Text "A foundain of gardenis, a well of hising icaters and streams from Lebanon."—
Solomouls Song he, 16.

Some of the finest gardens of olden times were to be found at the foot of Mount Lebanon. Snow descended and winter whitened the top of the mountain. Then when the warm spring weather came the most mainted and goored down the side of the mountain and gave great luxuriance to the mountain and gave great luxuriance to the studies of at the foot, and you see now the altusion of my text when it speaks of the foundain of gardens and streams from Lebanon.

Again and again the church is represented as a garden all up and down the word of God, and as treams from Lebanon.

Again and again the church is represented as a garden all up and down the word of God, and if is a figure specially suggestive at this season of the year, when the parks and the orchards are about to put forth their blosson and the air is filled with bird voices.

A mother wished to impress her child with the love of God, and so in the spring-time, after the ground had been prepared in the garder. She took a handful of flower seeds and scattered these seeds in shape of letters all across the bed of the garden. Meeks passed by, and the rains and the sunshine had done their work, and one day the child came in and said. "Mother, come quickly to the garden—come now." The mother followed the child to the garden, and the little child said: "Look her, mother. See! It is spelled all over the ground in flowers, "God is Love." Oh, my friends, if we only had faith enough we could see Gospel lessons all around and about us—lessons in shells on the beach, lessons in sparkles on the wave, lessons in stars on the sky, lessons in shells on the beach, lessons in shells on the beach, lessons in stars on the sky, lessons in flowers all over the earth.

Well, my friends, you know very well that there have been some beautiful gardens created. There was the garden of Charlemagne, and you remember that this king ordered gardens laid out all through the realin and decide

heart broke, his health failed, and he died almost an imbeelle.

A few years uzo, when I walked through those gardens and I thought at what vast expense they had been laid out—at the expense of that man's life—it seemed I could see in the crimson flowers the blood of the old man's broken heart. But I have to tell you now of a garden laid out at vaster expense. Who can calculate that vast expense? Tell me, ye women who watched lim hang; tell me, ye wecutioners who lifted and let Him down; tell me thou su that didst hide and ye rocks that did fail, what the laying out of this garden cost. This morning, amid the appropriate that I have would be a strange for Christ is a garden when when the church of Christ is a garden for the country of the country

them at the gateway.

If there be no especial taste and no especial means, you will find there the holly-hock, and the daffodil, and the dafhia. If there be no especial taste and no especial means, you will find the Mexican cactus, and the bluebell, and the arbutus, and the clusters of oleanders.

means, you will find the Mexican cactus, and the bluebell, and the arbutus, and the clusters of cleanders. Flowers there must be in every garden, and I have to tell you that in the garden of the church are the variety plants. Sometimes you will find the violet, liconspicuous, but sweet as hearth of the violet, liconspicuous, but sweet as hearth of the violets and two pretense, but of vast usefulness, comparatively unknown earth, but to be glorious in calestial spheres. Violets and violets all the time. You cannot tell where these Christians have been save by the brightening face of the invalid, or the steaming tureen of the stand hear the sick pillow, or the new curtain that keeps out the glare of the sun from the poor man's cot. Such characters are perhaps better typified by the ranunculus which goes creeping between the thorus and the briers of this life, giving a kiss for a sfirg, and many aman has thought that life before him was a black rock of trouble and found it covered all over with delightsome jusmine of Christian sympathy.

in sympathy.

In this garden of the Lord I find the Mexican cactus, loveliness within, thorns with

tian sympathy.

