigners.

Toulon, Oct. 16.—Few persons slept in Toulon Saturday night. The streets were almost as crowded until 8 o'clock yesterday morning as at 8 o'clock the afternoon before. The illumination of shops and private houses did not cease until daybreak, and the thousands sang and caroused under the electric lights without a sign of weariness. When the officers' ball at the arsenal closed, shortly after 6 o'clock, the dancers came out upon a scene of delicious enthusiasm. Bands playing the Marseillaise were parading the streets, the throng was alternately cheering and singing, and shouts for Russia, the Russian officers and the czar rang from every side. At 8 o'clock the crush was worse than at any time since the celebration began. Everybody was shouting: "Long live Russia!" "Long live the czar!"

Mayor Ferraro gave his luncheon, in the name of the municipality, at 11 o'clock. The playground of the college had been crowded with a great tent, spread between double rows of plane trees, and under this the tables were laid. The Russian officers showed their appreciation of the fine wine by drinking themselves into a state of flushed excitement.

### Russian Admiral Non-Committal.

When the luncheon was over the mayor made a rather bombastic speech as to the alliance of sister nations which, he said, ought to be regarded abroad as a pledge of peace and not as a threat of war. He presented a gold champagne cup to Admiral Avelan and a silver champagne cup to every other Russian officer. The presentation speeches were effusive, but they evoked no corresponding response from the Russians. Admiral Avelan expressed his thanks briefly, and the other Russians followed his example. None of them made any allusion to politics.

As the day advanced, all the main thoroughfares were thronged from wall to wall. Admiral Avelan and his officers were conveyed in open carriages to the Place de la Liberte, where the battle of flowers was to take place. The crowd was so dense that the horses could only proceed at a walk and often had to be stopped. The Russians were half smothered with flowers, confetti and paper spirals. They returned the fire with spirit, and smiled and waved their caps to the people packed up to the carriage wheels. At the Place de la Liberte the procession of floats and flower-bedecked carriages was longer and finer than anything attempted at the Nice carnival. The pavements were strewn with tons of confetti.

### Embraced and Kissed the Sailors.

The enthusiasm of the unofficial crowd exceeded all bound when the Russian sailors landed. French sailors and civilians formed in processions, hoisted the men to their shoulders and carried them through the streets. Women embraced and kissed them. Wherever the Russian sailors appeared deafening shouts for Russia and the czar filled the air. Until evening the demonstration was remarkable for the absence of drunken men. After dark, however, wine was given out in enormous quantities. Staggering sailors were to be seen everywhere and the popular manifestations of enthusiasm degenerated into mauling embraces and drunken howling.

A dinner was given at the prefecture last evening to the Russian officers and the high French officials who have come from other cities. Later there was a gala performance at the Grand theatre, which the Russians attended at the invitation of the municipal government. The chief feature of the performance was a Franco-Russian ballet.

### Valuable Horses Burned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The two horses burned to death in the fire at Fleetwood driving park yesterday were Jeanette, six years old, b. m., by The King, dam by Young Columbus, and Visin, five years old, b. h., by the same sire, dam Volante. Judge Whitehead valued Jeanette and Visin, at \$15,000. The King was also badly burned, but will recover. He is an unbrid son of George Wilkes and valued at \$20,000.

### Bills for Construction.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Representative Bathol of Missouri has introduced a bill appropriating \$200,000 to enable the secretary of war to continue the reconstruction of barracks, quarters and storehouses at Jefferson barracks, Mo. Mr. Wilson of Washington has introduced a bill appropriating \$250,000 for the construction of a ship canal to connect lakes Union and Washington with Puget sound.

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## DOINGS IN CONGRESS

### Senate Holds First Place in Public Attention.

Believed that Some Compromise on Silver Will Be Brought Forward

as Speedily as Possible—Important Matters Before the House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Notwithstanding the interesting and important character of the debate progressing in the house upon the question of Chinese immigration and registration, the silver situation in the senate, with its related subject of the rules for the management of that body, easily holds first place in public attention. As to the matter of rules, there is no belief that any change will come within the immediate future, despite the introduction of several amendments recently by members who want to see the senate governed by rules which will enable the majority to control debate within what they conceive to be reasonable limits. The time for a modification of the rules is not yet ripe, nor will it be, in the opinion of practiced observers, until the consideration of the subject can be entered upon without prejudice or passion.

As to the silver question, the common expectation is that some compromise will be brought forward on the democratic side and be pressed to a vote at the earliest possible moment. Just when this moment will arrive doubtless depends largely upon the nature of the forthcoming compromise, for if it is not acceptable to the silver republicans and populists they can, and probably will, put many obstacles in the way of its enactment into law. The probable course of events, meanwhile, is a continuance of the debate for a few days at least. This debate has assumed a more interesting character since Senator Jones, of Nevada, began his speech Saturday and promises to revive a flagging interest in the subject. Probably Mr. Morgan will follow Mr. Jones, but the order of speakers has not been definitely arranged. During the continuance of the debate there will be fair opportunity offered for negotiations looking to the expected compromise.