In this garden of the Lord I find the Mexican cactus, loveliness within, thorns without, men with great sharpness of behavior and manner, but within them the peace of God, the love of God, the grace of God. They are hard men to handle, ugly men to touch, very apt to strike back when you strike them, yet within them all loveliness and attraction, while outside so completely authoriumate. Mexican cactus all the time. Said: a plaudit eider to a Christian minister. "Doctor, you would do better to control you temper." "Ah," said the minister to the plaudic elder, "I control more temper in five minutes than you do in five years." These people, gifted men, who have great exasperation of manner and seem to be very different from what they should be, really have in their souls that which commends them to the Lord. Hexican cactus all the time. So a misult to me years ago: "Do you taink I ought to become a member of the church? I have to be sone a member of the church? I have the condition a violent temper." ("Yesteen a violent temper." ("

Lord we find that kind of flower—the Pauls and Martin Luthers, the Wyolifs, the John Knoxes—glants of battle. What in other men is a spark, in them is 8 conflagration. When they pray, their prayers take fire; when they suffer, they sweat great drops of blood; when they preach, it is a pentecoet; when they flight, it is Thermopylie; when they dight, it is Thermopylie; when they dight, it is Thermopylie; has were viewed to the they dight, it is the property of the they do the they do not more Cromgells and Humbolds in the world?" God wants only a few glants of battle. They do their work, and they do it well.

But I flad also in the church of God a plant that I shall call the snowdrop, very beautiful, but cold. It is very pure—pure as the snowdrop, beautiful as the snowdrop.

plant that I shall call the snowdrop, very beautiful, but cold. It is very pure-pure as the snowdrop heautiful, but cold. It is very pure-pure as the snowdrop heautiful as the snowdrop and as cold as the snowdrop. No special sympathy. That kind of man never loses his patience; he never weeps, he never transace with anger; he never uters a rash word. Always cold, always precise, always passive-heautiful snowdrop, but I don't like him. I would rather have one (thant of Battlethan 5000 snowdrops.

Give me a man who may make some mistakes in his ardor for the Lord's service rather than that kind of nature which spends its whole life in doing but one thing, and that is keeping equilibrium. There are snowdrops in all the churches-men without any sympathy. Very good; they are in the garden of the Lord; therefore I know they ought to be there, but always snowdrops. You have seen in some places perhaps a century plant. I do not suppose there is a person in this house who has ever seen more than one century plant in full bloom, and

than one century plant in full bloom, and when you see the century plant your emotions are stirred. You look at it and say. "This flower has been gathering up its beauty for a whole century, and it will not bloom again for another hundred years." Well, I be to be to the third the control of the control of

tury plant.
In has gathered up its bloom from all the In has gathered up its bloom from all the ages of eterntry, ann if seentures ago it pur forth its glory. It is not only a century plant, but a passion flower—the passion flower of Christ, a crimson flower, blood at the root and blood on the leaves, the passion flower of Jesus, the century plant of eternity. Come, owinds from the orth, and winds from the south, and winds from the south, and winds from the east, and winds from the west, and scatter the perfume of this flower through all Nations.

Sure the whole each would love Hinton.

Thou, the Christ of all the ages, hast arments smelling of myrth and aloes and easy sia out of the company of the church of Christ is appropriately compared to a garden because of this thought is appropriately compared to a garden because of this thought is appropriately compared to a garden because of this thought is appropriately compared to a garden because of this thought is appropriately compared to a garden because of the think of the desert amid the Books in the sound when the sound? I suppose subject to miles around? I suppose subject to the sound in the subject which adopted and the snows melted on the Sierra Nevada and the Books mountains and then poured down in water to those aqueducts, and it kept the fields in great luxuriance. And it thought to myself a fine the world, but our eyes are unto the bilk, form whence cometh our help. There is fiver the streams whereof shall make glad the city of our God, the fountain of gardens and the streams from Lebanon. Water to slake distreams the unclean, water to toss up in fountains the unclean, water to toss up in fountains see the rainbow around the throne.

I wandered in a garden of Brazilian oashow nut, and I saw the luxuriance of those gardens was helped by the abundant supply of water. I came to it on a day when strangers were not amitted, but by a stranger coincidence, at the moment I got in, the king's chariot passed, and the gardener went up on the bill and turned on the water, and it came flashing down the broad stairs of stone until sunlight and wave in gleesome wrestle tumbled at my feet. And so it is with this sarden or unrust. Everytung comes from above—pardon from above, sanctification from above, streams from Lebanon. On the consolation in this thought! Would God that the gardener will passed many feet and so it is with this sarden or unrust. Everytung comes from above in through the part of the gardener, who passes in through this path of the garden and He saess a soul in great trouble and He says: "Old m

Thy will be done." The hardest prayer a bereaved father or mother ever uttered—"Thy will be done." But you have noticed that around every king's garden there is a high wall. You may have stood at the wall of a king's court and thought. "How I would like to see that garden!" and while you were watching the gardener opened the property of the property of the property of the property a glimpse of the garden, but only a glimpse, for then the gate closed.