A vote will be reached by unanimous consent of the house this afternoon upon Mr. McCrery's bill to amend and modify the Chinese restriction and registration act. Several amendments will be offered to the bill as reported from committee on foreign affairs, which may be agreed to by the house, but they will not materially alter the measure. The principal one of these is that by Mr. Geary defining the term "Chinese Merchant." Another amendment he proposes, requiring that photographs be attached to the certificates issued to the Chinese, is said to be provided for in the law as at present on the statute books. Mr. McCrery says there is no doubt of the passage of the bill, provided a quorum be present and vote.

Immediately after the vote on the Chinese bill has been announced, Mr. Cox, of Tennessee, will call up his bill for the better regulation of national banks, which has been favorably reported from the committee on banking and currency. He will probably not ask consideration of the measure until Tuesday, but will get in position for that day. The bill provides "that no national bank shall make any loan to its president, its vice-president, its cashier, or any of its clerks, tellers, bookkeepers, agents, servants, or other persons in its employment until the proposition to make such a loan, stating the amount, terms, and security offered therefor, shall have been submitted in writing by the person desiring the same to a meeting of the board of directors, or of the executive committee of such board, if any, and accepted and approved by a majority of those present constituting a quorum."

Not much debate is anticipated on this bill as Representative Warner, a member of the committee, is the only antagonist the bill has, so far as known. His objection, as stated in his minority report, is based upon the ground that the essential office of federal law in reference to national banks is in connection with their circulating notes, and this act is so exclusively for the protection of stockholders and depositors that the proposed extension of federal interference with the banking business should not be enacted into law.

Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, who was solicitor of the treasury under the Harrison administration, commends the measure.

After the bank bill is out of the way the bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States will be taken up and its consideration will doubtless exhaust the remainder of the week.

### Shot His Wife and Himself.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Dennis Fox fired three shots from a revolver at his wife and after wounding her slightly, shot himself in the temple, inflicting a wound from which he will die.

### Dana Talks to Students.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Hon. Charles A. Dana lectured yesterday before the students in Union college on "Journalism and the Press."

### Viceroy of India.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The queen has appointed Lord Curzon, first lord of the treasury, to be viceroy of India.

## FORGED AN INJUNCTION.

An Unscrupulous Attorney's Scheme to Help Out Strikers.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 14.—Judge M. E. Mathers, a practicing attorney of Decatur, Ala., has been arrested on a charge of forging an injunction alleged by him to have been issued by United States Circuit Judge Bruce during the recent strike in the Louisville and Nashville shops at Decatur. He interested himself in behalf of the strikers and claimed to have obtained the following order from Judge Bruce at Birmingham:

"The United States district court now in session at Birmingham orders that the shops of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Decatur, Ala., resume work and allow all former employees to resume their original positions."

It is now stated that Mathers went down to Hartselle, a town between Decatur and Birmingham, and there wrote out the order himself, never having seen Judge Bruce or any court official. He was arrested at Decatur and carried to Huntsville where he was examined before a United States commissioner. He is now in jail at Huntsville in default of \$25,000 bond to appear at the United States district court in Huntsville. Mathers came to Decatur from Kansas several years ago and has been quite successful as a practicing attorney.

## UNIVERSAL PEACE.

Efforts to Secure the Substitution of Arbitration for War.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 13.—The central committee of the international parliamentary peace league met here yesterday. They decided to request Mr. Gladstone to introduce and bring under discussion in the British parliament a bill pledging the British government to favor the establishment of a permanent court for the arbitration of international disputes. A skeleton programme for the international conference of the league in the Hague next year was prepared. The most important discussion will concern the formation of a permanent diplomatic bureau, charged with the duties of obviating friction between the nations and of inducing governments to resort to arbitration instead of war.

The establishment of an international court of arbitration will be considered and an appeal will be issued to the world's press, begging it to abstain from all polemics calculated to excite international animosity. The committee will request at once by letter that league members in Italy and France use their influence to better the relations between these countries.

## SHOOTING AT ARMOR PLATE.

Successful Test By Naval Authorities at Indian Head Grounds.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—A very successful test of armor plate took place Saturday at the Indian Head proving ground under the direction of the bureau of naval ordnance. The plate of Harveyized steel was twelve inches in thickness and six and a half inches high, by six feet, ten and a half inches wide. Two shells, one of foreign and the other of domestic manufacture were fired from an eight-inch gun. The first was shot at a velocity of 1,678 feet and the second at a velocity of 2,004 feet. The first shell penetrated the plate about four inches, the point being welded while the rest of the shell was shattered. The second shot penetrated about six inches, leaving the point imbedded in the plate, while the rest of it was broken into fragments. No crack was visible in the plate, and the result was pronounced highly successful. With a nickel steel plate shot similar in all conditions have easily gone through plate and backing.

## Separate Coaches.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 13.—Col. R. G. Ingersoll, who was in Lexington this week, has been consulted by a committee of colored people regarding the separate coach law. It is stated that the colored advised them to test the law in the state courts, and if they were beaten to carry the fight into the supreme court of the United States and he would give them his support.