I bless God that this garden of Christ has

a gampse of the garden, but only a glimpse, for then the gates clossed.

I blees God that this garden of Christ has gates on all sides; that they are opened by day, opened by night, and whosoever will may come in. Oh, how many there are who die in the desert when they might revel in the garden! How many there are who are seeking in the garden of this world that satisfaction which they can never find!

Li was so with Theodore Hook, who made a state of the control of t

this world are looking for that flower they never can find except in the garden of Christ!

this world are looking for that flower they never can find except in the garden of Christ!

Substantial confort will not grew Is pattere's barren son.

All we can beast uil Christ we know Is vanity and to..

How many have tried all the fountains of this world's pleasure, but never tasted of the stream from Lebanon! How many have reveled in other gardens in thoir sonitarnia, but never plucked one flower from the garden of our God! I swing open all the gates of the garden of in fivite you in, whatever your temptations, whatever your from the garden and invite you in, whatever your trouble. The invitation commas no more to one than to all, ""Whosower will, let him come."

The flowers of earthly gardens soon fade, but blessed be God, there are garlands that never wither, and through the grace of Christ Jesus we may enter into the joys which are provided for us at God's right hand. Oh, come into the garden. And remember, as the closing though, that God not only brings us into a garden here. but it is a garden all the way with those who trust and love and serve Him, a garden all through the struggles of this life. a garden all tup the slope of heaven.

There everiating spring abides.

of heaven.
There evertaging spring abides
And never withering flowers.
Death, like a narrow stream, divides
That heavenly land from ours.

WHITE CAPS! WAR

Mississippi Troops Are Ordered to Fire at Their Approach.

JACKSON, Miss., May 8.—On an urgent telegram from Sheriff McNair, endorsed telegram from Sheriff McNair, endorsed by several citizens, Gov. Stone has ordered the military companies of Crystal Springs and Hazelhurst to leave for Brookhaven at once for duty. Anjt.-tien. Henry has left for Brookhaven, and will assume command. Gov. Stone left last night. The excitement at Brookhaven is greater than it has been at one time signetic the

the excitement at Brookhaven is greater than it has been at any time since the mob's visit.

than it has been at any time since the mob's visit.

Reliable information has been received that the Whitecaps are organizing at seyeral places near Brookhaven, that they have purchased immense quantities of ammunition of the surrounding towns and designed making an attack immediately.

Adjt.-Gen. Henry has instructed the troops to fire just as soon as the Whitecaps enter the town and to keep on firing as long as one is left.

\$50,000 PAY FOR CVERTIME

etter Carriers Claim from the Govern

PRILADELPHIA, May 4.—The eight hour law in the Post Office, which went into law in the Post Office, which went into effect on Monday promises to be a very ex-pensive and troublesome measure for the lovernment.

About 300 letter carriers, who have About 300 letter carriers, who have claims for overtime nasins: Uncle Sam, met last night in Mercautide Library Hall and adopted resolutions to place these claims amounting to over \$20,000 in the hands of Washington attorneys for collection through the Court of Claims. The resolutions also recommend the all the claims for overtime under the original eight hour law of 1888, be placed in charge of the same attorneys this makes in all claims of about \$50,000 against the United States on the part of the Philadelphia let ter carriers. ter carriers.
About 30 claims of Central Station car

riers have already been paid.

TOWNSEND REMANDED

for Yet Decided Whether Gladstone's Would-be Murderer is Insane. Longon, May 5.—William Townsend, tho was arrested on the charge of having who was arrested on the charge of having discharged a revolver in a public place, but really on suspicion of intending to murder Prime Minister Gladstone, was brought up at noon in the Bow Street Police Court to answer the accusation.

The doctor whose duty it is to examine prisoners supposed to be mentally unsound, certified that he had as yet been unable to ascertain the mental condition of Townsend.

end. The prisoner was therefore remauded.

A Farmer's Daughter Attempts Suicide. A Farmer's Daughter Attempts Suicide.
Watertown, N. Y., May 4.—Miss Grace
G. Tabor, daughter of a farmer who resides
about two miles from Adams, this county,
attempted suicide by taking paris green,
because her lover, Sidney Fassett, a farmer
boy, had informed her of his determination
that they must part, in obedience to the
wishes of his parents. Th' prompt summoning of a physician and the use of
emetics saved her life.

New York Corporations.

New York Corporations.

Albany, May 3.—The following companies were incorporated yesterday: The Columbia Steamboat Company, of New York City; capital \$20,000: the Empire Sanitary Company, of New York City to dispose the garbage etc.; capital \$50,000 Huntington Electric Light Company, of Huntington, Suffolk county, capital \$20,000; the Nyack Gas Light and Fuel Company, capital \$30,000.

Gold in the Treasury.

Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—An official statement of the gold in the treasury made to Secretary Carlisle for use at the Cabinet meeting shows: Gold in the Treasury \$97.401,000; gold in transit \$550,000. Total \$97,957,000. These figures Fear out the statement, made-in the despatches that the gold in the Treasury had fallen on account of exports to Canada to about \$98,000,000.

Burk Helios Saw the Eclipse.

Boston, May 4.—The Norwegian Bark Helios, which has arrived from Melbourn observed an eclipse of the sun on April 15.
On March 2 one of the seamen. named Christopher Gunderson, fell from the top-listopher Gunderson, fell from the top-listopher Gunderson fell from the top-listopher Gunderson. Christopher Gunderson, ten from the to spil yard into the sea and was drowne He was a native of Norway, 20 years of age.

Killed Himself With Dynamite.

Kinssron, N. Y., May 4.—August Wil-mon, a German, Tuesday night pleed a dynamite cap in his mouth and then bit on it. His liteless body with the heal-blown off was found near Wilbur. He-was a la-borer in: a cement quarry. No cause is known for his suicide.

Bowle's Murderers to Die June 30. of my
ABRAPOLIS Md. May 4. The Governor
las appointed Friday, June 30, as the day
laste for the streetion of William Pinkney and
Daniel Barber, convicted of the murder of HOW THE CHINESE WORSHIP

A Description of Their Temples and Curlous Customs.

Every Chinese temple is a house of prayer or worship, but no sermon is preached, no priest installed, no religious instruction given and no seating accom-modations provided, according to a re-cent census bulletin. There is always at cent census bulletin. There is always at least one shrine, the more frequented temples having several, so that a number of persons can perform the usual ceremony, each for himself, without being obliged to take turns. The worshipers do not meet in a body, nor is any particular time set for devotions. When about to enter upon a new enterprise or to take to enter upqu a new enterprise or to take to enter upon a new enterprise or to take a journey, or when in doubt concerning any particular course of action, the Chinese are careful to consult their gods and patton saints. Every worshiper provides himself with incense sticks, candles and sacrificial papers, which are generally to be had of attendants at small cost. Offerings of wine and meat are added on special occasions. The candles and incense sticks are lighted and placed in their proper recontacles. are auded on special occasions. The candles and incense sticks are lighted and placed in their proper recoptacles. If whe is used it it put in minute cups scarcely larger than thimbles, and these are placed in a row before the shrine. The meat offerings may be roast chicken, roast pig or any other table luxury. When everything is properly placed the genutlexions begin and the request is presented. If the answer required is a simple affirmative or negative the worshiper drops a pair of lenticular pieces of wood on the thoor a number of times and calculates the answer from the number of times and calculates the answer from the number of times and is by shaking a box filled with numbered slips of bamboo, one of which will fall out, and then consulting a book containing numbered answers in Chinese verse. verse erse. The interior of Chinese temples is of

The interior of Chinese temples is of-ten highly decorated. The walls and ceilings are hung with tablets having in-scriptions in the Chinese character, and there are often rows of lanterns and embroidered silk umbrellas. Fine wood carving is also to be seen. The decorations are the gifts of wor-shipers.

embroidered silk umbrellas. Fine wood carving is also to be seen. The decorations are the gifts of worshipers.