## Pilgrims' Hospital.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 13.—The sultan has assigned a fund \$30,000 to build a hospital in El Hejaz, on the Red sea. The hospital is to accommodate 6,000 persons and to be open to pilgrims of all nationalities. Its purpose is to repress the cholera among the pilgrims of Mecca. He himself will defray the running expenses of the hospital.

## Insurgent Victory.

MONTVIDEO, Oct. 13.—The insurgents in Rio Grande do Sul surprised and defeated the troops of the Brazilian government yesterday. The battle was fought at Quaratum. Two hundred of the government troops were killed and many more were wounded.

## Warner's Troubles.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The case of H. H. Warner is now being investigated before the Monroe county grand jury. He is charged with having secured the indorsements of the H. H. Warner company here without authority.

## Tax on Burned Whiskey.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Commissioner Miller has under consideration the remission of the tax on \$900,000 of whiskey destroyed by fire at Owensville, Ky., last spring while in the United States bonded warehouse.

## Chamberlain Leaves.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Joseph Chamberlain, M. P., started yesterday, with his two sons, Austin and Neville, on the Ward line steamer Niagara for Nassau, New Providence.

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## SENATORS STILL TALK

### Stewart Resumes His Long Speech on Silver.

No Immediate Prospect of Reaching a Vote—Sessions Drag Along the Same as Before the Introduction of the Test of Endurance.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—It might have been expected that after a continuous session of 39 hours, closing at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, and after the partial failure of the test of physical endurance on the silver purchase repeal bill, that measure would be allowed to go over until next Monday, and that the senate would have adjourned until then. Such was not the case, however. The senate met at the usual hour yesterday, took up the bill promptly and submitted, wearied, but patient, to the second installment of Mr. Stewart's speech. Not only did it do so, but it is a remarkable fact that there were several more senators present than there had been for some weeks past. The first roll call showed the presence of 54 senators, the second of 51 and the third of 52. The fifth call showed the presence of 57.

Mr. Stewart announced his purpose not to vote for any bill that would limit the life of silver; and he was still talking at 7 p. m., only interrupted by half hourly calls. There was, indeed, one longer break in his speech while Senators Teller and Hoar had an excited discussion over the rights of minorities.

## London Press Comments.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Daily News, commenting on the continuous session of the United States senate on the silver repeal bill, says: "No such sitting ever occurred in the British parliament. Such attempts of a minority to deny the right of the majority to govern are doomed to failure."

The Standard says: "Remembering the all-night sittings forced on the house of commons by the Irish members it is in no spirit of insular pride that we congratulate ourselves upon our immunity from the extremity of feebleness which the momentary victory of the silverites has shown to exist in the regulations of the United States senate. There was no redeeming feature in this shameful appeal to physical endurance."

## FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

Mutual Courtesy Cementing the Two Countries.

Toulon, Oct. 14.—After Admiral Avelan's visit to the town hall the mayor and other municipal officials paid a formal return visit to the Russian flagship. Admiral Rieunier's official banquet to the Russian officers was given in the grand saloon of the prefecture and was a brilliant affair. Fetes in honor of the Russian visit to Toulon were held in many towns in France. Decorations and illuminations were general. Hundreds of telegrams of welcome from municipal councillors and military and naval officers were sent to Admiral Avelan. All of the leading Russian and French newspapers contain articles dwelling upon the significance of the event—the cementing of the two countries.

## The Russia Released.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Oct. 14.—The steamer Russia, which arrived on the 8th inst. from Hamburg, and which has since been detained at quarantine, in consequence of five deaths which occurred during her voyage, was released yesterday afternoon and proceeded to her dock, having been thoroughly disinfected. All her steerage passengers are reported well at Hoffman's island. Her cabin passengers were permitted to come to the city.

## Bishop Wigger After Father Murphy.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 14.—Rev. Father Henry B. Murphy, the dismissed curate of St. Joseph's Catholic church, who refused to leave the house adjoining the church, has received a letter from Bishop Wigger commanding him in strong language to vacate the premises. The bishop further informed the removed priest that he would never give him facilities or permission to say mass again in the parish.

## Sticks to Keels.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A Glasgow journal yesterday cabled to George L. Watson, designer of the Valkyrie, to ascertain whether dispatches from New York were correct in saying that he admitted the superiority of centreboard yachts. Mr. Watson made this reply: "All that I admit is that the particular centreboard Vigilant has beaten the particular keel boat Valkyrie."

## Old Lawsuit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The general term of the supreme court has reversed the judgement in favor of the defendants in the suit brought by James J. Belden against ex-Judge Stevenson Burke, Wallace C. Andrews and others in regard to the consolidated bonds of the Columbus, Hooking Valley & Toledo railway company.

## Declared Himself Dictator.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Secretary Gresham has received the following cable dispatch from Mr. Young, United States minister to Guatemala dated yesterday: "The president of Guatemala this day declared himself dictator, dissolved the extra session of congress, assumed control of government and ordered a new election."

## Judge Chamberlain Dead.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Supreme Court Justice Francis Chamberlain died yesterday at his home in Rochester. He was born in Massachusetts and was a member of the New York bar.