Most Chinese temples are free to all. No register is kept of members. Of the four temples in New York city, one, Chung-wa-kung-saw, claims 7,000 worshippers; Chap-sing-tong, 700; Hok-san-kung-saw, 1,000. Chung-wa-kung-saw is an organization in which every Chinaman in New York is supposed to be interested. Chap-sing-tong admits laundrymen only, and the other temples are supported by those who come from Hok-san and Lung-kong, respectively. A laun-fryman from the district of Hok-san may, therefore, be a member of three of the temples. For this reason no statistics of members can be given.

Chinese temples are usually well supported. The revenues are derived largely from the privilege, sold at auction to the highest bidder, of selling the articles of worship, which every worshiper must have. Thus the privilege of selling for the Lung-kong-kung-saw of San Fransisco brought in 1890 \$12,365.50, and that for the How-wang-mew in the same city \$3,961.60.

According to the returns of population there are 101,475 Chinese in the United States, of whom 72,472 are in California, 9,540 in Oregon, 3,200 in Washington, and 2,933, the next largest number, in New York. In view of the fact that one of the four temples in New York city claims 7,000 worshipers, the number of visitors must be greater than the resident Chinese population. Doubtless 7,000 is the number that worship in the temple in the course of a year. In other words, the same individual is counted many times. A considerable number of the Chinese are members of Christian churches.—[Wash ngton Star.

Tattooing in New Zealand.

A New Zeland boy of fifteen has his face nearly covered with tatooing, says The Ledger. The New Zelanders tattoo the face and hands, but very rarely touch the body. Their method of tattooing is peculiar and differs from that of any other tropical country.

The work of tattooing is done with a sharply pointed instrment, which is dipped first in a colored fluid. The point of the instrument is placed on the face and is driven into the skin by a sharp blow-from a piece of wood. This is repeated again and sgain until the tattooing is done. The process makes the skin very sore, and only a little can be done at a time.

The New Zelanders tattoo in rings.

done at a time.

The New Zelanders tattoo in rings.

And the girls are even more gorgeously decorated than the boys. Tattooing is nearly always done before the boys and girls have completed their growths, so that the colored pigment becomes firmly fixed in the texture of the skin.

The Blue Book.

There are something like 20,000 clerks in Washington, and the number increases every year. The Blue Book, which contains their names, holds as much type as a dictionary, and it gives every salary in the government service. The Blue Book is for private circulation. Each Senator and each Representative has two, and there is one in the hands of each government of the book is found to the senator there is one in the hands of each government official. Aside from these, there are only about 2,000 extra copies printed. The book is conset the continue to plants in existence. It costs over \$16,000 to typeasiter ten years to said.

A man weight less when the star is high, notwithstanding it, that the atmospheric pressure of a more than when the baround low. As the pressure of is more than when the banned low. As the pressure of although the rise of the mercury twenty-nine to thirty-one inches about one ton to the load behings.

You never hear of the heirs of rich grandfather advising the gentleman not to try bicycle ridh

The Testimonials

We publish are not purchased, a written up in our office, nor ar our employes. They are facts, Hood's Sarsaparilla possess



Mrs. E. M. Burt West Kendall, N. Y.

Three Great Enemies Neuralgia, Rheumatism

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"For over 30 years I have suffered with her ralgia, rheumatism and dyspeptia. Many time I could not turn in bed. Several physican have treated me and I have tried different remedies, but all lathed to give me pramer relief. Five years ago I began to take Hoxy

Hood's Sarsa Cures oarsaparilla and it has done me a vast anom of good. Since beginning to take it I nave m had a sick day. I am 72 years old and eags good health, which I attribute to Hood's Sars. narilla. "Mos. " parilla." Mrs. E. M. Burt, W. Keadall X.

"August Flower"

"What is August Flow As easily answered as asked. It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver-Nothing more than this. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. To-day it has an honored place in every town and country the second processes of the second processes. country store, possesses one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country, and sells everywhere. The reason is simple. It does one thing, and does it right. It cures dyspensia.

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Young Mothers!

We Ofter You a Benedy which Insures Bafety to Life of Mother and Child.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

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Packs, Horser and Risk

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Packs of Mother's Packs

HE MANAGEMENT BU

IS AND VARNE BY PU

Him Out. Up to Date. The t Little Loan-In Doubt

THAT LITTLE LOAN.

Hicks—Say, see here, whe oing to pay me that \$10 you o Dix—Old man, I forgot all I) make a note of it now. Hicks—Better make it a sigh somerville (Mass.) Journal.

IN DOUBT. Are you going to see th

'I am going to the theatre, bu shall see the play or only an ity to study the latest forms

architecture I cannot tell. HELPING HIM OUT.

He tried to kiss the maiden For fear that he would fai She did as we had better do She gently drew the veil.

First Frenchman—I would ou to deadly combat but for o Second Frenchman—What is First Frenchman—There is my insurance policy against de New York Herald.

Enthusiastic Listener (as the pianist concludes)—I tell you was a rare musical treat!
Matter-of-Fact Listener-thought myself it wasn't very you.
Buffalo Courier.

THE WRONG END. Mr. Binks (something of a pher)—It would be less unple people to economize if they of

sist on beginning at the wrong Mrs. Binks—Of course. If Winks, for instance. She m gone without overshoes, and would notice it; but, instead o went and bought a cheap bonn York Weekly.

He—Wasn't that the Counte hair that just went by? I tho told me she was a friend of yor She—Oh, we meet occasio all that—but I've really been drop Lady Mohair, I'm sorry ! Ile—Dear me—really. Whi She—Oh, well—she always ly turns her back on me when speak to her, and looks an when I bow, or else coolly stathe face and takes no notice very now I make a point of every like the face and takes no point of every like the face and take the face an so now I make a point of edead.—[Punch.

NOT POLITE. He—Truth is stranger than She (insinuatingly)—It is to sons.—[Boston Transcript.

IN A PREDICAMENT. Nurse — How am I to t little tailor who was brough hospital to-day? He's terribly

Physician—Put two mustar on nim-one on his chest and on his back.

on his back.

Nurse—That's all right, bu
the two plasters come togethe
gende Blaetter.

A LABOR-SAVING DEVICE

Baroness—Clara, bring me ocket handkerchiefs in which to mark my monogram. Lady's Maid—Here they

Baroness—But how is the haven't marked all of them

monogram?
Lady's Maid—Indeed, I have
I marked one with your mong
marked all the others with
"Ditto." NEW VIEW.

American Actor—I think the actors should be allowed to this country free of duty.

Friend—Well, I don't.
A. A.—Well, I do. There decision that Egyptian mammi imported free of duties, and the most of these foreign actors.

most of these foreign actors a favor the Egyptians?—[Texas MODUS VIVENDI.

"You say you wunst lived of the land," jeered Walkaho "How'd ye est it?"
"Ett it with the forks of responded Rusty Rufus.—[Chbune.

Little Girl-It's all nonsens

maids never tellin' their age.
Little Boy—Why?
"Queen Elizabeth was an

"Yes,"
"Well, th' papers say Profes
dust is goin' to lecture on 'T
Elizabeth,' so there."—[Good

PINANCIAL REPARTER

"I am worth twenty of you dollar bill to the nickel.

"That's what you say," r a cigar without having to go but is more than you ever do."—[ lis Journal.

WHERE THE CHICKEN GOT Menagerie Assistant—The attempted to awallow a turnip choked fixelf.

Manager Rim! Got it in